Placerville, California

Annual Financial Report and Independent Auditors' Reports

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Prepared By the The Finance Department of the City of Placerville

CITY OF PLACERVILLE

Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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CITY OF PLACERVILLE

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2121 North California, Suite 290 Walnut Creek, California 94596



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Placerville, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.







To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 84

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation, the City converted the former agency funds, which previously reported assets and liabilities only, to custodial funds and reported a restatement of its net position in the amount of \$341,295. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 5 through 11 and 92 through 102 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 106 through 115 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California Page 3

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Walnut Creek, California September 30, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Placerville, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, and to identify any material changes in the approved operating and capital budgets.

Financial Highlights - Primary Government

- The City's net position at the end of the year was \$79.62M, an increase of \$13.69M. The portion of the City's net position that were unrestricted and available to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors totaled a deficit of \$(13.80)M.
- The governmental net position increased by \$11.82M or 25.96%, and the business-type net position increased by \$1.88M or 9.19%.
- Program revenues from governmental activities increased by \$1.63M or 16.04%. Program revenues from business-type activities increased by \$0.59M or 6.91%. General revenues, net of transfers, increased \$0.93M or 7.22%.

City Highlights

- Continued construction of the Upper Broadway Bike Lanes, \$3.61M
- Continued construction of the Western Placerville Interchange, Phase 2.2 On-ramp, \$2.78M
- Began construction of the Mosquito Road Stabilization-Clay Street to City Limits, \$1.75M
- Began construction of the Spring Street Pavement Repair-From Coloma Road to Bedford Avenue, \$1.35M
- Continued construction of the Western Placerville Interchange, Phase 2 Off-ramp, \$0.50M
- Began construction of the Modular Treatment Unit No. 2 Underdrain and Filter Media Replacement, \$0.27M
- Continued design phase of Clay Street Bridge and Intersection at Main Street, \$0.17M
- Continued design phase of the Placerville Drive Bicycle & Pedestrian Facility Improvements, \$0.12M

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They are comprised of the statement of net position and statement of activities and changes in net position. The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or weakening. This statement, unlike previous financial statements prior to implementing GASB 34, combines and consolidates the governmental funds' current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. The statement of activities and changes in net position presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., interest expense due but unpaid). Both of the above government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, community development and recreation and parks. The business-type activities of the City include the two municipal utilities: water acquisition and delivery and wastewater collection and treatment.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The fund financial statements provide detail information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*. The City has eleven governmental funds, of which five are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the City's major funds – the General Fund, the Transportation Development Fund, the Measure J Fund, the Measure L Fund, and the Development Impact Fund. Data from the other seven non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds – *enterprise funds* and *internal service funds*. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the two municipal utilities; water acquisition and distribution and wastewater collection and treatment. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its risk management activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The fund financial statements for the proprietary funds provide separate information for the municipal utilities. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated column in the proprietary fund statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information providing budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, the Transportation Development Fund, the Measure J Fund, the Measure L Fund, and the Development Impact Fund.

Government-Wide Statements

Statement of Net Position.

The City's net position at the end of the year was \$79.62M, an increase of \$13.69M. The governmental activities net position increased by \$11.81M or 24.87% and the business-type activities net position increased by \$1.88M or 9.19%. The increase in governmental net position is primarily due to a \$6.22M or 33.25% decrease in governmental expenditures, \$1.63M or 16.04% increase in program revenue, and a \$1.08M or 9.46% increase in general revenues and transfers. The City and its contractors completed \$11.56M in capital projects as of June 30, 2021. Please see the "Capital Assets" section below for more details.

Net Position
June 30, 2021
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	(Governmental Activities				Business Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
,	FY	7 19/20	F	Y 20/21	F	Y 19/20	F	Y 20/21	F	Y 19/20	F	Y 20/21	
Current assets	\$	6,902	\$	10,207	\$	7,016	\$	7,493	\$	13,918	\$	17,700	
Restricted Assets		8,176		8,030		1,865		1,865		10,041		9,895	
Capital assets		52,363		61,507		65,152		64,641		117,515		126,148	
Total assets		67,441		79,744		74,033		73,999		141,474		153,743	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resou		3,505		3,789		885		842		4,390		4,631	
Current liabilities		3,565		3,816		2,920		2,313		6,485		6,129	
Noncurrent liabilities		20,546		21,476		51,207		50,009		71,753		71,485	
Total liabilities		24,111		25,292		54,127		52,322		78,238		77,614	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resource		1,319		907		378		232		1,697		1,139	
Net position:													
Net investment in capital assets		51,439		60,719		16,963		18,264		68,402		78,983	
Restricted		8,200		10,965		3,016		3,480		11,216		14,445	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(14,122)		(14,350)		432		543		(13,690)		(13,807)	
Total net position	\$	45,517	\$	57,334	\$	20,411	\$	22,287	\$	65,928	\$	79,621	

Changes in Net Position

Program revenues from governmental activities increased \$1.63M or 16.04%. The increase is primarily due to a \$1.93M increase in capital and grants and contributions, which are one-time in nature. General revenues, net of transfers, increased \$1.63M or 16.04%. This net increase is primarily due to a \$1.40M or 15.95% increase in local sales tax revenues. Program revenues from business-type activities increased by \$0.59M or 6.91% which was due to a \$0.59M increase in charges for services. Business-type revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1.88M primarily due to \$1.15M transfers in from other funds for capital projects and the \$0.59M increases in charges for services. Water Enterprise Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$0.37M which was primarily due to a \$0.30M increase in operating revenues. Sewer Enterprise Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1.04M which was primarily due to an \$0.28M increase in charges for service and \$0.92M in fund transfers in for capitalized infrastructure projects.

Condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

									N	let (Expe	ise)	Revenue a	nd Ch	nanges in	Net P	osition
		Exp	enses	3		Program	Reve	enues	Government Activities				Business-type Activities			
	FY	7 19/20	F	Y 20/21	F	Y 19/20	F	Y 20/21	FY	7 19/20	F	Y 20/21	FY	19/20	F	7 20/21
Governmental activities																
General government	\$	3,378	\$	3,129	\$	928	\$	652	\$	(2,450)	\$	(2,477)				
Public safety		5,893		5,300		517		510		(5,376)		(4,790)				
Highways and streets		6,897		1,705		7,951		9,997		1,054		8,292				
Community development		730		760		246		324		(484)		(436)				
Parks and recreation		1,795		1,584		534		326		(1,261)		(1,258)				
Total governmental activities		18,693		12,478		10,176		11,809		(8,517)		(669)				
Business-type activities																
Water		1,901		2,232		2,203		2,523						302		291
Sewer		6,294		6,358		6,346		6,616						52		258
Total business-type activities		8,195		8,590		8,549		9,139						354		549
Total primary government	\$	26,888	\$	21,068	\$	18,725	\$	20,948								
			Ge	neral reve	enues	and trans	fers			11,406		12,487		1,477		1,327
			Ch	anges in	net po	osition				2,889		11,818		1,831		1,876
			Ne	et Position	ı:											
			В	eginning o	of yea	ar				42,627		45,516		18,580		20,411
			E	nd of year	:				\$	45,516	\$	57,334	\$	20,411	\$	22,287

Budgetary Highlights - Current Year Impacts

The City has an agreement with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) to provide pension benefits to City employees. Below are the annual employer pension contributions and the aggregate net pension liability as of June 30th:

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Contributions		ggregate Net sion Liability
2016/2017	\$ 1,355,981	\$	16,313,191
2017/2018	1,420,677		18,742,982
2018/2019	1,661,204		18,365,623
2019/2020	1,876,941		19,571,157
2020/2021	2,370,339		21,325,257

Additional information about the City's pension plans can be found in Note 7 – Public Employee Retirement System.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

The fund financial statements present financial data for the general, special revenue, capital projects and fiduciary funds. At the close of Fiscal Year 2020/2021, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$13.12M an increase of \$2.98M or 29.40%.

In November 2016, Placerville voters approved Measure L, which is a 0.50% add on sales tax dedicated to paying for street, wastewater system and water system improvements. The Measure L sales tax became effective April 1, 2017, and generated \$2.75M during Fiscal Year 2020/2021. The Measure L Fund provided \$3.30M for street, sewer system, and water system infrastructure improvements during the fiscal year.

General Fund. Total fund balance for the General Fund on June 30, 2021 was \$2.70M, an increase of \$0.76M or 39.23% from the prior year. Of the \$2.70M fund balance, \$1.98M is available for contingencies. The \$1.98M unassigned balance represents 22.53% of General Fund expenditures, net of fund transfers.

Business Type Funds

The City's proprietary funds, excluding internal service funds, provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As discussed in the business-type activities above, the business-type net position increased by \$1.88M or 9.19% which was primarily due to \$1.15M transfers in from other funds for capital projects and the \$0.59M increases in charges for services.

In November 2010, Placerville voters approved Measure H, which is a 0.25% add on sales tax dedicated to paying for wastewater and/or water related debt and infrastructure replacement costs. The Measure H sales tax became effective April 1, 2011, and generated \$1.12M in Fiscal Year 2020/2021. The Measure H Fund provided \$0.52M for Sewer Enterprise Fund debt service payments and \$0.38M in contributions towards capitalized sewer and water infrastructure improvements during the fiscal year.

At its meeting held on February 13, 2018, the City Council adopted new five-year water and wastewater user rate schedules that became effective February 16, 2018. Effective June 16, 2021, the water and wastewater rates were increased by an additional 5.00% and 4.00% respectively.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Debt Administration

Long Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$47.16M in long term debt outstanding compared to \$49.11M last year, a \$1.95M or 3.97% net decrease. The decrease is primarily due to debt service payments made in Fiscal Year 2020/2021. Details of all debt are included in Note 5 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital asset additions for Fiscal Year 2020/20201 include:

Governmental Activities

- Continued construction of the Upper Broadway Bike Lanes, \$3.61M
- Continued construction of the Western Placerville Interchange, Phase 2.2 On-ramp, \$2.78M
- Began construction of the Mosquito Road Stabilization-Clay Street to City Limits, \$0.96M
- Began construction of the Spring Street Pavement Repair-From Coloma Road to Bedford Avenue, \$1.10M
- Continued construction of the Western Placerville Interchange, Phase 2 Off-ramp, \$0.50M
- Continued design phase of Clay Street Bridge and Intersection at Main Street, \$0.17M
- Continued design phase of the Placerville Drive Bicycle & Pedestrian Facility Improvements, \$0.12M

Governmental Capital Assets

June 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	I	Balance							P	Balance
	June	e 30, 2020	2020 Additions		Deletions		Transfers		June 30, 2021	
Non-Depreciable Assets:										
Land and improvements	\$	12,934	\$	26	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,960
Construction in progress		20,857		9,808		-		(1,378)		29,287
Total nondepreciable assets		33,791		9,834		-		(1,378)		42,247
Depreciable Assets:										
Buildings and structures		12,491		-		-		401		12,892
Machinery and equipment		3,328		94		(86)		7		3,343
Infrastructure		14,466		-		_		970		15,436
Total depreciable assets		30,285		94		(86)		1,378		31,671
Less accumulated depreciation		(11,713)		(778)		80				(12,411)
Total governmental activities	\$	52,363	\$	9,150	\$	(6)	\$	-	\$	61,507

Business Type Activities

- Began construction of the Modular Treatment Unit No. 2 Underdrain and Filter Media Replacement, \$0.27M
- Began construction of the Mosquito Road Stabilization-Clay Street to City Limits, \$0.79M
- Began construction of the Spring Street Pavement Repair-From Coloma Road to Bedford Avenue, \$0.25M
- Began construction of the Water Reclamation Facility Pressure Filter Replacement, \$0.13M

Business-Type Capital Assets June 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Salance		1.17.7	D.I.		T	C		alance
	June 30, 2020		Additions		Deletions		Transfers		June 30, 2021	
Non-depreciable Assets:										
Land and improvements	\$	2,329	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,329
Construction in progress		4,253		1,748		_		(1,088)		4,913
Total nondepreciable assets		6,582		1,748		-		(1,088)		7,242
Depreciable Assets:										
Buildings and structures		73,995		-		-		397		74,392
Machinery and equipment		1,423		-		-		-		1,423
Infrastructure		53,641				-		690		54,331
Total depreciable assets		129,059		-		-		1,087		130,146
Less accumulated depreciation		(70,490)		(2,257)		_		-		(72,747)
Total depreciable assets, net		58,569		(2,257)		-		1,087		57,399
Total business-type activities	\$	65,151	\$	(509)	\$	_	\$	(1)	\$	64,641

Other Information

The Placerville Public Financing Authority

As discussed in Note 13 of the *notes to the basic financial statements*, the Placerville Public Finance Authority has defaulted on certain Revenue Bonds. That default was the product of a default on certain assessment bonds issued by the City of Placerville on behalf of improvement districts created by the City in response to a petition by property owners for a specific purpose. The City is not obligated to pay the assessment bonds with any funds other than assessments levied against the properties within those districts.

The Authority is a separate legal entity with the Authority's Board of Directors being comprised of the City's Council Members, City Manager and Assistant City Manager/Director of Finance. The Authority has accountability for all funds, the power to execute contracts, and the right to sue and be sued. Obligations and liabilities of the Authority are not general obligations of the City.

Neither the City nor the Authority has any obligation to advance its own funds toward payments to bondholders. Payments with respect to assessments secured by liens against real property benefiting from the issuance of bonds, plus any amounts remaining from the proceeds of bond issues are the sole security for payment to bondholders. In the event of default, the City is responsible for foreclosure and auction proceedings on the property.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of its citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Placerville, Assistant City Manager/Director of Finance, 3101 Center Street, Placerville, CA 95667.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

			Primai	ry Government	:	
	Go	vernmental		siness-Type		
	Activities			Activities	Total	
Assets:						
Current assets:	_		_		_	
Cash and investments	\$	943,351	\$	4,001,634	\$	4,944,985
Receivables:						
Accounts		9,293,712		344,363		9,638,075
Interest		424		1,970		2,394
Utility billings, net				2,941,723		2,941,723
Inventory		17,449		-		17,449
Prepaid items		156,016		-		156,016
Internal balances		(203,333)		203,333		-
Total current assets		10,207,619		7,493,023		17,700,642
Restricted:						
Cash and investments		5,706,870		-		5,706,870
Deposits held by fiscal agents		169,125		1,865,332		2,034,457
Receivables:						
Accounts		1,456,403		-		1,456,403
Interest		3,241		-		3,241
Loans		693,990		-		693,990
Total restricted assets		8,029,629		1,865,332		9,894,961
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		42,247,215		7,242,345		49,489,560
Depreciable, net		19,259,809		57,398,701		76,658,510
Total capital assets, net		61,507,024		64,641,046		126,148,070
Total Assets		79,744,272		73,999,401		153,743,673
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension related deferred outflow of resources		3,447,948		720,940		4,168,888
OPEB related deferred outflow of resources		341,107		121,213		462,320
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,789,055		842,153		4,631,208

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
Liabilities:	Activities	Activities	Total			
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	3,131,042	210,183	3,341,225			
Payroll and related taxes payable	253,129	210,103	253,129			
Deposits	64,582	40,146	104,728			
Interest payable	2,339	266,237	268,576			
Current portion of compensated absences	261,360	-	261,360			
Current portion of long-term debt	103,572	1,796,579	1,900,151			
Total current liabilities	3,816,024	2,313,145	6,129,169			
Long-term liabilities:						
Compensated absences	727,933	-	727,933			
Claims payable	296,009	-	296,009			
Long-term debt, net	684,282	44,580,040	45,264,322			
Total OPEB liability (Note 8)	3,217,390	1,143,303	4,360,693			
Aggregate net pension liability (Note 7)	16,550,824	4,285,467	20,836,291			
Total long-term liabilities	21,476,438	50,008,810	71,485,248			
Total Liabilities	25,292,462	52,321,955	77,614,417			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension related deferred inflow of resources	477,755	79,929	557,684			
OPEB related deferred inflow of resources	429,397	152,587	581,984			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	907,152	232,516	1,139,668			
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	60,719,170	18,264,427	78,983,597			
Capital projects	-	3,479,784	3,479,784			
Special projects and programs	10,964,742	-	10,964,742			
Total restricted	10,964,742	3,479,784	14,444,526			
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(14,350,199)	542,872	(13,807,327)			
Total Net Position	\$ 57,333,713	\$ 22,287,083	\$ 79,620,796			

City of Placerville Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program Revenues							
			Operating	Capital					
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Total				
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 3,128,731	\$ 651,769	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 651,769				
Public safety	5,300,293	80,572	383,330	45,779	509,681				
Highways and streets	1,705,016	329,012	466,450	9,201,444	9,996,906				
Community development	759,860	324,454	-	-	324,454				
Parks and recreation	1,584,307	203,263		122,576	325,839				
Total governmental activities	12,478,207	1,589,070	849,780	9,369,799	11,808,649				
Business-type activities:									
Water	2,231,750	2,523,374	-	-	2,523,374				
Sewer	6,357,787	6,616,011			6,616,011				
Total business-type activities	8,589,537	9,139,385			9,139,385				
Total primary government	\$ 21,067,744	\$ 10,728,455	\$ 849,780	\$ 9,369,799	\$ 20,948,034				

City of Placerville Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total					
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ (2,476,962)	\$ -	\$ (2,476,962)					
Public safety	(4,790,612)	-	(4,790,612)					
Highways and streets	8,291,890	-	8,291,890					
Community development	(435,406)	-	(435,406)					
Parks and recreation	(1,258,468)		(1,258,468)					
Total governmental activities	(669,558)		(669,558)					
Business-type activities: Water		201 (24	201 (24					
Sewer	-	291,624	291,624					
		258,224	258,224					
Total business-type activities	- (((0.550)	549,848	549,848					
Total primary government	(669,558)	549,848	(119,710)					
General revenues and transfers:								
Taxes:								
Property	325,255	-	325,255					
Sales	10,192,823	1,356,380	11,549,203					
Motor vehicle	1,042,612	-	1,042,612					
Other	788,975		788,975					
Total taxes	12,349,665	1,356,380	13,706,045					
Interest and investment earnings	18,184	13,693	31,877					
Miscellaneous	68,081	7,241	75,322					
Transfers	50,792	(50,792)	_					
Total general revenues and transfers	12,486,722	1,326,522	13,813,244					
Changes in net position	11,817,164	1,876,370	13,693,534					
Net Position:								
Beginning of year	45,516,549	20,410,713	65,927,262					
End of year	\$ 57,333,713	\$ 22,287,083	\$ 79,620,796					

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts Interest Prepaids Inventories Due from other funds Advances to other funds	\$ General Fund 679,696 1,511,295 424	Major insportation evelopment Fund 245,780		leasure J Fund	N	Measure L Fund
Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts Interest Prepaids Inventories Due from other funds Advances to other funds	\$ 1,511,295	\$ 245,780	\$			
Receivables: Accounts Interest Prepaids Inventories Due from other funds Advances to other funds	\$ 1,511,295	\$ 245,780	\$			
Accounts Interest Prepaids Inventories Due from other funds Advances to other funds			"	-	\$	-
Interest Prepaids Inventories Due from other funds Advances to other funds						
Prepaids Inventories Due from other funds Advances to other funds	424	7,754,866		-		-
Inventories Due from other funds Advances to other funds		-		-		-
Due from other funds Advances to other funds	156,016	-		-		-
Advances to other funds	17,449	-		-		-
	380,855	-		-		-
Restricted:	545,000	-		-		-
Cash and investments				10,153		2,625,445
Receivables:	-	-		10,133		2,023,443
Accounts	_	_		249,933		504,369
Interest	_	_		217,755		1,935
Due from other funds	_	_		_		
Loans	_	_		_		_
Total assets	\$ 3,290,735	\$ 8,000,646	\$	260,086	\$	3,131,749
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll and related liabilities Due to other funds Deposits payable Advances from other funds	\$ 276,287 253,129 62,323	\$ 2,748,685 574,298 - 1,130,253	\$	373	\$	- - - -
Total liabilities	591,739	4,453,236		373		
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenues	_	106,192		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	106,192		-		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	718,465 - - 1,980,531	3,441,218		- 259,713 - -		3,131,749 - -
Total fund balances	2,698,996	3,441,218		259,713		3,131,749
	 2,070,770	 J, 111,410		237,113		ارا ارا ال
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 3,290,735	\$ 8,000,646	\$	260,086	\$	3,131,749
	 					(Continued)

City of Placerville Balance Sheet (Continued)

Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Major Funds Development Impact Fund	Other Governmenta Funds	1	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ -	- \$	- \$	925,476	
Receivables:					
Accounts			-	9,266,161	
Interest	-	-	-	424	
Prepaids	-	-	-	156,016	
Inventories	-		-	17,449	
Due from other funds	-		-	380,855	
Advances to other funds		-	-	545,000	
Restricted:	1.504.676	4.546.50		F 704 070	
Cash and investments	1,524,676	1,546,59	96	5,706,870	
Receivables:	120 524	F74 F	7	1 457 402	
Accounts Interest	130,534 736			1,456,403 3,241	
Due from other funds	/30	- 65		656	
Loans		693,99		693,990	
		-			
Total assets	\$ 1,655,940	\$ 2,813,37	79 \$	19,152,541	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll and related liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 27,673 -	5 \$ 12,88 -	38 \$ -	253,129	
Deposits payable Advances from other funds	-	2,25		574,298 64,582	
Advances from other funds		145,09	98	64,582 1,275,351	
	27,673	145,09	98	64,582	
Advances from other funds	27,673	145,09	98	64,582 1,275,351	
Advances from other funds Total liabilities	27,673	145,09	15	64,582 1,275,351	
Advances from other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources:	27,673	145,09	98	64,582 1,275,351 5,233,266 800,182	
Advances from other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues	1,628,273	145,09 160,24 - 693,99 - 693,99	98	64,582 1,275,351 5,233,266 800,182 800,182 718,465 10,164,560 255,537	
Advances from other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues Total deferred inflows of resources Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	1,628,273	145,09 160,24 160,24 160,24 1693,99 1703,60 1703,60 255,53	98 45 90 90 	64,582 1,275,351 5,233,266 800,182 800,182 718,465 10,164,560 255,537 1,980,531	
Advances from other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues Total deferred inflows of resources Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances		145,09 160,24 160,24 160,24 1693,99 1703,60 1703,60 255,53	98 45 90 90 	64,582 1,275,351 5,233,266 800,182 800,182 718,465 10,164,560 255,537	
Advances from other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues Total deferred inflows of resources Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	1,628,273	145,09 160,24 160,24 160,24 1703,99 1703,60 255,53 1,959,14	98 45 90 90 90 	64,582 1,275,351 5,233,266 800,182 800,182 718,465 10,164,560 255,537 1,980,531 13,119,093	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 13,119,093
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in governmental funds Non-depreciable Depreciable	42,247,215 19,259,809
Total capital assets adjustment	61,507,024
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(2,339)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position: Compensated absences - due within one year	(261 360)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year Compensated absences - due in more than one year	(261,360) (727,933)
Claims payable - due in more than one year	(296,009)
Long-term debt - due within one year	(103,572)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	(684,282)
Total reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	 (2,073,156)
	 (=,0:0,00)
Plus: Amount reported in Internal Service Funds	
Claims payable - due in more than one year	 296,009
Total reported in Internal Service Funds	 296,009
Net long-term liabilities	 (1,777,147)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(16,550,824)
Total OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(3,217,390)
Pension-related deferred outflows/inflows of resources in the governmental activities were not financial resources (uses) and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	3,447,948
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	(477,755)
OPEB-related deferred outflows/inflows of resources in the governmental activities were not financial resources (uses) and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources	341,107
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources	(429,397)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds:	
Unavailable revenues	800,182
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds were included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	573,211
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 57,333,713

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Majo	or Fur	nds			
		Transportation							
		General		Development		Measure J		Measure L	
		Fund	ı		Fund		Fund		
REVENUES:									
	*	225.255			•				
Property taxes	\$	325,255	\$	-	\$	- 4 254 424	\$	- 2.720.242	
Sales tax		6,112,754		-		1,351,131		2,728,342	
Transient occupancy taxes		189,513		-	٠			-	
Other taxes		178,948		-		-		-	
Franchise fees		420,514		-		-		-	
Licenses and permits		175,501		-		-		-	
Fines and forfeitures		66,214		-		-		-	
Use of money and property		87,271		-		-		16,414	
Intergovernmental		1,051,135		9,016,640		-		-	
Charges for services		376,488		-		-		-	
Grant revenues		-		-		-		-	
Other revenues		567,491				-			
Total revenues		9,551,084		9,016,640		1,351,131		2,744,756	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		2,760,780		_		13,517		_	
Public safety		3,085,087				1,450,354		_	
Highways and streets		630,825		9,792,690		-		_	
Community development		705,813		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_		_	
Parks and recreation		1,363,086		_		_		_	
Total expenditures		8,545,591		9,792,690		1,463,871			
Total diponential		0,0 10,071		,,,,, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>		1,100,071			
REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,005,493	-	(776,050)		(112,740)		2,744,756	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		317,037		3,049,587		196,000		-	
Transfers out		(562,082)		-		-		(3,298,826)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(245,045)		3,049,587		196,000		(3,298,826)	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		760,448	:	2,273,537		83,260		(554,070)	
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year		1,938,548		1,167,681		176,453		3,685,819	
End of year	\$	2,698,996		3,441,218	\$	259,713	\$	3,131,749	
and or year	#	2,070,770	Ψ .	-, 111,410	₩	237,113	¥	5,151,717	

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Funds						
	Development	Other	Total				
	-	Governmental	Governmental				
	Impact						
	Fund	Funds	Funds				
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 325,255				
Sales tax	-	-	10,192,227				
Transient occupancy taxes	-	-	189,513				
Other taxes	-	-	178,948				
Franchise fees	-	-	420,514				
Licenses and permits	-	-	175,501				
Fines and forfeitures	-	51,266	117,480				
Use of money and property	6,879	10,427	120,991				
Intergovernmental	-	666,200	10,733,975				
Charges for services	98,703	221,195	696,386				
Grant revenues	279,541	284,825	564,366				
Other revenues	<u> </u>		567,491				
Total revenues	385,123	1,233,913	24,282,647				
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	_	316,896	3,091,193				
Public safety	_	247,115	4,782,556				
Highways and streets	340,522	134,101	10,898,138				
Community development	-	-	705,813				
Parks and recreation	_	27,651	1,390,737				
Total expenditures	340,522	725,763	20,868,437				
Total experientures	5+0,522	723,703	20,000,437				
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	44,601	508,150	3,414,210				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-	193,662	3,756,286				
Transfers out		(329,141)	(4,190,049)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(135,479)	(433,763)				
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	44,601	372,671	2,980,447				
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	1,583,672	1,586,473	10,138,646				
End of year	\$ 1,628,273	\$ 1,959,144	\$ 13,119,093				

(Concluded)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,980,447
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital asset acquisitions as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	9,927,968
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds.	(778,018)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) decreased Net Position.	(6,000)
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. This amount represented the change in accrued interest from prior year.	997
Repayment of long-term liabilities was an expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal payment of long-term debt	136,199
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in compensated absences	166,157
Changes in net pension liability reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds (Note 7).	(1,213,942)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving pension plans (i.e. deferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) increased Net Position.	932,478
Changes in total OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds (Note 6).	(352,349)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving OPEB plans (i.e. deferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) increased Net Position.	164,502
Unavailable revenues were reported as deferred inflows of resources in the Governmental Funds but were reported as revenues in the Government-Wide Statement of Statement of Activities.	(38,068)
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.	(103,207)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,817,164

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

		Μ				rernmental ctivities			
	Water		Sewer	N	Measure H			I	nternal
	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	Service Funds	
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$ 1,291,090	\$	1,346,937	\$	1,363,607	\$	4,001,634	\$	17,875
Receivables:									
Accounts	86,888		7,446		250,029		344,363		27,551
Interest	585		569		816		1,970		-
Utility billings, net	839,814		2,101,909		-		2,941,723		-
Due from other funds	102,404		100,929		-		203,333		-
Advances to other funds	 -		-		-		-		719,805
Total current assets	2,320,781		3,557,790		1,614,452		7,493,023		765,231
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted assets:									
Cash with fiscal agents	61,726		1,803,606		-		1,865,332		169,125
Capital assets:									
Non-depreciable assets	1,630,514		5,611,831		-		7,242,345		-
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 7,118,118		50,280,583		-		57,398,701		_
Total capital assets, net	 8,748,632		55,892,414		-		64,641,046		_
Total noncurrent assets	 8,810,358		57,696,020		-		66,506,378		169,125
Total assets	 11,131,139		61,253,810		1,614,452		73,999,401		934,356
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	146,406		574,534		-		720,940		-
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources	34,231		86,982		-		121,213		
Total deferred outflows of resources	180,637		661,516		-		842,153		_

(Continued)

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2021

		Ν	Iajor Funds					vernmental activities
	 Water Fund		Sewer Fund	N	Measure H Fund	Total]	Internal vice Funds
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	81,681		128,502		-	210,183		65,136
Deposits payable	37,806		2,340		-	40,146		-
Interest payable	767		265,470		-	266,237		-
Long term debt - due within one year	 22,789		1,773,790		-	1,796,579		
Total current liabilities	143,043		2,170,102		-	2,313,145		65,136
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Claims payable - due in more than one year	-		-		-	-		296,009
Long term debt - due in more than one year	61,516		44,518,524		-	44,580,040		-
Total OPEB liability (Note 8)	322,871		820,432		-	1,143,303		-
Aggregate net pension liability (Note 7)	1,245,341		3,040,126		-	4,285,467		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,629,728		48,379,082		-	50,008,810		296,009
Total liabilities	1,772,771		50,549,184		-	 52,321,955		361,145
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	15,924		64,005		-	79,929		_
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources	43,091		109,496		-	152,587		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	59,015		173,501		-	232,516		-
Net Position (Deficit):								
Net investment in capital assets	8,664,327		9,600,100		_	18,264,427		_
Restricted	61,726		1,803,606		1,614,452	3,479,784		169,125
Unrestricted (deficit)	753,937		(211,065)		-	542,872		404,086
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 9,479,990	\$	11,192,641	\$	1,614,452	\$ 22,287,083	\$	573,211

(Concluded)

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Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		М	ajor Funds						vernmental Activities
	Water		Sewer	Mo	easure H				Internal
	 Fund		Fund		Fund	_	Total	Ser	vice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Charges for services	\$ 2,513,318	\$	6,568,530	\$	-	\$	9,081,848	\$	473,160
Sales tax	-		-		1,356,380		1,356,380		-
Other operating revenues	 4,955		2,286		-		7,241		_
Total operating revenues	 2,518,273		6,570,816		1,356,380		10,445,469		473,160
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
General and administrative	305,355		300,995		-		606,350		1,011,582
Maintenance and operations	1,571,687		3,330,008		-		4,901,695		49,340
Depreciation	 351,816		1,905,446	n i	-		2,257,262		_
Total operating expenses	 2,228,858		5,536,449		-		7,765,307		1,060,922
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 289,415		1,034,367		1,356,380		2,680,162		(587,762)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Connection fees	10,056		47,481		-		57,537		-
Interest income	5,603		2,459		5,631		13,693		-
Interest expense and fiscal charges	 (2,892)		(821,338)		_		(824,230)		_
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 12,767		(771,398)		5,631		(753,000)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	 302,182		262,969		1,362,011		1,927,162		(587,762)
TRANSFERS:									
Transfers in	221,688		926,407		-		1,148,095		558,561
Transfers out	 (150,015)		(150,016)		(898,856)		(1,198,887)		(74,006)
Total transfers	 71,673		776,391		(898,856)		(50,792)		484,555
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	373,855		1,039,360		463,155		1,876,370		(103,207)
NET POSITION:									
Beginning of year	 9,106,135		10,153,281		1,151,297		20,410,713		676,418
End of year	\$ 9,479,990	\$	11,192,641	\$	1,614,452	\$	22,287,083	\$	573,211

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			М	ajor Funds					overnmental Activities
		Water		Sewer	1	Measure H			Internal
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Total	Se	rvice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Cash received from customers and users Cash received from sales taxes Cash payments to suppliers and employees for goods and services	\$	2,348,203 - (1,703,329)	\$	6,271,661 - (3,898,654)	\$	1,283,331	\$ 8,619,864 1,283,331 (5,601,983)	\$	453,277 - (1,084,165)
Cash received from (paid for) other activities		4,955		2,286		-	 7,241		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		649,829		2,375,293		1,283,331	4,308,453		(630,888)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Acquisition of capital assets		(813,647)		(933,159)		-	(1,746,806)		-
Principal paid on capital-related debt		(34,923)		(1,777,385)		-	(1,812,308)		-
Interest paid on capital-related debt		(3,180)		(824,325)		-	(827,505)		-
Connection fees		10,056		47,481		-	 57,537		-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(841,694)		(3,487,388)		-	 (4,329,082)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACT	IVI'	ΓΙΕS:							
Interfund borrowings		(57,285)		(56,972)		-	(114,257)		7,940
Transfers in		221,688		926,407		-	1,148,095		558,561
Transfers (out)		(150,015)		(150,016)		(898,856)	 (1,198,887)		(74,006)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		14,388		719,419		(898,856)	 (165,049)		492,495
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:									
Investment income		7,568		3,022		8,728	 19,318		_
Net cash provided by investing activities		7,568		3,022		8,728	19,318		-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(169,909)		(389,654)		393,203	(166,360)		(138,393)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:									
Beginning of year		1,522,725		3,540,197		970,404	6,033,326		325,393
End of year	\$	1,352,816	\$	3,150,543	\$	1,363,607	\$ 5,866,966	\$	187,000
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITI	ON	ī:							
Cash and investments	\$	1,291,090	\$	1,346,937	\$	1,363,607	\$ 4,001,634	\$	17,875
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		61,726		1,803,606		<u>-</u>	 1,865,332		169,125
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,352,816	\$	3,150,543	\$	1,363,607	\$ 5,866,966	\$	187,000

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		M	ajor Funds					Α	vernmental Activities
_	Water		Sewer	Measure H]	Internal
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Total		Service Funds	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) T	O NET CASH	I							
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Operating income (loss) \$	289,415	\$	1,034,367	\$	1,356,380	\$	2,680,162	\$	(587,762)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash									,
provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation	351,816		1,905,446		-		2,257,262		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:									
Accounts receivable	931		-		(73,049)		(72,118)		(19,883)
Utility billings, net	(166,046)		(296,869)		-		(462,915)		-
Pension-related deferred outflows	59,042		6,960		-		66,002		-
OPEB-related deferred outflows	(7,111)		(16,557)		-		(23,668)		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(127,511)		(456,981)		-		(584,492)		(3,298)
Deposits payable	4,395		-		-		4,395		-
Claims and judgments payable	-		-		-		-		(19,945)
Total OPEB liability	43,343		94,547		-		137,890		-
Aggregate net pension liability	244,483		207,323		-		451,806		-
Pension-related deferred inflows	(7,069)		(32,476)		-		(39,545)		-
OPEB-related deferred inflows	(35,859)		(70,467)				(106,326)		_
Total adjustments	360,414		1,340,926		(73,049)		1,628,291		(43,126)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	649,829	\$	2,375,293	\$	1,283,331	\$	4,308,453	\$	(630,888)

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FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

		Custodi	al Fund	ds	
	Publ	ic Financing		Other	
	Α	authority	(Custodial	
	Cust	todial Fund		Funds	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	153,052	\$	456,932	\$ 609,984
Receivables:					
Accounts		-		858	858
Interest		63		92	155
Total assets		153,115		457,882	610,997
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		-		101,028	101,028
				101,028	101,028
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		153,115		356,854	509,969
	\$	153,115	\$	356,854	\$ 509,969

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

		Custodi	al Func	ds		
		c Financing		Other		
	Authority Custodial Fund			Custodial		T-4-1
ADDITIONS:	Cust	odial Fund		Funds		Total
Investment income	\$	598	\$	805	\$	1,403
Fee and deposits collected for others		-		483,060		483,060
Total additions	·	598		483,865		484,463
DEDUCTIONS: Other	\$	-	\$	315,789	\$	315,789
Total deductions	\$		\$	315,789	\$	315,789
NET POSITION:	<u>π</u>		П	2.23,102	π	3-3,102
Beginning of year, as restated		152,517		188,778		341,295
End of year	\$	153,115	\$	356,854	\$	509,969

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Placerville, California, (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1854, as a municipal corporation operating under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides services including general government, public works, public safety, water, sewer treatment, and parks and recreation. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, selection of governing authority and designation of management, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the City and ability to significantly influence operations.

The financial reporting entity, as defined by the GASB, consists of the primary government, the City, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and any other organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City Council acts as the governing body and is able to impose its will on the following organizations, establishing financial accountability:

<u>Placerville Public Financing Authority</u> ("Authority") is a legal joint powers entity created by the City. The Authority's Board of Directors is comprised of the City's Council Members, City Manager, and Assistant City Manager/Director of Finance, and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the City.

As a result, this organization is considered a component unit of the City and is included within the basic financial statements of the City using the blended method. The City does not issue separate audited financial statements for the Authority. However, separate financial information for this component unit can be obtained from the City's Finance Department. All entities included in this financial statement maintain June 30th as their fiscal year-end.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, the Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The statement of activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. (In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated.) However, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- ➤ Due to/from other funds
- ➤ Advances to/from other funds
- > Transfers in/out

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Governmental Funds Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in Fund Balances as presented in these statements to the Net Position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus and the modified* accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Transportation Development Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the Transportation Development Act Funds and transportation grants.

The <u>Measure J Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the 0.25% add on sales tax to supplement the City's police services.

The <u>Measure L Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the 0.50% add on sales tax to supplement the maintenance of the City's streets, sewer system, and water system.

The <u>Development Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the traffic impact mitigation fees collected by the City.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major Proprietary Fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The <u>Water Fund</u> is used for the operation and maintenance of a water system consisting of acquisition, distribution pipeline, and pumps. The fund collects all user fees and disburses all expenditures for this purpose. The fund also collects fees resulting from new growth. These funds will be used in the future to expand capacity of the water distribution system required due to growth.

The <u>Sewer Fund</u> is responsible for the treatment of industrial and domestic wastewater. The fund collects all user fees and disburses all expenditures for this purpose. The fund also collects fees resulting from new growth. These funds will be used in the future to expand capacity of the water reclamation facility and collection system required due to growth.

The <u>Measure H Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenses associated with the administration of the 0.25% add-on sales tax that augments the Water and Sewer Funds in paying for related debt and infrastructure replacement costs.

Additionally, the City reports the following proprietary fund type:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> are used to account for services provided to other departments of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has an Internal Service Fund for general liability insurance, property insurance, unemployment insurance, and worker's compensation insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City has one type of fiduciary fund, custodial funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Custodial Funds</u> are used to account for resources held by the government in a purely custodial capacity. Such funds include the Public Financing Authority Custodial Fund and Other Custodial Funds.

C. Property Taxes

Property taxes, special assessments, sales tax, licenses, intergovernmental revenues, investment earnings, charges for services and fines and penalties associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on July 1st. The unsecured and secured property tax lien date is January 1. Unsecured property taxes become delinquent on August 31st. Secured property taxes are payable in two installments, on November 1st and February 1st of each year, and become delinquent on December 10th and April 10th, respectively. The County of El Dorado, California (County) bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City according to a payment schedule established by the County. City property tax revenues are recognized when received in cash except at year-end when they are accrued pursuant to the modified accrual basis of accounting. The County is permitted by State law to levy property taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase property assessed value no more than 2% per year.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City pools cash resources from all funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and other investments for varying terms.

Certain disclosure requirements for Deposits and Investment Risks were made in the following areas:

- ➤ Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pooled funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. The City considers all pooled cash and investments held by the City as cash and cash equivalents because the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account from the standpoint of the funds. The City also considers all cash and investments with fiscal agent as cash and cash equivalents because investments meet the criteria for cash equivalents defined above.

E. Fair Value Measurement

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

F. Receivables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Service charges revenues (water and sewer) are recorded as billed to customers on a cyclical basis. All utility customers are billed bi-monthly.

G. Interfund Balances/Internal Balances

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to and due from other funds. These are generally repaid within the following fiscal year.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

H. Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation, sick leave, compensatory time off, floating holidays, management leave, and related benefits on such compensation that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. No expenditure is reported for these amounts in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, building improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, storm drains, sewer and water lines, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available.

Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets at the following:

General capital assets	\$ 5,000
Infrastructure capital assets	100,000

Depreciation has been provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
General Capital Assets:	
Building, Improvements	40
Improvements, other than Buildings	25
Furniture and Fixtures	5
Machinery and Equipment	5
Vehicles	5
Infrastructure:	
Water / Sewer Lines	25
Streets	40

J. Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, unearned revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as unearned revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements are long-term assessments, long-term loans receivable, and prepaid charges for services.

In the Fund Financial Statements, unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unavailable revenue for transactions for which revenues have not been earned, or for which funds are not available to meet current financial obligations. Typical transactions for which unavailable revenue is recorded are grants received but not yet earned or available, interest on interfund advances receivable, long-term assessments and loans receivable.

K. Pensions

The City participates in the Miscellaneous and Safety cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by CalPERS. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 7). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period: July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Pensions (Continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

L. Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retiree Benefits Plan ("OPEB Plan") and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan (Note 8). For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments, which are reported at amortized cost.

The following timeframes are used for OPEB reporting:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period: July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements the long-term debt and other financed obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are expenses when incurred.

In the Fund Financial Statements, proprietary fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Net Position and Fund Equity

Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

In government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified in the following categories:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as land held for development, long term portions of receivables, inventories, prepaid items, and also items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan fund.

<u>Restricted:</u> Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed:</u> Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making (normally the governing body) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City and all of its component units.

<u>Assigned:</u> Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has the authority to assign funds for the City of Placerville.

<u>Unassigned:</u> This category is for all balances that have no restrictions placed upon them. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amount that are restricted, committed or assigned to the purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that particular fund.

Spending Policy

For Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted Net Position first.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Net Position and Fund Equity (Continued)

For Governmental Fund Financial Statements, the City's policy is to spend restricted fund balances first, before spending unrestricted fund balances, for expenditures incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, except for instances wherein a City ordinance or resolutions specifies the fund balance. The City's policy is that committed and assigned fund balances are considered to have been spent first before unassigned fund balances have been spent, when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, except for instances wherein a City ordinance specifies the fund balance.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Accounting Changes

New Governmental Accounting Standards Implemented for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the City, for the year ended June 30, 2021. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

GASB Statement No. 84 - In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (GASB Statement No. 84), to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. It also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. As a result of the implementation, the City converted the former agency funds, which previously reported assets and liabilities only, to custodial funds and reported a restatement of its net position in the amount of \$341,295.

GASB Statement No. 90 - In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 (GASB Statement No. 90), to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This statement requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Application of this statement did not have a material financial effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 98 - In October 2021, GASB issued Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, to establish the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. Application of this statement did not have a material financial effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Accounting Changes (Continued)

Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementation

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 87 - In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 89 - In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 - In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 92 - In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93 - In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Accounting Changes (Continued)

Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementation (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 94- In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96- In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 97- In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans — An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100 - In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101- In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of pooled cash and investments and restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2021:

		Pr	ima	ry Governme					
	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type			F	iduciary	
	A	Activities		Activities		Total		Funds	Total
Cash and investments	\$	943,351	\$	4,001,634	\$	4,944,985	\$	609,984	\$ 5,554,969
Restricted cash and investments		5,706,870		-		5,706,870		-	5,706,870
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		169,125		1,865,332		2,034,457		-	2,034,457
Total	\$	6,819,346	\$	5,866,966	\$	12,686,312	\$	609,984	\$ 13,296,296

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments, consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

			N	A aturities		
	Amount		1 y	year or less	1 - 5	years
Cash and cash equivalent:						
Petty cash	\$	3,395	\$	3,395	\$	-
Demand deposits		3,164,648		3,164,648		-
Investments:						
Local Agency Investment Fund		8,093,794		8,093,794		-
Money market funds		2,034,457		2,034,457		
Total	\$	13,296,294	\$	13,296,294	\$	-

B. Cash Deposits

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds, which the City invests to enhance interest earnings. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds quarterly, based on the average daily cash and investment balances in each fund.

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,164,648. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$3,696,282 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

According to California law, the market value of pledged securities with banking institutions must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on a quarterly basis to the various funds based on average daily cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

C. Investments

At June 30, 2021, cash and investments, excluding restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agent, are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. The following table presents the fair value measurements of investments recognized in the accompanying statement of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2021:

		Percentage of	Measurement
Investment Type	Amount	Investments	Inputs
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 8,093,794	79.91%	N/A
Money market funds	2,034,457	20.09%	Not Rated
Total	\$ 10,128,251		

The City is authorized by State statutes and in accordance with the City's Investment Policy (Policy) to invest in the following:

- Bankers Acceptances
- California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- Certificates of Deposit
- Commercial Paper (Corporations)
- County Pooled Funds
- Medium-Term Corporate Notes
- Money Market Accounts
- Mutual Funds
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Passbook Savings and Demand Deposits Accounts
- Repurchase Agreements collateralized by U.S. Securities or U.S. Government Federal Agencies
- Reverse Purchase Agreements
- U.S. Treasury Securities

The Policy, in addition to State statutes, establishes that funds on deposit in banks must be federally insured or collateralized and investments shall (1) have maximum maturity not to exceed five years, (2) be laddered and based on cash flow forecasts; and (3) be subject to limitations to a certain percent of the portfolio for each of the authorized investments. The City's investments comply with the established policy.

The City's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates rise, the portfolio value will decline. If interest rates fall, the portfolio value will rise.

The portfolio, for year-end reporting purposes, is treated as if it were all sold. Therefore, fund balance reflects the portfolio's change in value. These portfolio value changes are unrealized unless sold. The City's policy is to buy and hold investments until their maturity dates.

Investments held by Fiscal Agent. The investments held by fiscal agents in the amount of \$2,034,457 are to be used only for specific capital outlay, payments of certain long-term debt and maintaining required reserves. These funds have been invested only as permitted by specific State statutes governing their investment or applicable City ordinances, resolutions, or bond indentures.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed five years. Specific maturities of investments depend on liquidity needs. At June 30, 2021, the City's pooled cash and investments had the following maturities:

			1	Maturities
	Amount			year or less
Cash and cash equivalent:				
Petty cash	\$	3,395	\$	3,395
Demand deposits		3,164,650		3,164,650
Investments:				
Local Agency Investment Fund		8,093,794		8,093,794
Money market funds		2,034,457		2,034,457
Total	\$	13,296,296	\$	13,296,296

Credit Risk is the risk of loss due to failure of the security issuer. The risk can be identified thru the rating assigned by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization to the issuers of securities. The City minimizes this risk by investing only on type of investments allowed for municipalities by the Government Code as listed on the City's investment policy and investing only on instruments that are most credit worthy.

		Credit Qua	lity Ratings
			Standard &
	Amount	Moody's	Poor's
Investments:			
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 8,093,794	Not Rated	Not Rated
Money market funds	2,034,457	Not Rated	Not Rated
Total	\$ 10,128,251		

According to the City's investment policy, the aggregate investment in medium-term notes should not exceed 10% of the City's total portfolio.

Federal instrumentalities must have a rating of AAA or the equivalent by a NRSRO at the time of purchase. The Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), administered by the State of California, has a separate investment policy, governed by Government Code Sections 16480-16481.2, that provides credit standards for its investments.

The City's investments (excluding investments held by fiscal agents) are only in Local Agency Investment Fund which is not rated by a NRSRO.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are held by the counterparty. All of the City's investments in securities are held in the name of the City. The City's custodial agreement policy prohibits counterparties holding securities not in the City's name.

E. Fair Value of Investments

The City's investments are carried at fair market value instead of cost. Accordingly, the City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year-end and the effects of these adjustments are included as income for the fiscal year. Changes in value in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, amounted to an unrealized gain of \$672.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

F. Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund

The City's investments with Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF) at June 30, 2021, included a portion of the pooled funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments included the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2021, the City had \$8,093,794 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.31% of the pooled investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. The LAIF fair value factor of 1.00008297 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF.

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions

A. Due From and To Other Funds

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following short-term interfund receivables and payables:

	Due To								
			rernmental ctivities						
Due From	nsportation velopment		on-Major	Total					
Governmental Activities									
General	\$ 370,309	\$	10,545	\$	380,854				
Non-major	656		-		656				
Business-Type Activities									
Water	102,404		-		102,404				
Sewer	 100,929				100,929				
Totals	\$ 574,298	\$	10,545	\$	584,843				

These balances resulted from short-term loans used to cover operating cash deficits at year-end. These amounts will be repaid in the following fiscal year.

B. Long-Term Advances

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following long-term interfund advances:

		Advances to					
		Governmen	tal Activ	vities			
Advances From Other Funds		ansportation evelopment	N	Non-Major	Total		
Governmental Activities							
General Fund	\$	545,000	\$	-	\$	545,000	
Internal Service	585,253			134,552		719,805	
Totals	\$	1,130,253	\$	134,552	\$	1,264,805	

These balances resulted from long-term loans used to cover operating cash deficits at year-end. These amounts will be repaid with future revenues.

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

C. Transfers In and Out

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following transfers:

Transfers In														
				Gove	rnmental Activ	ities				Busine Act	ess-T	. 1		
			Transportat	ion				Internal						
Transfers Out	Genera	.1	Developme	ent	Measure J	Non-Major		Service		Water		Sewer	Total	
Governmental Activities														
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 196,000	\$ 119,656	\$	246,426	\$	-	\$	-	\$	562,082
Measure L		-	3,049,5	87	-	-		-		221,688		27,551		3,298,826
Non-Major	317,03	37		-	-	-		12,104		-		-		329,141
Internal Service		-		-	-	74,006		-		-		-		74,006
Business-Type Activities														
Water		-		-	-	-		150,015		-		-		150,015
Sewer		-		-	-	-		150,016		-		-		150,016
Measure H		-			-			-		-		898,856		898,856
Totals	\$ 317,03	37	\$ 3,049,5	87	\$ 196,000	\$ 193,662	\$	558,561	\$	221,688	\$	926,407	\$	5,462,942

Transfers are contributions to other funds to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 4 – Capital Assets

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2021, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities		В	usiness-Type Activities		Total
Non-Depreciable Assets:						
Land and improvements	\$	12,959,322	\$	2,328,974	\$	15,288,296
Construction in progress		29,287,893		4,913,371		34,201,264
Total non-depreciable assets	42,247,215			7,242,345		49,489,560
Depreciable Assets:						
Building and structures		12,892,021		74,391,284		87,283,305
Machinery and equipment		3,342,150		1,423,101		4,765,251
Infrastructure		15,436,672	54,331,555			69,768,227
		31,670,843		130,145,940		161,816,783
Less accumulated depreciation		(12,411,034)		(72,747,239)		(85,158,273)
Total depreciable assets, net		19,259,809		57,398,701		76,658,510
Total capital assets	\$ 61,507,024		\$ 64,641,046		\$	126,148,070

In fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City counted, valued and reported its capital assets, including infrastructure for its governmental activities and business-type activities, as shown in the following tables.

Note 4 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance				Balance		
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2021		
Non-Depreciable Assets:		-					
Land and improvements	\$ 12,933,540	\$ 25,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,959,322		
Construction in progress	20,857,798	9,807,968		(1,377,873)	29,287,893		
Total non-depreciable assets	33,791,338	9,833,750		(1,377,873)	42,247,215		
Depreciable Assets:							
Building and structures	12,490,961	-	-	401,060	12,892,021		
Machinery and equipment	3,327,262	94,218	(85,782)	6,452	3,342,150		
Infrastructure	14,466,311			970,361	15,436,672		
Total depreciable assets	30,284,534	94,218	(85,782)	1,377,873	31,670,843		
Less accumulated depreciation	(11,712,798)	(778,018)	79,782		(12,411,034)		
Total depreciable assets, net	18,571,736	(683,800)	(6,000)	1,377,873	19,259,809		
Total capital assets	\$ 52,363,074	\$ 9,149,950	\$ (6,000)	\$ -	\$ 61,507,024		

Depreciation expense in governmental activities for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

General government	\$ 257,161
Public safety	89,150
Highways and street	362,757
Community Development	26,884
Parks and recreation	42,066
Total	\$ 778,018

Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities:

		Balance					Balance
	<u>J</u>	uly 1, 2020	 Additions	Deletions	 Transfers	_Jι	ine 30, 2021
Non-Depreciable Assets:							
Land and improvements	\$	2,328,974	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,328,974
Construction in progress		4,253,206	 1,747,871	-	 (1,087,706)		4,913,371
Total non-depreciable assets		6,582,180	1,747,871	 -	 (1,087,706)		7,242,345
Depreciable Assets:							
Building and structures		73,994,618	-	-	396,666		74,391,284
Machinery and equipment		1,423,101	-	-	-		1,423,101
Infrastructure		53,641,580	 _	-	 689,975		54,331,555
Total depreciable assets		129,059,299	-	-	1,086,641		130,145,940
Less accumulated depreciation		(70,489,977)	(2,257,262)	-	-		(72,747,239)
Total depreciable assets, net		58,569,322	 (2,257,262)	-	 1,086,641		57,398,701
Total capital assets	\$	65,151,502	\$ (509,391)	\$ -	\$ (1,065)	\$	64,641,046

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 4 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Business-type activities depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Water	\$ 351,816
Sewer	 1,905,446
Total	\$ 2,257,262

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements do not present general government capital assets but they are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

The capital assets of the enterprise funds in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are the same as those shown in the business-type activities of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Internal Service Funds' capital assets are combined with governmental activities.

Note 5 – Long-Term Debt

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Following is a summary of all long-term debt balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	Governmental Activities		isiness-Type Activities	Total
Long-term debt, due within one year	\$	103,572	\$ 1,796,579	\$ 1,900,151
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt				
2006 State Revolving Loan		-	27,706,957	27,706,957
2006 Sewer Revenue Bonds		-	16,600,000	16,600,000
2017 City Hall Capital Lease		-	-	-
2015 Equipment Lease		103,370	77,572	180,942
2019 Equipment Lease		70,625	37,316	107,941
2019 CEC Loan		510,287	158,195	668,482
Total noncurrent portion of long-term debt		684,282	44,580,040	45,264,322
Total long-term debt	\$	787,854	\$ 46,376,619	\$ 47,164,473

Governmental Activities

Following is a summary of governmental activity long-term debt transactions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

										Due]	Due in
	Balance						Balance		within		more than	
	July 1, 2020		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2021		one year		one year	
2017 City Hall Capital Lease	\$	58,247	\$	-	\$	58,247	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2015 Equipment Lease		169,994		-		32,824		137,170		33,800		103,370
2019 Equipment Lease		137,278		-		32,804		104,474		33,849		70,625
2019 CEC Loan		558,534		-		12,324		546,210		35,923		510,287
Total	\$	924,053	\$	-	\$	136,199	\$	787,854	\$	103,572	\$	684,282

Note 5 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

Following is a summary of business-type activity long-term debt transactions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions Retirements		Balance June 30, 2021	Due within one year	Due in more than one year	
2006 State Revolving Loan	\$ 30,764,219	\$ -	\$ 1,528,631	\$ 29,235,588	\$ 1,528,631	\$ 27,706,957	
2006 Sewer Revenue Bonds	17,020,000	-	205,000	16,815,000	215,000	16,600,000	
2017 City Hall Capital Lease	34,830	-	34,830	-	-	-	
2015 Equipment Lease	123,034	-	22,398	100,636	23,064	77,572	
2019 Equipment Lease	72,532	-	17,332	55,200	17,884	37,316	
2019 CEC Loan	174,312		4,117	170,195	12,000	158,195	
Total	\$ 48,188,927	\$ -	\$ 1,812,308	\$ 46,376,619	\$ 1,796,579	\$ 44,580,040	

Capital Leases

In 2005, the City secured a capital lease in the amount of \$2,052,000 with an interest rate of 5.08% in order to finance tenant improvements to the first three floors of the City Hall facility, located at 3101 Center Street, new exterior painting, brick façade, sidewalks, and street improvements around facility. In 2017, the City refinanced the capital lease for the remaining term with a preferred 2.76% interest rate. The Lease payable is allocated between the governmental activities, 63%, and business-type activities, 37%. Principal and interest payments are due in April and October each year. The lease was paid in full during Fiscal Year 2020/2021.

In February 2015, the City secured a capital lease in the amount of \$706,518 in order to finance thirteen (13) pieces of equipment ranging from a folder/inserter machine to a street sweeper truck. The interest rate for equipment with a five-year useful life is 2.65% and equipment with a ten-year useful life is 3.00%. The Lease payable is allocated between the governmental activities, 59.44%, and business-type activities, 40.56%. Net revenues from the General Fund, Sewer Enterprise Fund, and Water Enterprise Fund have been pledged for the lease payments. The thirteen (13) pieces of equipment that were purchased with the lease proceeds are secured in the borrowing, and should a default in payment occur or budget appropriations fail to be made for the annual lease payments, the said equipment could be repossessed. Principal and interest payments are due in August and February each year. The annual debt service requirements for the 2015 Equipment Lease are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	I	Principal	Interest	Total
2022		56,864	6,604	63,468
2023		58,555	4,913	63,468
2024		60,296	3,171	63,467
2025		62,091	1,377	63,468
Total	\$	237,806	\$ 16,065	\$ 253,871

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Capital Leases (Continued)

In February 2019, the City secured a capital lease in the amount of \$257,862 in order to finance twelve (12) pieces of equipment ranging from a network printers to a pickup trucks. The annual interest rate 3.16%. The Lease payable is allocated between the governmental activities, 65.54%, and business-type activities, 34.46%. Principal and interest payments are due in October and April each year. Net revenues from the General Fund, Sewer Enterprise Fund, and Water Enterprise Fund have been pledged for the lease payments. The twelve (12) pieces of equipment that were purchased with the lease proceeds are secured in the borrowing, and should a default in payment occur or budget appropriations fail to be made for the annual lease payments, the said equipment could be repossessed. The annual debt service requirements for the 2019 Equipment Lease are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2022		47,923		7,045		54,968	
2023		48,403		6,564		54,967	
2024		48,872		6,096		54,968	
2025		49,378		5,589		54,967	
2026		49,873		5,094		54,967	
2027-2031		256,957		17,882		274,839	
2032-2035		214,999		4,873		219,872	
Total	\$	716,405	\$	53,143	\$	769,548	
	_						

The City entered into two capital lease-purchase agreements whereby the lessor acquired certain capital assets and leased them to the City with the option to purchase. The leased assets are included in capital assets and are summarized by major asset class below:

Machinery and equipment	\$ 964,380
Assets under capitalized lease, at cost	964,380
Accumulated depreciation	(579,349)
Assets under capitalized lease, net	\$ 385,031

Revenue Bonds Payable

On March 14, 2006, the Placerville PFA issued the Series 2006 Wastewater System Refinancing and Improvement Project Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$17,215,000 pursuant to an Indenture by and between the Placerville PFA and Union Bank of California, N.A. as Trustee. A portion of the proceeds from the Bonds were used to refinance the Series 1994 Sewer Revenue Refunding and Phase II Improvement Bonds. The remainder of the Bond proceeds are being used to partially finance State mandated improvements to the City's Wastewater Treatment Plant, relocate and replace a section of sewer line along Hangtown Creek, and construct other capital projects related to the Wastewater System. The bonds are payable solely from wastewater net revenues and are payable through 2034. Annual principal and interest payments for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, required 21.48% of net revenues. The total remaining principal and interest to be paid on the bonds is \$17,020,000. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$1,023,758 and \$4,767,138, respectively. Principal payments are due September 1 of each year beginning in 2018 and interest payments ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% are due March 1 and September 1 of each year.

Note 5 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Revenue Bonds Payable (Continued)

The 2006 Wastewater System Refinancing and Improvement Project Revenue Bonds are secured by and payable from net revenues from the City's Sewer Enterprise Fund, amounts that are derived from user rates collected by the City for wastewater collection and treatment services. Application of amounts in the enterprise fund is governed by the requirements of Article XIIID, Section 6 of the California Constitution, which provides that the enterprise fund may only be used for the wastewater enterprise and may not be used for general governmental purposes.

Net revenues from the Sewer Enterprise Fund are pledged toward settlement payments with the Bond insurer for the 2006 Bonds. There is a covenant to set rates such that they will provide net coverage for Operation and Maintenance of 1.20% coverage. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the Sewer Enterprise Fund has sufficient revenues to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the wastewater utility, scheduled debt service, and required debt service coverage.

Events of default with finance related consequences are included in section 8.01 of the indenture for the bond. In the event of unresolved payment default, the Trustee would pull from funds on hand under the separate section of the agreement, and then upon court order from net revenues of the system held by the City.

The annual debt service requirements for the Series 2006 Wastewater System Refinancing and Improvement Project Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	215,000	809,954	1,024,954
2023	225,000	800,329	1,025,329
2024	235,000	790,267	1,025,267
2025	250,000	779,658	1,029,658
2026	265,000	768,392	1,033,392
2027-2031	5,330,000	3,466,085	8,796,085
2032-2035	10,295,000	1,061,625	11,356,625
Total	\$ 16,815,000	\$ 8,476,310	\$ 25,291,310

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Loans

In 2006, the City secured a State Revolving Loan in the amount of \$42,864,638 with an interest rate of 0.00% to partially finance improvements to the Wastewater Treatment Plant in order to comply with State mandated requirements at that time. The loan is payable solely from wastewater net revenues and are payable through 2040. Annual principal payments on the loan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, required 32.07% of net revenues. The total remaining principal to be paid on the loan is \$29,235,588. Principal paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$1,528,631 and \$4,767,138 respectively. Principal payments are due in September and March of each year. The City pledged Sewer Enterprise Fund net revenues as collateral for the loan. There is a covenant to set rates such that they will provide net coverage for Operation and Maintenance of 1.20% coverage. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the Sewer Enterprise Fund has sufficient revenues to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the wastewater utility, scheduled debt service, and required debt service coverage. The annual debt service requirements for the 2006 State Revolving Loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	1,528,631		1,528,631
2023	1,528,631	-	1,528,631
2024	1,528,631	-	1,528,631
2025	1,528,631	-	1,528,631
2026	1,528,631	-	1,528,631
2027-2031	7,643,156	-	7,643,156
2032-2036	7,643,156	-	7,643,156
2037-2040	6,306,121		6,306,121
Total	\$ 29,235,588	\$ -	\$ 29,235,588

On July 29, 2019, the City secured a California Energy Commission (CEC) Loan in the amount of \$732,846 with an interest rate of 1.00% to finance interior and exterior lighting and heating and cooling improvements to various City facilities in order to achieve greater energy efficiency. The loan is payable through 2035. The loan payable is allocated between the governmental activities, 74.69%, and business-type activities, 25.31%. Principal and interest payments are due in June and December each year. The City pledged savings in energy costs or other legally available funds from the General Fund, Parking District Fund, and the Sewer Enterprise Fund as collateral for the loan. The loan is secured by the lighting and HVAC equipment that was financed by the loan. A default on the loan would require immediate payment of the remaining loan balance. The annual debt service requirements for the 2019 CEC loan are as follows:

Year Ending		_	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	47,923	7,045	54,968
2023	48,403	6,564	54,967
2024	48,872	6,096	54,968
2025	49,378	5,589	54,967
2026	49,873	5,094	54,967
2027-2031	256,957	17,882	274,839
2032-2035	214,999	4,873	219,872
Total	\$ 716,405	\$ 53,143	\$ 769,548

Note 5 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Debt Service

Annual debt service requirements for all bonds, loans, and capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	1,900,151	828,243	2,728,394
2023	1,913,969	814,799	2,728,768
2024	1,927,360	800,826	2,728,186
2025	1,890,100	786,624	2,676,724
2026	1,843,504	773,486	2,616,990
2027-2031	13,230,113	3,483,967	16,714,080
2032-2036	18,153,155	1,066,498	19,219,653
2037-2040	6,306,121		6,306,121
Total	\$ 47,164,473	\$ 8,554,443	\$ 55,718,916

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements do not present general government long-term debt but it is shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Note 6 – Compensated Absences

The City records a liability to recognize the financial effect of unused vacation and other compensated leaves. The total of vacation and other compensated leaves is \$989,293. The City primarily uses the General Fund to liquidate compensated absences.

							Classification		n	
	Ju	Balance lly 1, 2020	 Additions	Re	tirements	Balance e 30, 2021		Due within one year	m	Due in nore than one year
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$	1,155,450	\$ _	\$	166,157	\$ 989,293	\$	261,360	\$	727,933
Total	\$	1,155,450	\$ -	\$	166,157	\$ 989,293	\$	261,360	\$	727,933

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System

Summary

		vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Deferred outflows of resources: Pension contribution made after measurement date: CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$	856,326	\$	352,822	\$	1,209,148
CalPERS Safety		799,484		-	-	799,484
Total pension contribution made after measurement date		1,655,810		352,822		2,008,632
Projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings:						
CalPERS Miscellaneous		268,544		110,645		379,189
CalPERS Safety		175,435				175,435
Total projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings		443,979		110,645		554,624
Adjustment due to difference in proportions: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		9,574 97,321		3,944		13,518 97,321
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions		106,895		3,944		110,839
Difference between expected and actual experience: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		465,852 625,929		191,939 -		657,791 625,929
Total difference between expected and actual experience		1,091,781		191,939		1,283,720
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution: CalPERS Miscellaneous		149,483		61,590		211,073
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution		149,483		61,590		211,073
Total deferred outflows of resources: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		1,749,779 1,698,169		720,940		2,470,719 1,698,169
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,447,948	\$	720,940	\$	4,168,888
Net pension liabilities: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	8,478,995 8,071,829	\$	4,285,467	\$	12,764,462 8,071,829
Total net pension liabilities	\$	16,550,824	\$	4,285,467	\$	20,836,291
Deferred inflows of Resources: Adjustment due to difference in proportions: CalPERS Miscellaneous		124,844		52,851		177,695
CalPERS Safety	\$	15,969	\$	-	\$	15,969
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions		140,813		52,851		193,664
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution: CalPERS Safety		246,091				246,091
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution		246,091				246,091
Changes in assumptions CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		63,964 26,887		27,078		91,042 26,887
Total difference between expected and actual experience		90,851		27,078		117,929
Total deferred inflows of resources: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		188,808 288,947		79,929		268,737 288,947
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	477,755	\$	79,929	\$	557,684
	#	,,,,,	Tr.	,		,

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Summary (Continued)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Pension expenses:					
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$ 1,084,547	\$	459,127	\$	1,543,674
CalPERS Safety	 1,152,027		-		1,152,027
Total net pension expenses	\$ 2,236,574	\$	459,127	\$	2,695,701

Pension Plans

Plan Description

Substantially all City employees working the equivalent of 1,000 hours or more per fiscal year are required to participate in the Miscellaneous Classic, Safety Classic, Miscellaneous Second-Tier, Safety Second-Tier, Miscellaneous PEPRA or Safety PEPRA cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. The Classic Plans are closed to new entrants only eligible for employees hired prior to January 1, 2013. Employees hired after January 1, 2013 are eligible to enroll in the PEPRA plans. Benefit Provisions under the Plans are established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A classic safety and miscellaneous CalPERS member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 50 and 55, respectively, with at least 5 years of credited service. Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) safety and miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 57 and 62, respectively, with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 full-time equivalent monthly pay.

Retirement benefits for classic safety and miscellaneous employees are calculated as 3% and 2.5 %, respectively, of the average final 36 months compensation. Retirement benefits for PEPRA safety and miscellaneous employees are calculated as 2.7% and 2%, respectively, of the average final 36 months compensation.

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if becomes disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8% of final compensation, multiplied by service.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020, measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

		Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous		Safety	Safety
	Miscellaneous	Second Tier	PEPRA	Safety	Second Tier	PEPRA
Active employees	34	5	25	7	2	10
Transferred and terminated employees	55	10	14	38	3	2
Retired employees and beneficiaries	82	3	1	42		1
Total	171	18	40	87	5	13

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee dies while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5% per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 36 months preceding death.

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2%.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

		Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous		Safety	Safety
	Miscellaneous	Second Tier	PEPRA	Safety	Second Tier	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service					
Benefit payments	monthly for life					
Retirement age	55	55	62	50	55	50-57
Monthly benefits, as a % of						
eligible compensation	2.5%	2.0%	2.0%	3.0%	3.0%	2.7%
Required employee contribution rate	8.000%	7.000%	7.000%	9.000%	9.000%	13.000%
Required employer contribution rate	12.053%	10.801%	7.794%	22.437%	20.585%	13.044%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended, the active employee contribution rate was 9% of annual payroll for the Safety Classic Plan, 8% for the Miscellaneous Classic Plan, and 13.00% for the Safety PEPRA Plan, and 7.00%, for Miscellaneous PEPRA Plan. The average employer's contribution rate was 12.053% of annual payroll for the Miscellaneous Classic Plan, 22.43% for the Safety Classic Plan, 13.044% for the Safety PEPRA Plan, and 7.794% for the Miscellaneous PEPRA Plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the plan's employer contributions made for each Plan was as follows:

Miscellaneous	\$ 1,209,148
Safety	799,484
	\$ 2,008,632

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The following table shows the plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measurement period:

	Plan Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Miscellaneous			
Balance at: 6/30/19 (Measurement date)	33,964,938	21,858,639	12,106,299
Balance at: 6/30/20 (Measurement date)	34,800,361	22,035,899	12,764,462
Net changes during 2019-2020	835,423	177,260	658,163
Safety			
Balance at: 6/30/19 (Measurement date)	23,969,716	16,504,858	7,464,858
Balance at: 6/30/20 (Measurement date)	25,806,010	17,734,181	8,071,829
Net changes during 2019-2020	1,836,294	1,229,323	606,971
Total net changes during 2019-2020	2,671,717	1,406,583	1,265,134

The City's net pension liability/(asset) for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset). The net pension liability/(asset) of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability/(asset) for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.30232%	0.11958%	0.42190%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.30261%	0.12116%	0.42377%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	0.00029%	0.00158%	0.00187%

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,543,674 and \$1,152,027, for the Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscellaneous Plans							
Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources					
\$	1,209,148	\$	-				
	379,189		-				
	13,518		177,695				
	-		91,042				
	657,791		-				
	211,073		-				
\$	2,470,719	\$	268,737				
	Defe	Deferred outflows of Resources \$ 1,209,148 379,189 13,518 - 657,791 211,073	Deferred outflows of Resources				

Safety Plans							
	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources				
Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	799,484	\$	-			
Difference between projected and actual earning on		-					
pension plan investments		175,435		-			
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		97,321		15,969			
Changes in assumptions		-		26,887			
Difference between actual and expected experience		625,929		-			
Difference between employer's actual contributions							
and proportionate share of contributions				246,091			
Total	\$	1,698,169	\$	288,947			

Safaty Plane

Aggregate Total							
	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources				
Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,008,632	\$	-			
Difference between projected and actual earning on							
pension plan investments		554,624		-			
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		110,839		193,664			
Changes in assumptions		-		117,929			
Difference between actual and expected experience		1,283,720		-			
Difference between employer's actual contributions							
and proportionate share of contributions		211,073		246,091			
Total	\$	4,168,888	\$	557,684			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

For the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan, \$1,209,148 and \$799,484, respectively, was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next measurement period (June 30, 2021). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Miscellaneous Plans	S afety Plans		·		
2022	\$ 78,639	\$	86,553	\$	165,192	
2023	424,588		242,055		666,643	
2024	307,737		193,227		500,964	
2025	181,869		87,903		269,772	
	\$ 992,833	\$	609,738	\$	1,602,571	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.63%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of a January 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1998 to 2014. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Return Years	Real Return Years
Asset Class	Allocation	1 - 10 1	11 + 2
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100.00%	=	

¹ An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the plans. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 Section.

The long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.00% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.00%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. The difference was deemed immaterial to the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net position liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)							
	Disc	ount Rate - 1%	Cur	rent Discount	Discount Rate + 1%				
		(6.15%)		Rate (7.15%)		(8.15%)			
Miscellaneous	\$	17,395,541	\$	12,764,462	\$	8,937,947			
Safety	\$	11,576,381	\$	8,071,829	\$	5,196,013			
Total	\$	28,971,922	\$	20,836,291	\$	14,133,960			

² An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, the City had no outstanding amounts owed to the pension plan for contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Deferred Compensation Plan

In 1983, the City established a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plans permit all eligible employees to execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them, to be paid at a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances include termination by reason of retirement, death, disability or other events as provided for in the Plans. Employees may contribute up to \$19,500 of their annual compensation into the deferred compensation plan.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the City amended its deferred compensation plan to comply with subsection (g) of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, which states that assets of the plan are held for exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Accordingly, the assets and related liabilities for the ICMA Plan, which amounted to \$3,888,712 at June 30, 2021, have been removed from the basic financial statements of the City, with no impact on fund equity.

During fiscal year 2016/2017, the City established an additional IRS 457 Plan with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). The CalPERS IRC Plan had a balance in the amount of \$494,010 as of June 30, 2021.

Note 8 - Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits

A. Summary

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Deferred outflows of Resources:				
Changes in assumptions	\$	341,107	\$ 121,213	\$ 462,320
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	341,107	\$ 121,213	\$ 462,320
Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,217,390	\$ 1,143,303	\$ 4,360,693
Deferred inflows of Resources:				
Changes in assumptions	\$	39,330	\$ 14,002	\$ 53,332
Difference between actual and expected experience		390,067	 138,585	 528,652
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	429,397	\$ 152,587	\$ 581,984
OPEB Expense	\$	115,277	\$ 324,544	\$ 439,821

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 8 - Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits (Continued)

B. Plan Description

The City provides a retiree medical insurance contribution benefit in accordance with employee Memorandums of Understanding, for retired employees. This is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The benefit is applicable to employees who retire from the City of Placerville and,

- Are 53 years of age or older; and
- Have 10 or more years of service with the City of Placerville.

The City contributes an amount each month towards the purchase of medical insurance for the retiree on a pay as you go basis. The monthly amount is determined by the applicable Memorandum of Understanding or salary and benefit provisions for the retired employee. The contribution is based upon the employees' years of service up to a maximum of 20 years, multiplied by the maximum benefit for the respective employee unit. The City pays the contribution amount until the retiree reaches age 65 or dies, whichever occurs first. Although this benefit ends at age 65, retirees who reach 65 or older continue to receive a monthly minimum contribution in the amount \$80.80 until death or disenrollment from the Plan.

C. Funding Policy

The City currently participates in a retiree medical plan through the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). There is no requirement to contribute any amount beyond the pay-as-you-go contributions. If a retiree elects medical insurance coverage through the City, the retiree is responsible for paying the difference between the medical insurance premium and the medical benefit.

The City is evaluating various options for funding the post-retirement medical benefits liability. The City has not established a trust for purposes of funding the required retiree medical insurance contribution but has elected to continue funding the benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis in the current year. The City plans on funding a portion or all of the OPEB Expense each year based upon projections from the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation study performed by Demsey, Filliger & Associates.

D. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was \$4,360,693.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

> Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Level Percent of Pay Actuarial Assumptions:

1.92% Discount Rate 3.00% Aggregate payroll increases 3.00%

Expected long-term investment Rate of Return RP-2014 Employee Mortality, without projection Mortality, Termination, and Disability RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality, without projection Mortality Post-retirement

Ranging from 1.3% to 10.8% based on termination rates under the Crocker-Pre-retirement turnover

Sarason Table T-5 less mortality, increased by 40% at all ages.

Healthcare Trend Rate An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.9% initially reduced by decrements to

an ultimate of 5.0% therefore.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 8 - Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits (Continued)

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 1.92% percent. This discount rate is the mid-point, rounded to five basis points, of the range of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices; S&P Municipal bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, and Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

G. Change in the Total OPEB Liability

		otal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2020 (measurement date)	\$	3,870,453
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Periood:		
Service Cost		367,057
Interest on the total OPEB liability		101,733
Difference between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions		192,870
Benefit payments	-	(171,420)
Net changes during July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021		490,240
Balance at June 30, 2021 (measurement date)	\$	4,360,693

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92 percent) than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
Discount Rate - 1% Current Discount (0.92%) Rate (1.92%)		Discount Rate + 1% (2.92%)				
\$	4,762,135	\$	4,360,693	\$	4,007,217	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.80 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90 percent decreasing to 6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
(4.8	% Decrease 0% for 2020, 0% ultimate)	(5.	Trend Rate 80% for 2020, 0% ultimate)	(6.	% Increase 80% for 2020 0% ultimate)	
\$	3,955,334	\$	4,360,693	\$	4,837,399	

H. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and labor agreement requirements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year 2021, the City contributed \$171,420 to the plan for current premiums.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 8 – Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits (Continued)

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$439,821. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred outflows Resources	rred inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 528,652
Changes in assumptions	 462,320	 53,332
	\$ 462,320	\$ 581,984

The remaining gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life. The expected average remaining service life is 6.1 years, which was determined as of June 30, 2019, the beginning of the measurement period, for employees covered by the OPEB plan benefit terms as of the valuation date.

Amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2022	\$ (28,968)
2023	(19,556)
2024	(17,493)
2025	(32,504)
2026	(32,504)
Thereafter	 11,361
Total	\$ (119,664)

Note 9 – Classification of Fund Balance and Other Fund Disclosures

In governmental funds, fund balances are classified as follows:

				Ma	ajor Funds							
		Tr	ansportation					D	evelopment			
	 General	D	evelopment	N	Measure J	1	Measure L	Ir	npact Fees	N	Non-Major	Total
Nonspendable												
Prepaid items	\$ 156,016	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$ 156,016
Advances to other funds	545,000		-		-		-		-		-	545,000
Inventory	17,449		-									 17,449
Total	718,465		-		-		-				-	 718,465
Restricted												
Transportation	-		3,441,218		=		3,131,749		-		-	6,572,967
Police services	=		=		259,713		=		=		=	259,713
Gas Tax	=		=		=		=		=		499,243	499,243
Development Impact	=		=		=		=		1,628,273		=	1,628,273
Parking District	=		=		-		=		=		143,907	143,907
Grants	=		=		-		=		=		642,636	642,636
BAD, CFD, & LLMD	=		=		-		=		=		302,987	302,987
Park Development			-		-				_		114,834	 114,834
Total	 		3,441,218		259,713		3,131,749		1,628,273		1,703,607	 10,164,560
Committed												
Capital projects	=		=		=		=		=		255,537	 255,537
Total	-		-		-		-				255,537	255,537
Unassigned	1,980,531		-		-		-		-		-	1,980,531
Total fund balances	\$ 2,698,996	\$	3,441,218	\$	259,713	\$	3,131,749	\$	1,628,273	\$	1,959,144	\$ 13,119,093

Note 9 - Classification of Fund Balance and Other Fund Disclosures (Continued)

Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as a means of controlling expenditures. Under this method, funds are encumbered when purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are signed or approved by authorized City officials. Such outstanding commitments at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 54 provides additional guidance on the classification within the fund balances section of amounts that have been encumbered. Encumbrances of balances within the governmental funds are classified as either nonspendable, committed, restricted or assigned and are included in the respective functional categories. These encumbrances are not separately classified in the financial statements, and are summarized at June 30, 2021 as follows:

Fund	 Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Transportation Development	\$ 1,291,685
Development Impact	181,335
General Fund	81,153
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	9,500
Sewer	 98,233
Total encumbrances	\$ 1,661,906

Capital Commitments

The City is undertaking a number of capital improvement projects. However, there are no capital project commitments at June 30, 2021.

Fund Equity Deficits

The City's governmental activities had an unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$(14,350,199) as of June 30, 2021. This is mainly due to reporting of net pension liability of \$(16,550,824) as required under GASB Statement No. 68 (Note 7) and reporting of Total OPEB liability of \$(3,217,390) as required under GASB Statement No. 75.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following funds/functions reported expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Fund	Function	 Exœss
General	General government	\$ (218,622)
General	Public safety	(179,663)
General	Community development	(50,204)
Measure J	General government	(2,177)
Measure J	Public safety	(61,521)
Gas Tax	Highways and streets	(5,000)
Capital Projects	Highways and streets	(8,697)

Note 10 – Risk Management

The City is a member of joint powers authorities for general liability, property, and workers compensation insurance programs as described below. The purpose of the authorities is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage.

Each member city has a representative on the Board of Directors. Officers of the authorities are elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The following provides a reconciliation of claims payable, which are recorded as an Internal Service Fund, for the three years ended June 30, 2019, 2020, and 2021:

		Current Year	Claims	
	Beginning	Claims and	Payments	End
	of Year	Changes in	For Current and	of Year
	Liability	Estimates	Prior Years	Liability
2018-2019	338,816	566,866	(505,656)	400,026
2019-2020	400,026	534,481	(618,553)	315,954
2020-2021	315,954	664,131	(684,076)	296,009

Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund

Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund (Authority) is a joint powers authority created by certain Northern California cities to provide claims processing administrative services, risk management service and actuarial studies for the Authority as a whole. The Workers Compensation Program comprises a banking layer for claims up to \$100,000 and a Shared Risk Pool for claims from \$100,000 to \$500,000. Excess commercial insurance coverage is provided for claims over the shared risk layers. The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of officials appointed by each member. The activities of the Authority include setting and collecting premiums, administering and paying claims and related expenses and investing the Authority's excess funds.

Shared Risk Pool - Each member is assessed a contribution which is intended to cover its share of the Authority's claims, operating costs and claim settlement expenses. Contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate for each coverage layer (pool), based on an estimate of the probable losses and expenses to be borne by that pool for the claim year. Additional cash contributions may be assessed on the basis of adverse loss experience. Refunds to members may be made if funds are determined to be surplus as a result of an actuarial study. Losses are allocated on the basis of each participant's share of cash contributions. All contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, based on the period covered by the contribution.

Banking Layer - The banking layer is the members' deductible portion of each claim. As part of its services to members, a portion of their contributions is used to pay their deductibles. If a member's balance is insufficient, the Authority advances the necessary amount and bills the member in the following year. Excess balances may likewise be used to offset subsequent year contributions.

The following is a summary of financial information of the Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Total Assets (Primary Investments)	\$ 77,647,453
Total Liability	\$ 53,668,397
Net Position	\$ 23,979,056
Total Revenues	\$ 24,672,100
Total Expenses	\$ 25,238,939
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (566,839)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 10 – Risk Management (Continued)

Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California

Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC) is a joint powers authority created by certain California Cities and special districts to provide claims processing administrative services, risk management services and actuarial studies for PARSAC as a whole.

The General Liability program, a shared risk pool, total coverage of \$35 million. The first one million dollar layer, in excess of the City's \$50,000 retention, per occurrence is covered by PARSAC. The second layer of four million dollars is insured by the California State Association of Counties (CSAC-EIA). The third layer of five million dollars is covered by Great American Insurance. The fourth layer of five million dollars is covered by Evanston Insurance Company/Lloyd's Syndicates. The fifth layer of ten million dollars is covered by Argonaut Insurance Company/Evanston Insurance Company. The sixth layer of ten million dollars is covered by Brit Global & Great American. The ultimate cost of the program to the City depends on the catastrophic losses of all members, as well as the City's own loss experience.

The following is a summary of audited financial information of PARSAC as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Total Assets (Primary Investments)	\$ 56,159,832
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 199,009
Total Liability	\$ 24,622,567
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 180,837
Net Position	\$ 31,555,437
Total Revenues	\$ 18,899,740
Total Expenses	\$ 16,823,564
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 2,076,176

Note 11 - City Agreements with Certain Other Governmental Units

El Dorado County Fire Protection District

The City entered into an agreement with the El Dorado County Fire Protection District (District) under which the District will provide fire protection and emergency medical services for the City. These services had been previously provided by the City Fire Department in the early 1990s.

The District is governed by its own Board of Directors and is not governed by the local government agencies that are serviced by it. All City Fire Department personnel, vehicles and equipment have been transferred to the District.

Effective with Fiscal Year 1993/1994 and all future years, the City's obligation for fire protection and emergency medical services shall be satisfied by District's receipt of the City's property tax revenue, even if such amount is reduced by future shifts to the State of California.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, City property tax revenue assigned to the District was \$1,978,480.

El Dorado County Transit Authority

El Dorado County Transit Authority was formed in November, 1993, as a joint powers authority to own, operate, and/or maintain a public transit system.

Note 11 - City Agreements with Certain Other Governmental Units (Continued)

El Dorado County Transportation Commission

El Dorado County Transportation Commission is a joint powers agency formed, in April 1995, for the purpose of engaging in regional transportation planning and the allocation of funds for transportation purposes.

Note 12 - Contingencies

A. Legal Actions

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City for which no provision has been made in the accompanying general-purpose financial statements. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not have an adverse material effect on the financial position of the City. The City is self-insured and participates in public entity risk pools (See Note 10).

B. Federal Grants

The City has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the federal government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowance under grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

C. Proposition 62

On September 28, 1995, the California Supreme Court reversed a Court of Appeals decision which reinstated provisions of Proposition 62 which was a 1986 voter initiative that required all general taxes to be approved by simple majority vote of the electorate. The Supreme Court provided very little detail on a number of important issues surrounding their decision, including, the effective date of the decision, whether the decision would be retroactive, and whether existing taxes would have to be put to a vote for them to remain valid. The decision will have minimal impact on the City's existing general tax structure.

D. Proposition 218

On November 5, 1996, Proposition 218 was approved by the voters. Proposition 218 is a constitutional amendment which addresses both taxes and assessments imposed, extended or increased without voter approval on or after January 1, 1995. Its effect on existing assessments is minimal. The constitutional amendment requires special districts and local governments, like the City of Placerville, to issue notices to affected ratepayers whenever property related charges and/or rates, such as sewer and water user rates, are proposed by the governing body. The said notices must be distributed to affected ratepayers at least forty-five days prior to adoption. If the City Council receives written protests that exceed 50% of the affected ratepayers, the proposed changes in charges and/or rates is negated.

Note 13 - Placerville Public Financing Authority Has Defaulted on Certain Revenue Bonds

Placerville Public Financing Authority (Authority) is a legal joint powers entity created by the City. The Authority's Board of Directors is comprised of the City's Council Members, City Manager and Assistant City Manager/Finance Director, and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the City. Neither the City nor the Authority have any obligation to advance its own funds toward payments to bondholders, other than the City's obligation to make payments on its sewer revenue bonds and an installment purchase agreement and to pay over assessment payments received from property owners as discussed below and the Authority's obligation to make payments from funds received from the City. Payments with respect to assessments secured by liens against real property benefiting from the issuance of bonds, plus any amounts held by the Trustee, are the sole security for payment to bondholders, other than payments on the City's sewer revenue bonds and an installment purchase agreement. In the event of delinquency in payment of assessment or supplemental assessments, the City is responsible for foreclosure and auction proceedings on assessed property.

Note 13 - Placerville Public Financing Authority Has Defaulted on Certain Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds and Revenue Bonds

In 1992, the City issued Limited Obligation Assessment bonds for its Assessment Districts 92-1 and 92-2, and then subsequently issued Limited Obligation Supplemental Assessment Bonds for Assessment District 92-1. In 1994, the City issued Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds for its Assessment Districts 94-1 and 94-2, and City Sewer Revenue Bonds. For the purpose of this discussion, the term "Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds" refers to all Assessment Bonds including the Supplemental issue.

The Authority issued its Revenue Bonds of 1992, Series A (Series A Bonds) and its Revenue Bonds of 1992, Series C (Series C Bonds) to purchase the City's 1992 Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds and Supplemental Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds. The Authority issued its Revenue Bonds of 1994 (Series 1994 Bonds) to purchase the City's 1994 Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds and Sewer Revenue Bonds.

The City issued Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds on behalf of improvement districts created to benefit property owners for a specific purpose, such as to finance local street, water and sewer improvements. Property owners in the designated districts were assessed amounts sufficient to cover the principal and interest costs of repaying the bonds. Annually, assessment installments are levied and placed on the County of El Dorado Property Tax Rolls. The Authority applied proceeds of the sale of its Series A and Series C Revenue Bonds to the purchase of the City's Assessment Bonds, which were then pledged as security for its Revenue Bonds. The City also issued Sewer Revenue Bonds for improvements related to its wastewater treatment plant, and to refund earlier bonds issued to finance such improvements. The Authority also applied proceeds of the sale of its Series 1994 Revenue Bonds to the purchase. The City has not defaulted on payment of the Sewer Revenue Bonds.

The following table summarizes the City's Limited Obligation Assessment bonds, Limited Obligation Supplemental Assessment bonds, revenue obligations payable from revenues of the City's Wastewater System as issued:

Bond Issue – Date	Aggregate Amount Issued	Authority Revenue Bonds Issued
AD 1992-1, March 1992	\$5,247,500	Series A - \$7,700,000
AD 1992-2, March 1992	\$1,533,202	Series A - \$7,700,000
AD 1992-1, June 1992	\$2,785,000	Series C - \$3,185,000
AD 1994-1, June 1994 ¹	\$2,660,000	
AD 1994-2, June 1994 ¹	\$4,855,000	Series 1994 - \$13,070,000 ¹
Sewer Revenue Bonds ¹	\$4,255,000	
Installment Purchase Agreement ²	\$17,215,000	Series 2006 - \$17,215,000 ²

¹ Paid in full.

The City is responsible for collecting the assessments levied against the property within the improvement districts and for disbursing these amounts to the Trustee, Union Bank, N.A., who further disburses the funds to ultimately retire the Authority's Revenue Bonds.

Defaults

In March, 1998, the Authority defaulted on the regularly scheduled interest payment due on its Revenue Bonds of 1992, Series C (Series C Bonds). The Authority's default was the result of the City of Placerville's default on Limited Obligation Supplemental Assessment Bonds issued and secured by supplemental assessment liens on real property within the City's Assessment District 92-1 (AD 92-1). The City's default was the result of the nonpayment of supplemental assessments by owners of property within AD 92-1.

 $^{^2}$ Issued in 2006. Not in default.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 13 - Placerville Public Financing Authority Has Defaulted on Certain Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Defaults (Continued)

In March, 1998, the Authority defaulted on the regularly scheduled interest payment due on its Revenue Bonds of 1992, Series C (Series C Bonds). The Authority's default was the result of the City of Placerville's default on Limited Obligation Supplemental Assessment Bonds issued and secured by supplemental assessment liens on real property within the City's Assessment District 92-1 (AD 92-1). The City's default was the result of the nonpayment of supplemental assessments by owners of property within AD 92-1.

In September, 2003, the Authority defaulted on the regularly scheduled interest payment due on its Series A Bonds. The Authority's default was the result of the City of Placerville's defaults over several years on Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds issued and secured by assessment liens on real property within the City's Assessment District 92-1 (AD 92-1) and assessment liens on real property within the City's Assessment District 92-2 (AD 92-2). The City's defaults were the result of the nonpayment of assessments by owners of property within AD 92-1 and AD 92-2.

Series 1994 Revenue bond technical defaults, or drawdowns of reserve funds, also occurred as a result of nonpayment of assessments by owners of property within the City's Assessment District 94-1. Due to property owners' continued nonpayment of assessments and supplemental assessments, the City defaulted on the required cash flows for the payment of the City's Limited Obligation Original and Supplemental Assessment Bonds. When property owners fail to pay their assessments, the Assessment Bonds are not being paid and therefore there are no, or insufficient, cash flows to pay the Authority's Revenue Bonds (other than funds held by the Trustee). As necessary, the Revenue Bond Reserve Fund is drawn down to pay the bondholders until the Fund is depleted.

The Revenue Bond Reserve Funds were drawn down to pay the Series A and Series C Bonds. The Reserve Funds for the Series A and Series C bonds have been completely depleted. These Revenue Bonds and the assessment bonds sharing them are in default. After the reserve funds were depleted, scheduled principal and interest payments for the Authority's Series A and C Bonds were not paid.

Since the default on the Series A Bonds and the Series C Bonds, the City has collected some delinquent assessments and some delinquent supplemental assessments resulting from the sale of certain properties within the districts, including some sold at County tax sales. The amounts collected have been disbursed to the Trustee for further disbursement to the bondholders or are held by the City for payment to the Trustee.

While the City does not have an obligation to advance its own funds to pay the defaulted Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds, the City does have administrative responsibilities such as judicial foreclosure and sale by auction of delinquent properties. The City has obtained a judgment of foreclosure on all properties subject to default.

Although the AD 92-1 AD 92-2 bonds matured in 2012, delinquent assessments and supplemental assessments remain resulting in continued default of past principal and interest payments. The City and Authority are exploring work out options for the remaining parcels with delinquent assessments.

In a different scenario from the Series A Bonds and the Series C Bonds, through a procedure connected with a foreclosure sale, a credit bid by the City and a corresponding sale to a new developer, the AD 94-1 Bonds were paid in full. The foreclosure payments, as well as remaining funds in the Construction Fund, were transmitted to the Trustee for a partial redemption of the Series 1994 Bonds.

In addition, the owners of the parcels in the City's Assessment District 94-2 (AD 94-2) prepaid their assessments. The payments were transmitted to the Trustee for a partial redemption of Series 1994.

The remaining Series 1994 Revenue Bonds of the Authority, and City's 1994 Sewer Revenue Bonds, have been paid in full in connection with the Authority's issuance of its \$17,215,000 Revenue Bonds (Wastewater System Refinancing and Improvement Project), Series 2006, payable from installment payments by the City's Wastewater System pursuant to an installment purchase agreement.

Note 14 – Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning net position at July 1, 2020 of the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements was restated as follows:

	Α	ic Financing authority todial Fund	Other Custodial Funds	Total		
Net position, as previously reported, at July 1, 2020	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
To implement GASB 84		152,517	188,778		341,295	
Net position at July 1, 2020, as restated	\$	152,517	\$ 188,778	\$	341,295	

Note 15 – Subsequent Events

American Rescue Plan Act

On March, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act was signed into delivering \$65 billion of direct and flexible aid to cities and towns across the nation to provide substantial flexibility for each government to meet local needs—including support for households, small businesses, impacted industries, essential workers, and the communities hardest hit by the crisis. Based on the City's population, the City was allocated \$2,673,298 and received in two installments starting July 2021.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budget Comparison Schedules – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original		Amended			
	 Budget		Budget		Actual	 Variance
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ 303,824	\$	317,880	\$	325,255	\$ 7,375
Sales tax	5,422,200		5,409,250		6,112,754	703,504
Transient occupancy taxes	200,950		177,834		189,513	11,679
Other taxes	213,172		226,358		178,948	(47,410
Franchise fees	339,668		355,572		420,514	64,942
Licenses and permits	124,220		150,869		175,501	24,632
Fines and forfeitures	66,208		66,671		66,214	(45)
Use of money and property	52,608		35,041		87,271	52,23
Intergovernmental	1,015,692		1,048,077		1,051,135	3,05
Charges for services	530,174		380,605		376,488	(4,11
Other revenues	567,491		567,491		567,491	
Total Revenues	 8,836,207		8,735,648		9,551,084	 815,43
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	2,536,712		2,542,158		2,760,780	(218,62
Public safety	3,109,006		2,905,424		3,085,087	(179,66
Highways and streets	607,402		636,437		630,825	5,61
Community development	635,370		655,609		705,813	(50,20
Parks and recreation	1,690,583		1,441,367		1,363,086	78,28
Total Expenditures	 8,579,073		8,180,995		8,545,591	(364,59
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 257,134		554,653		1,005,493	 450,840
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	291,573		291,573		317,037	25,46
Transfers out	(533,685)		(558,142)		(562,082)	 (3,94
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (242,112)	_	(266,569)		(245,045)	21,52
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 15,022	\$	288,084		760,448	\$ 472,36
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year					1,938,548	
End of year				•	2,698,996	

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Transportation Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		ginal	Amended		
	Bu	dget	 Budget	Actual	 ariance
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 9,020,000	\$ 9,016,640	\$ (3,360)
Total Revenues		-	 9,020,000	9,016,640	 (3,360)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Highways and streets		-	 9,800,000	9,792,690	7,310
Total Expenditures		-	 9,800,000	 9,792,690	7,310
REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER EXPENDITURES)			 (780,000)	(776,050)	 3,950
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		-	 3,050,000	3,049,587	(413)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	 3,050,000	3,049,587	(413)
Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ 2,270,000	2,273,537	\$ 3,537
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year				 1,167,681	
End of year				\$ 3,441,218	

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Measure J Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	 Variance
REVENUES:				
Sales tax	\$ 1,086,735	\$ 1,134,000	\$ 1,351,131	\$ 217,131
Use of money and property	 	 	 	 -
Total Revenues	 1,086,735	 1,134,000	 1,351,131	 217,131
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	10,000	11,340	13,517	(2,177)
Public safety	1,451,749	 1,388,833	 1,450,354	 (61,521)
Total Expenditures	 1,461,749	 1,400,173	 1,463,871	 (63,698)
REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER EXPENDITURES)	 (375,014)	(266,173)	(112,740)	 153,433
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	 375,014	266,173	196,000	 (70,173)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 375,014	266,173	196,000	 (70,173)
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$ 	83,260	\$ 83,260
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year			176,453	
End of year			\$ 259,713	

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Measure L Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Original Budget	Amended Budget			Actual	,	Variance
REVENUES:	 _						
Sales tax	\$ 2,199,726	\$	2,268,000	\$	2,728,342	\$	460,342
Use of money and property	 33,286		20,296		16,414		(3,882)
Total Revenues	 2,233,012		2,288,296		2,744,756		456,460
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	575,000		(3,300,000)		(3,298,826)		1,174
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 575,000		(3,300,000)		(3,298,826)		1,174
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2,808,012	\$	(1,011,704)		(554,070)	\$	457,634
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					3,685,819		
End of year				\$	3,131,749		

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Development Impact Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Orig	inal	1	Amended			
	Buc	lget		Budget	 Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	6,800	\$ 6,879	\$	79
Charges for services		-		99,000	98,703		(297)
Grant revenues		-		280,000	279,541		(459)
Total Revenues		-		385,800	 385,123		(677)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Highways and streets		-		341,000	340,522		478
Total Expenditures		-		341,000	 340,522		478
Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	44,800	44,601	\$	(199)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					1,583,672		
End of year					\$ 1,628,273		

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual budget adopted by the City Council provides for the general operation of the City. The annual budget is adopted by the City Council in June of each year for all funds. The resolution sets a combined appropriation of the funds for the operation of the City.
- 2. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments and line items to assure adequate and proper standards of service. Budgetary revisions, including supplemental appropriations which increase appropriations in individual funds and transfers between funds, must be approved by the City Council. The budgetary level of control is at the fund level. The budgeted figures used in the financial statements are the final amended amounts.
- 3. The budget is formally integrated into the accounting system and employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- 4. Budgets for the governmental fund types are adopted and recorded on the modified basis of accounting on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Supplemental appropriations were adopted by the City Council and have been included in the statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance budget to actual. Budgets are also prepared for proprietary fund types, which include debt service principal payments, capital outlay, but do not include depreciation.

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations, and if certain proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller or refunded to the taxpayers through revised tax rates or revised fee schedules. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, proceeds of taxes did not exceed allowable appropriations.

The accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual for the General and all Major Special Revenue funds present comparisons of the legally-adopted budget with actual data on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

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Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Miscellaneous Plan														
Measurement period, year ended	6	/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2015	6	5/30/2014 1
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0	0.3026100%		0.3023200%		0.3024169%		0.2922869%		0.1180300%		0.1279368%		0.1167000%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	12,764,462	\$	12,106,299	\$	11,397,227	\$	11,522,089	\$	10,213,253	\$	8,781,468	\$	7,270,669
Plan's covered payroll	\$	3,590,976	\$	3,486,384	\$	3,573,174	\$	3,469,101	\$	3,368,059	\$	3,269,960	\$	3,174,719
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		355.46%		338.81%		318.97%		332.13%		303.24%		268.55%		229.02%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 2	22,035,899	\$	21,858,639	\$	21,834,428	\$	20,599,097	\$	18,384,211	\$	18,751,097	\$	20,035,468
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		63.32%		64.36%		65.70%		64.13%		64.29%		68.11%		73.37%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$	1,126,569	\$	993,063	\$	892,071	\$	821,706	\$	758,296	\$	563,533	\$	547,119

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

Safety Plan

Measurement period, year ended	6/30/2020	6/30/2019		6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2015		6	/30/2014 1
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.121160%		0.119580%		0.118760%		0.115576%		0.070494%		0.073132%		0.071310%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,071,829	\$	7,464,858	\$	6,968,396	\$	6,905,882	\$	6,099,938	\$	5,019,871	\$	4,440,588
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 1,373,049	\$	1,333,057	\$	1,294,230	\$	1,256,534	\$	1,219,936	\$	1,184,404	\$	1,149,907
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	587.88%		559.98%		538.42%		549.60%		500.02%		423.83%		386.17%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 17,734,181	\$	16,504,858	\$	16,101,982	\$	14,268,522	\$	12,997,857	\$	13,914,172	\$	13,946,181
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.72%		68.86%		69.80%		67.39%		68.06%		73.49%		75.85%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 762,764	\$	668,141	\$	568,532	\$	488,725	\$	457,324	\$	332,478	\$	322,794

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Miscellaneous Plan

		1,119	centine ous	_ 10111			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,209,148	\$ 1,126,569	\$ 993,063	\$ 892,071	\$ 821,706	\$ 758,296	\$ 563,533
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(1,209,148)	(1,126,569)	(993,063)	(892,071)	(821,706)	(758,296)	(563,533)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 3,698,705	\$ 3,590,976	\$ 3,486,384	\$ 3,573,174	\$ 3,469,101	\$ 3,368,059	\$ 3,269,960
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	32.69%	31.37%	28.48%	24.97%	23.69%	22.51%	17.23%

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2020 were derived from the June 30, 2017 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation 2.63%

Salary increases Varies based on entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.875%

Investment rate of return 7.000% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

and 2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

2011. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality

improvement using Scale BB published by the Actuaries.

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Safety Plan													
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15						
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 799,484	\$ 762,764	\$ 668,141	\$ 568,532	\$ 488,725	\$ 457,324	\$ 332,478						
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(799,484)	(762,764)	(668,141)	(568,532)	(488,725)	(457,324)	(332,478)						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Covered payroll	\$ 1,414,240	\$ 1,373,049	\$ 1,333,057	\$ 1,294,230	\$ 1,256,534	\$ 1,219,936	\$ 1,184,404						
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	56.53%	55.55%	50.12%	43.93%	38.89%	37.49%	28.07%						

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2020 were derived from the June 30, 2017 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation 2.63%

Salary increases Varies based on entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.875%

Investment rate of return 7.000% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and

2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using

Scale BB published by the Actuaries.

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Measurement period, year ending:		6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2018	6/30/2017 1		
Total OPEB liability				0,00,2015		0,00,2010			
Service cost	\$	367,057	\$	320,283	\$	275,001	\$	288,351	
Interest	*	101,733	*	112,667	•	124,596	•	104,326	
Changes of benefit terms		- ,		- -		- -		- ,- · ,- · -	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(735,966)		-		-	
Changes of assumptions		192,870		297,706		189,551		(178,820)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(171,420)		(108,058)		(93,565)		(116,520)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		490,240		(113,368)		495,583		97,337	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,870,453		3,983,821		3,488,238		3,390,901	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	4,360,693	\$	3,870,453	\$	3,983,821	\$	3,488,238	
OPEB fiduciary net position								_	
Contributions - employer	\$	171,420	\$	108,058	\$	93,565	\$	116,520	
Net investment income		-		-		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(171,420)		(108,058)		(93,565)		(116,520)	
Administrative expense									
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-		-		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning								-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)						_		-	
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,360,693	\$	3,870,453	\$	3,983,821	\$	3,488,238	
Plan fiduciary net position as a									
percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,603,614	\$	6,585,298	\$	6,783,602	\$	6,361,144	
Plan net OPEB liability as a									
percentage of covered-employee payroll		66.03%		58.77%		58.73%		54.84%	

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Gas		Parking				AD, CFD,
		Tax		District		Grants	8	k LLMD
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	461,918	\$	254,605	\$	150,039	\$	307,152
Receivables:								
Accounts		37,093		30,302		503,576		596
Interest		232		134		-		115
Loans		-		-		693,990		-
Due from other funds		-		656		-		-
Total assets	\$	499,243	\$	285,697	\$	1,347,605	\$	307,863
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	4,979	\$	433	\$	4,876
Deposits payable		-		2,259		-		-
Advances from other funds		_		134,552		10,546		
Total liabilities		-		141,790		10,979		4,876
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues		-		-		693,990		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		693,990		
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		499,243		143,907		642,636		302,987
Committed		-		-		-		
Total fund balances		499,243		143,907		642,636		302,987
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	499,243	\$	285,697	\$	1,347,605	\$	307,863

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds				
		Capital		Park		
ACCEPTED	Projects		De	velopment		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	258,095	\$	114,787	\$	1,546,596
Receivables:						
Accounts		-		-		571,567
Interest		42		47		570
Loans		-		-		693,990
		_		_		656
Total assets	\$	258,137	\$	114,834	\$	2,813,379
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	2,600	\$	-	\$	12,888
Deposits payable		-		-		2,259
Advances from other funds		_		_		145,098
Total liabilities		2,600				160,245
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenues						693,990
Total deferred inflows of resources						693,990
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		_		114,834		1,703,607
Committed		255,537		-		255,537
Total fund balances		255,537		114,834		1,959,144
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	258,137	\$	114,834	\$	2,813,379

(Concluded)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Gas Tax	Parking District	Grants	BAD, CFD, & LLMD			
REVENUES:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ 51,266	\$ -	\$ -			
Use of money and property	1,569	1,247	6,260	922			
Intergovernmental	466,450	-	198,736	-			
Charges for services	-	133,974	-	79,395			
Grant revenues			284,825				
Total revenues	468,019	186,487	489,821	80,317			
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	-	53,310	58,647	-			
Public safety	-	-	247,115	-			
Highways and streets	6,072	110,168	-	9,164			
Parks and recreation	-	_		26,707			
Total expenditures	6,072	163,478	305,762	35,871			
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	461,947	23,009	184,059	44,446			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-	8,656	-	-			
Transfers out	(238,045)	(8,395)	(82,701)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(238,045)	261	(82,701)				
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	223,902	23,270	101,358	44,446			
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year	275,341	120,637	541,278	258,541			
End of year	\$ 499,243	\$ 143,907	\$ 642,636	\$ 302,987			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds					Total Other
	Ca	pital piects	Park Development		Gov	vernmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,266
Use of money and property		-	4	29		10,427
Intergovernmental		1,014		-		666,200
Charges for services		-	7,8	26		221,195
Grant revenues						284,825
Total revenues		1,014	8,2	55		1,233,913
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		204,939		-		316,896
Public safety		-		-		247,115
Highways and streets		8,697		-		134,101
Parks and recreation		944		-		27,651
Total expenditures		214,580				725,763
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(213,566)	8,2	55		508,150
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		185,006		_		193,662
Transfers out		-		-		(329,141)
Total other financing sources (uses)		185,006		-		(135,479)
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(28,560)	8,2	55		372,671
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year		284,097	106,5	79_		1,586,473
End of year	\$	255,537	\$ 114,8	34	\$	1,959,144

(Concluded)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	0		Amended Budget				Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:				_		_			
Use of money and property	\$	2,000	\$	1,900	\$	1,569	\$	(331)	
Intergovernmental		478,475		470,965		466,450		(4,515)	
Total Revenues		480,475		472,865		468,019		(4,846)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Highways and streets		30,000		1,072		6,072		(5,000)	
Total Expenditures		30,000		1,072		6,072		(5,000)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		450,475		471,793		461,947		(9,846)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out		(291,573)		(276,141)		(238,045)		38,096	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(291,573)		(276,141)		(238,045)		38,096	
Change in Fund Balance	\$	158,902	\$	195,652		223,902	\$	28,250	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year						275,341			
End of year					\$	499,243			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Parking District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Amended Budget Budget		Actual		 ⁷ ariance	
REVENUES:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 93,540	\$	54,929	\$	51,266	\$ (3,663)
Use of money and property	1,000		1,488		1,247	(241)
Charges for services	 213,458		142,588		133,974	(8,614)
Total Revenues	307,998		199,005		186,487	(12,518)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	92,180		92,576		53,310	39,266
Highways and streets	 120,918		120,988		110,168	 10,820
Total Expenditures	213,098		213,564		163,478	50,086
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	94,900		(14,559)		23,009	37,568
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	8,656		8,656		8,656	_
Transfers out	(8,395)		(8,395)		(8,395)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	261		261		261	-
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 95,161	\$	(14,298)		23,270	\$ 37,568
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year					120,637	
End of year				\$	143,907	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property			\$ 6,260	\$ 6,260
Intergovernmental	247,729	242,808	198,736	(44,072)
Grant revenues	116,649	253,974	284,825	30,851
Total Revenues	364,378	496,782	489,821	(6,961)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	75,630	63,582	58,647	4,935
Public safety	278,463	341,438	247,115	94,323
Total Expenditures	354,093	405,020	305,762	99,258
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,285	91,762	184,059	(106,219)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	84,017	(82,701)	(166,718)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	84,017	(82,701)	(166,718)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 10,285	\$ 91,762	101,358	\$ (106,219)
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			541,278	
End of year			\$ 642,636	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-BAD, CFD, & LLMD Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ 3,000	\$	1,697	\$	922	\$	(775)
Charges for services	78,719		78,719		79,395		676
Total Revenues	81,719		80,416		80,317		(99)
	81,719				•		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Highways and streets	46,943		27,352		9,164		18,188
Parks and recreation	34,776		34,236		26,707		7,529
Total Expenditures	81,719		61,588		35,871		25,717
Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	18,828	\$	44,446	\$	25,618
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					258,541		
End of year				\$	302,987		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Capital Projects Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Amended Budget Budget		Actual		ariance	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$		\$ 1,000	\$ 1,014	\$	(14)
Total Revenues			1,000	 1,014		(14)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		-	205,000	204,939		61
Highways and streets		-	-	8,697		(8,697)
Parks and recreation			1,000	944		56
Total Expenditures			 206,000	214,580		(8,580)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			(205,000)	 (213,566)		(8,594)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in			185,000	185,006		6
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			185,000	 185,006		6
Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ (20,000)	(28,560)	\$	(8,588)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year				284,097		
End of year				\$ 255,537		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Park Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Amended Budget				Variance	
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	400	\$	429	\$	29
Charges for services	<u> </u>		8,000		7,826		(174)
Total Revenues		_	8,400		8,255		(145)
Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	8,400		8,255	\$	(145)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					106,579		
End of year				\$	114,834		

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2121 North California, Suite 290 Walnut Creek, California 94596







REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Placerville, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Walnut Creek, California September 30, 2022