City of Placerville

Placerville, California

Annual Financial Report and Independent Auditors' Reports

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared By the The Finance Department of the City of Placerville

CITY OF PLACERVILLE Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

www.pungroup.cpa

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Placerville, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California Page 2

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as listed in the accompanying tables of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Placerville Placerville, California Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 20, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Pur Group, LIP

Walnut Creek, California July 20, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Placerville, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activity, identify changes in the City's financial position, and to identify any material changes in the approved operating and capital budgets.

Financial Highlights - Primary Government

- The City's net position at the end of the year was \$82.55M, an increase of \$2.93M. The portion of the City's net position that were unrestricted and available to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors totaled a deficit of \$(15.33)M.
- The governmental net position increased by \$2.01M or 3.50%, and the business-type net position increased by \$0.92M or 4.15%.
- Program revenues from governmental activities decreased by \$6.96M or 58.92%. Program revenues from business-type activities increased by \$0.48M or 5.24%. General revenues, net of transfers, increased \$2.13M or 15.40%.

City Highlights

- Continued construction of the Western Placerville Interchange, Phase 2.2 On-ramp, \$0.67M
- Completed construction of the Conrad Street Sewer Line Replacement-Coloma Street to Cottage Street, \$0.41M
- Completed construction of the Benham Street Pavement Rehabilitation, \$0.21M
- Continued design phase of the Placerville Drive Bicycle & Pedestrian Facility Improvements, \$0.13M
- Began design phase of the Broadway Maintenance, \$0.13M
- Continued design phase of the Placerville Drive Bridge Widening, \$0.12M
- Completed construction of the Hangtown Creek Retaining Wall Repair, \$0.12M
- Continued construction of the Water Valve Replacements, \$0.11M

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They are comprised of the statement of net position and statement of activities and changes in net position. The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or weakening. This statement, unlike previous financial statements prior to implementing GASB 34, combines and consolidates the governmental funds' current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. The statement of activities and changes in net position presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., interest expense due but unpaid). Both of the above government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, community development and recreation and parks. The business-type activities of the City include the two municipal utilities: water acquisition and delivery and wastewater collection and treatment.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The fund financial statements provide detail information about each of the City's most significant funds, called *major funds*. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each *major fund* is presented individually, with all *nonmajor funds* summarized and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*. The City has eleven governmental funds, of which five are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the City's major funds – the General Fund, the Transportation Development Fund, the Measure J Fund, the Measure L Fund, and the Development Impact Fund. Data from the other seven non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds – *enterprise funds* and *internal service funds*. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the two municipal utilities; water acquisition and distribution and wastewater collection and treatment. Internal service funds are used to account for its risk management activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The fund financial statements for the proprietary funds provide separate information for the municipal utilities. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated column in the proprietary fund statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* providing budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, the Transportation Development Fund, the Measure J Fund, the Measure L Fund, and the Development Impact Fund.

Government-Wide Statements

Statement of Net Position.

The City's net position at the end of the year was \$82.55M, an increase of \$2.93M. The governmental net position increased by \$2.01M or 3.50% and the business-type net position increased by \$0.92M or 4.15%. The increase in governmental net position is primarily due to a \$0.46M or 29.24% increase in charges for services and a \$1.80M or 14.41% increase in general revenues and transfers. The City and its contractors completed \$2.88M in capital projects as of June 30, 2022. Please see the "Capital Assets" section below for more details.

			(amo	June 30, unts expressed		cands)							
	Governmental Activities					Business Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	F	Y 20/21	F	¥ 21/22	F	Y 20/21	I	FY 21/22	F	FY 20/21	F	Y 21/22	
Current assets	\$	10,207	\$	9,966	\$	7,493	\$	10,009	\$	17,700	\$	19,975	
Restricted Assets		8,030		11,994		1,865		97		9,895		12,091	
Capital assets		61,507		63,128		64,641		63,158	_	126,148		126,286	
Total assets		79,744		85,088		73,999		73,264		153,743		158,352	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,789		3,931		842		949		4,631		4,880	
Current liabilities		3,816		2,566		2,313		2,556		6,129		5,122	
Noncurrent liabilities		21,476		16,529		50,009		45,255		71,485		61,784	
Total liabilities		25,292		19,095		52,322		47,811		77,614		66,906	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		907		10,582		232		3,191		1,139		13,773	
Net position:													
Net investment in capital assets		60,719		62,426		18,264		19,992		78,983		82,418	
Restricted		10,965		13,240		3,480		2,226		14,445		15,466	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(14,350)		(16,324)		543		993		(13,807)		(15,331)	
Total net position	\$	57,334	\$	59,342	\$	22,287	\$	23,211	\$	79,621	\$	82,553	

Net Position June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position

Program revenues from governmental activities decreased \$6.96M or 58.92%. The decrease is primarily due to a \$7.20M decrease in capital and grants and contributions, which are one-time in nature. General revenues, net of transfers, increased \$2.13M or 15.40%. This net increase is primarily due to a \$1.54M or 13.29% increase in local sales tax revenues. Program revenues from business-type activities increased by \$0.48M or 5.24% which was due to a \$0.33M increase in charges for services. Business-type revenues exceeded expenditures by \$0.92M primarily due to the \$0.33M increase in charges for services and a \$0.33M increase in general revenues and transfers. Water Enterprise Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$0.38M which was primarily due to a \$0.23M decrease in operating expenses. Sewer Enterprise Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$0.03M which was primarily due to a \$0.51M increase operating revenues.

Budgetary Highlights - Current Year Impacts

• The City has an agreement with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) to provide pension benefits to City employees. Below are the annual employer pension contributions and the aggregate net pension liability as of June 30th:

					(unio avpres			N	let (Expe	nse)	Revenue a	nd Changes in I	Net Position
		Expe	enses	3	Program Revenues			G	Government Activities			Business-type Activities		
	FY 20/21 FY 21/22		FY 20/21		Y 21/22	FY 20/21 FY 21/22		FY	7 20/21	F	Y 21/22	FY 20/21	FY 21/22	
Governmental activities														
General government	\$	3,129	\$	7,089	\$	652	\$	988	\$	(2,477)	\$	(6,101)		
Public safety		5,300		5,954		510		500		(4,790)		(5,454)		
Highways and streets		1,705		1,199		9,997		2,433		8,292		1,234		
Community development		760		788		324		380		(436)		(408)		
Parks and recreation		1,584		2,100		326		551		(1,258)		(1,549)		
Total governmental activities		12,478		17,130		11,809		4,852		(669)		(12,278)		
Business-type activities														
Water		2,232		2,005		2,523		2,418					291	413
Sewer		6,358		8,344		6,616		7,200				-	258	(1,144)
Total business-type activities		8,590		10,349		9,139		9,618				-	549	(731)
Total primary government	\$	21,068	\$	27,479	\$	20,948	\$	14,470						
			Ge	neral reve	enues	and trans	fers			12,487		14,286	1,327	1,655
			Ch	anges in 1	iet po	osition				11,818		2,008	1,876	924
				et Positior	-									
			В	eginning o	of yea	ur				45,516		57,334	20,411	22,287

Condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2022 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Contributions	Aggregate Net Pension Liability
2017/2018	1,420,677	18,742,982
2018/2019	1,661,204	18,365,623
2019/2020	1,876,941	19,571,157
2020/2021	2,370,339	21,325,257
2021/2022	2,174,786	15,196,362

End of year

Additional information about the City's pension plans can be found in Note 7 – Public Employee Retirement System.

57,334

S

59,342

\$

22,287

S

23,211

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

The fund financial statements present financial data for the general, special revenue, capital projects and fiduciary funds. At the close of Fiscal Year 2021/2022, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$17.88M an increase of \$4.76M or 36.25%.

In November 2016, Placerville voters approved Measure L, which is a 0.50% add on sales tax dedicated to paying for street, wastewater system and water system improvements. The Measure L sales tax became effective April 1, 2017, and generated \$3.22M during Fiscal Year 2021/2022. The Measure L Fund provided \$0.96M for street, sewer system, and water system infrastructure improvements during the fiscal year.

General Fund. Total fund balance for the General Fund on June 30, 2022 was \$4.43M, an increase of \$1.73M or 63.99% from the prior year. Of the \$4.43M fund balance, \$2.52M is available for contingencies. The \$2.52M unassigned balance represents 27.03% of General Fund expenditures, net of fund transfers.

Business Type Funds

The City's proprietary funds, excluding internal service funds, provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As discussed in the business-type activities above, the business-type net position increased by \$0.92M or 4.15% which was primarily due to a \$0.64M increase in charges for services.

In November 2010, Placerville voters approved Measure H, which is a 0.25% add on sales tax dedicated to paying for wastewater and/or water related debt and infrastructure replacement costs. The Measure H sales tax became effective April 1, 2011, and generated \$1.59M in Fiscal Year 2021/2022. The Measure H Fund provided \$0.52M for Sewer Enterprise Fund debt service payments and \$0.56M in contributions towards capitalized sewer and water infrastructure improvements during the fiscal year.

At its meeting held on February 13, 2018, the City Council adopted new five-year water and wastewater user rate schedules that became effective February 16, 2018. Effective June 16, 2022, the water and wastewater rates were increased by an additional 4.50% and 3.00% respectively.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Debt Administration

Long Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$43.87M in long term debt outstanding compared to \$47.17M last year, a \$3.30M or 6.99% net decrease. The decrease is primarily due to debt service payments made in Fiscal Year 2021/2022. Details of all debt are included in Note 5 of the *notes to the basic financial statements*.

Capital Assets

Capital asset additions for Fiscal Year 2021/2022 include:

Governmental Activities

- Continued construction of the Western Placerville Interchange, Phase 2.2 On-ramp, \$0.67M
- Completed construction of the Benham Street Pavement Rehabilitation, \$0.21M
- Continued design phase of the Placerville Drive Bicycle & Pedestrian Facility Improvements, \$0.13M
- Began design phase of the Broadway Maintenance, \$0.13M
- Continued design phase of the Placerville Drive Bridge Widening, \$0.12M

Governmental Capital Assets June 30, 2022

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	E	Balance						В	alance
	June	e 30, 2021	А	dditions	Deletions		Transfers	June 30, 2022	
Non-Depreciable Assets:									
Land and improvements	\$	12,960	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$	12,960
Construction in progress		29,287		2,130		-			31,417
Total nondepreciable assets		42,247		2,130		-			44,377
Depreciable Assets:									
Buildings and structures		12,892		-		-		-	12,892
Machinery and equipment		3,343		242		-		-	3,585
Infrastructure		15,436		-		_		-	15,436
Total depreciable assets		31,671		242		_		-	31,913
Less accumulated depreciation		(12,411)		(751)		-			(13,162)
Total governmental activities	\$	61,507	\$	1,621	\$	-	Ş.	- \$	63,128

Business Type Activities

- Completed construction of the Conrad Street Sewer Line Replacement-Coloma Street to Cottage Street, \$0.41M
- Completed construction of the Hangtown Creek Retaining Wall Repair, \$0.12M
- Continued construction of the Water Valve Replacements, \$0.11M

Business-Type Capital Assets June 30, 2022

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Balance e 30, 2021	Ad	lditions	Dele	etions	Tran	nsfers	alance 30, 2022
Non-depreciable Assets:								
Land and improvements	\$ 2,329	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,329
Construction in progress	4,913		752		-		-	5,665
Total nondepreciable assets	7,242		752		-		-	 7,994
Depreciable Assets:								
Buildings and structures	74,392		-		-		-	74,392
Machinery and equipment	1,423		16		-		-	1,439
Infrastructure	54,331		-		-		-	54,331
Total depreciable assets	 130,146		16		-		-	 130,162
Less accumulated depreciation	(72,747)		(2,251)		-		-	(74,998)
Total depreciable assets, net	 57,399		(2,235)		-		-	55,164
Total business-type activities	\$ 64,641	Ş	(1,483)	\$	-	Ş	-	\$ 63,158

Other Information

The Placerville Public Financing Authority

As discussed in Note 13 of the *notes to the basic financial statements*, the Placerville Public Finance Authority has defaulted on certain Revenue Bonds. That default was the product of a default on certain assessment bonds issued by the City of Placerville on behalf of improvement districts created by the City in response to a petition by property owners for a specific purpose. The City is not obligated to pay the assessment bonds with any funds other than assessments levied against the properties within those districts.

The Authority is a separate legal entity with the Authority's Board of Directors being comprised of the City's Council Members, City Manager and Assistant City Manager/Director of Finance. The Authority has accountability for all funds, the power to execute contracts, and the right to sue and be sued. Obligations and liabilities of the Authority are not general obligations of the City.

Neither the City nor the Authority has any obligation to advance its own funds toward payments to bondholders. Payments with respect to assessments secured by liens against real property benefiting from the issuance of bonds, plus any amounts remaining from the proceeds of bond issues are the sole security for payment to bondholders. In the event of default, the City is responsible for foreclosure and auction proceedings on the property.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of its citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Placerville, Assistant City Manager/Director of Finance, 3101 Center Street, Placerville, CA 95667.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

			Prima	ry Government	t	
		rernmental	Bu	siness-Type		
	A	ctivities		Activities		Total
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	1,213,304	\$	6,365,973	\$	7,579,277
Receivables:						
Accounts		8,853,103		303,423		9,156,526
Interest		1,759		5,312		7,071
Utility billings, net		-		3,060,096		3,060,096
Inventory		14,048		-		14,048
Prepaid items		158,114		-		158,114
Internal balances		(274,536)		274,536		-
Total current assets		9,965,792		10,009,340		19,975,132
Restricted:						
Cash and investments		9,607,226		-		9,607,226
Deposits held by fiscal agents		169,129		96,778		265,907
Receivables:						
Accounts		1,522,345		-		1,522,345
Interest		8,648		-		8,648
Loans		686,385		-		686,385
Total restricted assets		11,993,733		96,778		12,090,511
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		44,377,614		7,994,199		52,371,813
Depreciable, net		18,750,907		55,164,130		73,915,037
Total capital assets, net		63,128,521		63,158,329		126,286,850
Total Assets		85,088,046		73,264,447		158,352,493
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension related deferred outflows of resources		3,669,216		854,754		4,523,970
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources		261,905		94,354		356,259
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,931,121	_	949,108		4,880,229

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2022

]	Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
Liabilities:	Activities	Activities	Total
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	913,022	361,914	1,274,936
Payroll and related taxes payable	206,608	501,914	206,608
Deposits	47,751	34,403	82,154
Interest payable	1,731	96 , 907	98,638
Unearned revenue	949,224	90,907	949,224
Current portion of compensated absences	341,934	-	341,934
Current portion of long-term debt	106,030	2,062,939	2,168,969
Total current liabilities	2,566,300	2,556,163	5,122,463
Long-term liabilities:	2,500,500	2,550,105	5,122,405
Compensated absences	695,853	-	695,853
Claims payable	297,987	-	297,987
Long-term debt, net	596,182	41,103,043	41,699,225
Total OPEB liability	2,862,995	1,031,422	3,894,417
Aggregate net pension liability	12,075,974	3,120,388	15,196,362
Total long-term liabilities	16,528,991	45,254,853	61,783,844
Total Liabilities	19,095,291	47,811,016	66,906,307
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred inflows of resources	9,759,537	2,895,302	12,654,839
OPEB related deferred inflows of resources	822,085	296,165	1,118,250
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,581,622	3,191,467	13,773,089
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	62,426,309	19,992,347	82,418,656
Capital projects	-	2,225,752	2,225,752
Special projects and programs	13,239,789		13,239,789
Total restricted	13,239,789	2,225,752	15,465,541
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(16,323,844)	992,973	(15,330,871)
Total Net Position	\$ 59,342,254	\$ 23,211,072	\$ 82,553,326

City of Placerville Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Program	Reve	nues	
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Intributions	Total
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 7,088,536	\$	747,417	\$	-	\$	240,615	\$ 988,032
Public safety	5,953,693		100,531		124,503		274,808	499,842
Highways and streets	1,198,921		361,487		499,202		1,572,236	2,432,925
Community development	787,645		378,994		-		1,056	380,050
Parks and recreation	 2,099,871		465,227		-		85,461	 550,688
Total governmental activities	 17,128,666		2,053,656		623,705		2,174,176	 4,851,537
Business-type activities:								
Water	2,005,183		2,417,784		-		-	2,417,784
Sewer	 8,343,894		7,046,223		-		154,266	 7,200,489
Total business-type activities	 10,349,077		9,464,007		-		154,266	 9,618,273
Total primary government	\$ 27,477,743	\$ 1	11,517,663	\$	623,705	\$	2,328,442	\$ 14,469,810

City of Placerville Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		et (Expense) Rever Changes in Net Pos	
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:			
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ (6,100,504)	\$ -	\$ (6,100,504)
Public safety	(5,453,851)	-	(5,453,851)
Highways and streets	1,234,004	-	1,234,004
Community development	(407,595)	-	(407,595)
Parks and recreation	(1,549,183)		(1,549,183)
Total governmental activities	(12,277,129)	-	(12,277,129)
Business-type activities:			
Water	-	412,601	412,601
Sewer		(1,143,405)	(1,143,405)
Total business-type activities	-	(730,804)	(730,804)
Total primary government	(12,277,129)	(730,804)	(13,007,933)
General revenues and transfers:			
Taxes:	220.070		220.070
Property Sales	338,868	-	338,868
Sales Motor vehicle	11,495,035	1,589,583	13,084,618
Other	1,069,199 1,179,034	-	1,069,199 1,179,034
		-	
Total taxes	14,082,136	1,589,583	15,671,719
Interest and investment earnings	35,873	16,652	52,525
Miscellaneous	130,716	85,503	216,219
Transfers	36,945	(36,945)	
Total general revenues and transfers	14,285,670	1,654,793	15,940,463
Changes in net position	2,008,541	923,989	2,932,530
Net Position:			
Beginning of year	57,333,713	22,287,083	79,620,796
End of year	\$ 59,342,254	\$ 23,211,072	\$ 82,553,326

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Placerville Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			Major	ijor Funds				
		General Fund	ansportation evelopment Fund		Aeasure J Fund	Ν	Measure L Fund	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	1,039,903	\$ 34,881	\$	-	\$	-	
Receivables:								
Accounts		1,573,572	7,279,531		-		-	
Interest		1,759	-		-		-	
Prepaids		158,114	-		-		-	
Inventories		14,048	-		-		-	
Due from other funds		491,260	-		-		-	
Advances to other funds Restricted:		1,730,000	-		-		-	
Cash and investments		-	-		138,069		4,926,356	
Receivables:					,		.,	
Accounts		-	-		224,513		455,930	
Interest		-	-		235		4,442	
Due from other funds		-	-		-		-	
Loans		-	 -		-		-	
Total assets	\$	5,008,656	\$ 7,314,412	\$	362,817	\$	5,386,728	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll and related liabilities Due to other funds Deposits payable Unearned revenue	\$	330,448 206,608 45,492	\$ 424,733	\$	3,300	\$	-	
Advances from other funds		-	2,315,253		-		-	
Total liabilities		582,548	 3,495,892		3,300			
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	 304,618 304,618		-		-	
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable Restricted Committed		1,902,162	- 3,513,902		- 359,517 -		- 5,386,728 -	
Unassigned		2,523,946	 -		-		-	
Total fund balances		4,426,108	 3,513,902		359,517		5,386,728	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	5,008,656	\$ 7,314,412	\$	362,817	\$	5,386,728	

City of Placerville Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	М	ajor Funds				
		evelopment Impact Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,074,784
Receivables:						
Accounts		-		-		8,853,103
Interest		-		-		1,759
Prepaids		-		-		158,114
Inventories Due from other funds		-		-		14,048 491,260
Advances to other funds		-		-		1,730,000
Restricted:		_		_		1,750,000
Cash and investments		1,971,577		2,571,224		9,607,226
Receivables:		, , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		- , ,		.,,
Accounts		186,050		655,852		1,522,345
Interest		1,691		2,280		8,648
Due from other funds		-		656		656
Loans		-		686,385		686,385
Total assets	\$	2,159,318	\$	3,916,397	\$	24,148,328
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	9,454	\$	102,938	\$	870,873
Payroll and related liabilities		-		-		206,608
Due to other funds		-		10,546		766,452
Deposits payable		-		2,259		47,751
Unearned revenue		-		949,224		949,224
Advances from other funds		-		126,157		2,441,410
Total liabilities		9,454		1,191,124		5,282,318
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenues		-		686,385		991,003
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		686,385		991,003
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		-		-		1,902,162
Restricted		2,149,864		1,829,778		13,239,789
Committed		-		209,110		209,110
Unassigned		-		-		2,523,946
Total fund balances		2,149,864		2,038,888		17,875,007
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	_\$	2,159,318	\$	3,916,397	\$	24,148,328
						(Concluded)

(Concluded)

City of Placerville Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 17,875,007
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in governmental funds Non-depreciable Depreciable	44,377,614 18,750,907
Total capital assets adjustment	 63,128,521
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	 (1,731)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position: Compensated absences - due within one year	(341,934)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year Claims payable - due in more than one year Long-term debt - due within one year	(695,853) (297,987) (106,030)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year Total reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	 (596,182) (2,037,986)
Plus: Amount reported in Internal Service Funds Claims payable - due in more than one year	297,987
Total reported in Internal Service Funds	 297,987
Net long-term liabilities	 (1,739,999)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(12,075,974)
Total OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(2,862,995)
Pension-related deferred outflows/inflows of resources in the governmental activities were not financial resources (uses) and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	3,669,216
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	(9,759,537)
OPEB-related deferred outflows/inflows of resources in the governmental activities were not financial resources (uses) and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources	261,905 (822,085)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds: Unavailable revenues	991,003
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds were included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	678,923
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 59,342,254

City of Placerville Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Major Funds						
	Transportation						
	General Fund		Development	Measure J	Measure L		
			Fund	Fund	Fund		
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$ 338	,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Sales tax	6,699	,052	-	1,589,812	3,206,171		
Transient occupancy taxes		,607	-		-		
Other taxes		,685	-	-	-		
Franchise fees		,743	-	-	-		
Licenses and permits		,435	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures		,100	-	-	-		
Use of money and property		,006	-	430	9,347		
Intergovernmental Charges for services	1,079		879,947	-	-		
Grant revenues	01	,285	-	-	-		
Other revenues	567	,491	-	-	-		
Total revenues	11,065	,947	879,947	1,590,242	3,215,518		
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Community development			1,714,838	15,898 1,474,540	-		
Parks and recreation	1,840		-	-	-		
Total expenditures	9,241		1,714,838	1,490,438			
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,824	,789	(834,891)	99,804	3,215,518		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	420	,899	907,575	-	-		
Transfers out		,576)	-	-	(960,539)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,677)	907,575		(960,539)		
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	1,727	,112	72,684	99,804	2,254,979		
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	2,698	,996	3,441,218	259,713	3,131,749		
End of year	\$ 4,420	,108	\$ 3,513,902	\$ 359,517	\$ 5,386,728		

City of Placerville Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Major Funds	77 - 1		
	Development	Other	Total Governmental Funds	
	Impact	Governmental		
	Fund	Funds		
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$	- \$ -	\$ 338,868	
Sales tax	-		11,495,035	
Transient occupancy taxes Other taxes	-		272,607 529,685	
Franchise fees	-	· -	376,743	
Licenses and permits			195,435	
Fines and forfeitures	-	. <u>-</u>	61,100	
Use of money and property	3,680	30,038	171,501	
Intergovernmental	-	627,538	2,587,160	
Charges for services	76,784		1,219,154	
Grant revenues	570,552	524,110	1,094,662	
Other revenues			567,491	
Total revenues	651,016	1,506,771	18,909,441	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government		193,863	2,987,155	
Public safety	-	386,439	5,106,801	
Highways and streets	129,425	312,934	2,790,369	
Community development			738,190	
Parks and recreation		84,801	1,931,381	
Total expenditures	129,425	978,037	13,553,896	
REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	521,591	528,734	5,355,545	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in		105,793	1,434,267	
Transfers out	-	(554,783)	(2,033,898)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(448,990)	(599,631)	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	521,591	79,744	4,755,914	
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	1,628,273	1,959,144	13,119,093	
End of year	\$ 2,149,864	\$ 2,038,888	\$ 17,875,007	

(Concluded)

City of Placerville Reconciliation of the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,755,914
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital asset acquisitions as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	2,372,181
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds.	(750,684)
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. This amount represented the change in accrued interest from prior year.	608
Repayment of long-term liabilities was an expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal payment of long-term debt	85,642
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in compensated absences	(48,494)
Changes in net pension liability reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	4,474,85 0
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving pension plans (i.e. deferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) increased net position.	(9,060,514)
Changes in total OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	354,395
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving OPEB plans (i.e. deferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) increased net position.	(471,890)
Unavailable revenues were reported as deferred inflows of resources in the Governmental Funds but were reported as revenues in the Government-Wide Statement of Statement of Activities.	190,821
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.	 105,712
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,008,541
PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS	Water Fund				Measure H Fund		Total		A	vernmental Activities Internal vice Funds
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	1,949,100	\$	2,514,561	\$	1,902,312	\$	6,365,973	\$	138,520
Receivables:	Ŷ	1,919,100	Ψ	2,511,501	Ψ	1,702,512	Ψ	0,505,575	Ψ	150,520
Accounts		2,775		76,149		224,499		303,423		_
Interest		1,743		1,406		2,163		5,312		-
Utility billings, net		782,194		2,277,902		-		3,060,096		-
Due from other funds		137,723		136,813		-		274,536		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-		711,410
Total current assets		2,873,535		5,006,831		2,128,974		10,009,340		849,930
Noncurrent assets:										
Restricted assets:										
Cash with fiscal agents		61,727		35,051				96,778		169,129
Capital assets:										
Non-depreciable assets		1,746,930		6,247,269		-		7,994,199		-
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation		6,775,086		48,389,044		-		55,164,130		-
Total capital assets, net		8,522,016		54,636,313		-		63,158,329		-
Total noncurrent assets		8,583,743		54,671,364		-		63,255,107		169,129
Total assets		11,457,278		59,678,195		2,128,974		73,264,447		1,019,059
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources		167,057		687,697		-		854,754		-
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources		26,833		67,521		-		94,354		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		193,890		755,218		-		949,108		-

City of Placerville Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

			М	ajor Funds				Governmental Activities
		Water		Sewer	Μ	leasure H		Internal
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Total	Service Funds
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		144,092		217,822		-	361,914	42,149
Deposits payable		31,947		2,456		-	34,403	-
Interest payable		559		96,348		-	96,907	-
Claims payable - due within one year		-		-		-	-	297,987
Long term debt - due within one year		23,999		2,038,940		-	 2,062,939	_
Total current liabilities		200,597		2,355,566		-	 2,556,163	340,136
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Long term debt - due in more than one year		37,710		41,065,333		-	41,103,043	-
Total OPEB liability		293,318		738,104		-	1,031,422	-
Aggregate net pension liability	_	609,862		2,510,526		-	 3,120,388	-
Total noncurrent liabilities		940,890		44,313,963		-	45,254,853	-
Total liabilities		1,141,487		46,669,529		-	 47,811,016	340,136
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources		565,870		2,329,432		-	2,895,302	_
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources		84,224		211,941		-	296,165	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		650,094		2,541,373		-	 3,191,467	
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		8,460,307		11,532,040		-	19,992,347	_
Restricted		61,727		35,051		2,128,974	2,225,752	169,129
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,337,553		(344,580)			 992,973	509,794
Total net position	\$	9,859,587	\$	11,222,511	\$	2,128,974	\$ 23,211,072	\$ 678,923

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City of Placerville Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Ν	lajor Funds			Governmental Activities
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund	Measure H Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:			1 unu	- T und	Totai	Service Funds
	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		E 000 100	0	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* 500.005
Charges for services	\$ 2,410,217	\$	7,002,123	\$ -	\$ 9,412,340	\$ 530,335
Sales tax			-	1,589,583	1,589,583	-
Other operating revenues	8,363		77,140	-	85,503	-
Total operating revenues	2,418,580	<u> </u>	7,079,263	1,589,583	11,087,426	530,335
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
General and administrative	275,529	1	2,175,555	-	2,451,084	1,061,199
Maintenance and operations	1,376,333)	3,419,133	-	4,795,466	-
Depreciation	351,017		1,899,524	-	2,250,541	
Total operating expenses	2,002,879	,	7,494,212		9,497,091	1,061,199
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	415,701		(414,949)	1,589,583	1,590,335	(530,864)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Grants	-		154,266	-	154,266	-
Connection fees	7,567	i -	44,100	-	51,667	-
Interest income	3,995	1	7,984	4,673	16,652	-
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(2,304	·)	(849,682)	-	(851,986)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	9,258	; 	(643,332)	4,673	(629,401)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	424,959)	(1,058,281)	1,594,256	960,934	(530,864)
TRANSFERS:						
Transfers in	136,223	j	1,315,554	-	1,451,777	636,576
Transfers out	(181,585)	(227,403)	(1,079,734)	(1,488,722)	-
Total transfers	(45,362	.)	1,088,151	(1,079,734)	(36,945)	636,576
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	379,597	,	29,870	514,522	923,989	105,712
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year	9,479,990	ı	11,192,641	1,614,452	22,287,083	573,211
End of year	\$ 9,859,587	′\$	11,222,511	\$ 2,128,974	\$ 23,211,072	\$ 678,923

City of Placerville Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				· F 1					overnmental
-		Water	IV	ajor Funds Sewer	1	Measure H			Activities Internal
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Total	Se	rvice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Cash received from customers and users Cash received from sales taxes	\$	2,551,950	\$	6,757,427	\$	- 1,615,113	\$ 9,309,377 1,615,113	\$	557,886
Cash payments to suppliers and employees for goods and services Cash received from (paid for) other activities		(1,682,516) 8,363		(3,843,010) 77,140		-	(5,525,526) 85,503		(1,082,208)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		877,797		2,991,557		1,615,113	 5,484,467		(524,322)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Acquisition of capital assets		(124,401)		(643,423)		-	(767,824)		-
Principal paid on capital-related debt		(22,596)		(3,188,041)		-	(3,210,637)		-
Interest paid on capital-related debt		(2,512)		(1,018,804)		-	(1,021,316)		-
Connection fees		7,567		44,100		-	 51,667		-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(141,942)		(4,806,168)		-	 (4,948,110)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTI	Vľ	TIES:							
Grants		-		154,266		-	154,266		-
Interfund borrowings		(35,319)		(35,884)		-	(71,203)		8,395
Transfers in		136,223		1,315,554		-	1,451,777		636,576
Transfers (out)		(181,585)		(227,403)		(1,079,734)	 (1,488,722)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(80,681)		1,206,533		(1,079,734)	 46,118		644,971
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:									
Investment income		2,837		7,147		3,326	13,310		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,837		7,147		3,326	 13,310		-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		658,011		(600,931)		538,705	595,785		120,649
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:									
Beginning of year		1,352,816		3,150,543		1,363,607	 5,866,966		187,000
End of year	\$	2,010,827	\$	2,549,612	\$	1,902,312	\$ 6,462,751	\$	307,649
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	ON	I:							
Cash and investments	\$	1,949,100	\$	2,514,561	\$	1,902,312	\$ 6,365,973	\$	138,520
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		61,727		35,051			 96,778		169,129
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,010,827	\$	2,549,612	\$	1,902,312	\$ 6,462,751	\$	307,649

City of Placerville Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Major Funds Water Sewer Measure H Fund Fund Fund		Total	 vernmental Activities Internal vice Funds			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO	NET CASH	I				
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIE	ES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	415,701	\$	(414,949)	\$ 1,589,583	\$ 1,590,335	\$ (530,864)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation		351,017		1,899,524	-	2,250,541	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable		84,113		(68,703)	25,530	40,940	27,551
Utility billings, net		57,620		(175,993)	-	(118,373)	-
Pension-related deferred outflows		(20,651)		(113,163)	-	(133,814)	-
OPEB-related deferred outflows		7,398		19,461	-	26,859	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		62,411		89,320	-	151,731	(22,987)
Deposits payable		(5,859)		116	-	(5,743)	-
Claims and judgments payable		-		-	-	-	1,978
Total OPEB liability		(29,553)		(82,328)	-	(111,881)	-
Aggregate net pension liability		(635,479)		(529,600)	-	(1,165,079)	-
OPEB-related deferred inflows		522,779		2,219,936	-	2,742,715	-
Pension-related deferred inflows		68,300		147,936	 -	 216,236	 -
Total adjustments		462,096		3,406,506	 25,530	 3,894,132	 6,542
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	877,797	\$	2,991,557	\$ 1,615,113	\$ 5,484,467	\$ (524,322)

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FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Placerville Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds					
	Publ	Public Financing		Other		
	A	uthority	(Custodial		
	Cus	todial Fund	Funds		Funds Tot	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	153,306	\$	492,258	\$	645,564
Receivables:						
Accounts		331,598		37		331,635
Interest		129		411		540
Total assets		485,033		492,706		977,739
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		-		18,534		18,534
		-		18,534		18,534
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		485,033		474,172		959,205
	\$	485,033	\$	474,172	\$	959,205

City of Placerville Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds					
	Public Financing Authority Custodial Fund			Other Custodial Funds		Total
ADDITIONS:	Cust			Funds		Total
Investment income Fee and deposits collected for others	\$	320 331,598	\$	860 775,785	\$	1,180 1,107,383
Total additions		331,918		776,645		1,108,563
DEDUCTIONS:						
Other		-		659,327		659,327
Total deductions		-		659,327		659,327
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year		153,115		356,854		509,969
End of year	\$	485,033	\$	474,172	\$	959,205

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Placerville Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Placerville, California, (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1854, as a municipal corporation operating under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides services including general government, public works, public safety, water, sewer treatment, and parks and recreation. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, selection of governing authority and designation of management, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the City and ability to significantly influence operations.

The financial reporting entity, as defined by the GASB, consists of the primary government, the City, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and any other organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City Council acts as the governing body and is able to impose its will on the following organizations, establishing financial accountability:

<u>Placerville Public Financing Authority</u> ("Authority") is a legal joint powers entity created by the City. The Authority's Board of Directors is comprised of the City's Council Members, City Manager, and Assistant City Manager/Director of Finance, and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the City.

As a result, this organization is considered a component unit of the City and is included within the basic financial statements of the City using the blended method. The City does not issue separate audited financial statements for the Authority. However, separate financial information for this component unit can be obtained from the City's Finance Department. All entities included in this financial statement maintain June 30th as their fiscal year-end.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position,* the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds report separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

Deferred Outflows of Resources represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

Deferred Inflows of Resources represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These financial statements are presented on an *"economic resources"* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The statement of activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. (In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated.) However, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to/from other funds
- Advances to/from other funds
- ➢ Transfers in/out

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Governmental Funds Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in Fund Balances as presented in these statements to the Net Position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Transportation Development Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the Transportation Development Act Funds and transportation grants.

The <u>Measure J Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the 0.25% add on sales tax to supplement the City's police services.

The <u>Measure L Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the 0.50% add on sales tax to supplement the maintenance of the City's streets, sewer system, and water system.

The <u>Development Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration of the traffic impact mitigation fees collected by the City.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major Proprietary Fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The <u>Water Fund</u> is used for the operation and maintenance of a water system consisting of acquisition, distribution pipeline, and pumps. The fund collects all user fees and disburses all expenditures for this purpose. The fund also collects fees resulting from new growth. These funds will be used in the future to expand capacity of the water distribution system required due to growth.

The <u>Sewer Fund</u> is responsible for the treatment of industrial and domestic wastewater. The fund collects all user fees and disburses all expenditures for this purpose. The fund also collects fees resulting from new growth. These funds will be used in the future to expand capacity of the water reclamation facility and collection system required due to growth.

The <u>Measure H Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenses associated with the administration of the 0.25% add-on sales tax that augments the Water and Sewer Funds in paying for related debt and infrastructure replacement costs.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> are used to account for services provided to other departments of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has an Internal Service Fund for general liability insurance, property insurance, unemployment insurance, and worker's compensation insurance.

<u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for resources held by the government in a purely custodial capacity.

C. Property Taxes

Property taxes, special assessments, sales tax, licenses, intergovernmental revenues, investment earnings, charges for services and fines and penalties associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on July 1st. The unsecured and secured property tax lien date is January 1. Unsecured property taxes become delinquent on August 31st. Secured property taxes are payable in two installments, on November 1st and February 1st of each year, and become delinquent on December 10th and April 10th, respectively. The County of El Dorado, California (County) bills and collects the property taxes are recognized when received in cash except at year-end when they are accrued pursuant to the modified accrual basis of accounting. The County is permitted by State law to levy property taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase property assessed value no more than 2% per year.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City pools cash resources from all funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and other investments for varying terms.

Certain disclosure requirements for Deposits and Investment Risks were made in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pooled funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. The City considers all pooled cash and investments held by the City as cash and cash equivalents because the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account from the standpoint of the funds. The City also considers all cash and investments with fiscal agent as cash and cash equivalents because investments meet the criteria for cash equivalents defined above.

E. Fair Value Measurement

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

F. Receivables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Service charges revenues (water and sewer) are recorded as billed to customers on a cyclical basis. All utility customers are billed bi-monthly.

G. Interfund Balances/Internal Balances

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to and due from other funds. These are generally repaid within the following fiscal year.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

H. Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation, sick leave, compensatory time off, floating holidays, management leave, and related benefits on such compensation that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. No expenditure is reported for these amounts in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, building improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, storm drains, sewer and water lines, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available.

Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets at the following:

General capital assets	\$ 5,000
Infrastructure capital assets	100,000

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation has been provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Years
General Capital Assets:	
Building, Improvements	40
Improvements, other than Buildings	25
Furniture and Fixtures	5
Machinery and Equipment	5
Vehicles	5
Infrastructure:	
Water / Sewer Lines	25
Streets	40

J. Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, unearned revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as unearned revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements are long-term assessments, long-term loans receivable, and prepaid charges for services.

In the Fund Financial Statements, unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unavailable revenue for transactions for which revenues have not been earned, or for which funds are not available to meet current financial obligations. Typical transactions for which unavailable revenue is recorded are grants received but not yet earned or available, interest on interfund advances receivable, long-term assessments and loans receivable.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 7). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period:	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

L. Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retiree Benefits Plan ("OPEB Plan") and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan (Note 8). For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments, which are reported at amortized cost.

The following timeframes are used for OPEB reporting:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Period:	July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements the long-term debt and other financed obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are expenses when incurred.

In the Fund Financial Statements, proprietary fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

N. Net Position and Fund Equity

Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

In government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

N. Net Position and Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified in the following categories:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as land held for development, long term portions of receivables, inventories, prepaid items, and also items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan fund.

<u>Restricted</u>: Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making (normally the governing body) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City and all of its component units.

<u>Assigned:</u> Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has the authority to assign funds for the City of Placerville.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This category is for all balances that have no restrictions placed upon them. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amount that are restricted, committed or assigned to the purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that particular fund.

Spending Policy

For Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted Net Position first.

For Governmental Fund Financial Statements, the City's policy is to spend restricted fund balances first, before spending unrestricted fund balances, for expenditures incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, except for instances wherein a City ordinance or resolutions specifies the fund balance. The City's policy is that committed and assigned fund balances are considered to have been spent first before unassigned fund balances have been spent, when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, except for instances wherein a City ordinance specifies the fund balance.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Accounting Changes

Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the City, for the year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

GASB Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 89

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.* Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

P. Accounting Changes (Continued)

Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementation

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.* The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

P. Accounting Changes (Continued)

Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementation (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.* The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of pooled cash and investments and restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2022:

		Primary Government								
	Go	Governmental Business-Type					Fi	iduciary		
	Activities		Activities		Total		Funds		Total	
Cash and investments	\$	1,213,304	\$	6,365,973	\$	7,579,277	\$	645,564	\$	8,224,841
Restricted cash and investments		9,607,226		-		9,607,226		-		9,607,226
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		169,129		96,778		265,907		-		265,907
Total	\$	10,989,659	\$	6,462,751	\$	17,452,410	\$	645,564	\$	18,097,974

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments, consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

Cash and cash equivalents:		
Petty cash	\$	3,395
Demand deposits		2,716,769
Investments:		
Local Agency Investment Fund	ĺ	15,111,903
Money market funds		265,907
Total	\$ 〔	18,097,974

B. Cash Deposits

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds, which the City invests to enhance interest earnings. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds quarterly, based on the average daily cash and investment balances in each fund.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,716,769. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$3,022,387 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

According to California law, the market value of pledged securities with banking institutions must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on a quarterly basis to the various funds based on average daily cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

C. Investments

[Yesterday 11:23 AM] Ross Gotthoffer

At June 30, 2022, cash and investments, excluding restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agent, consists of funds invested in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and money market funds. These amounts are measured at amortized cost and not subject to the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy. The following table presents investments recognized in the accompanying statement of net position measured at amortized cost at June 30, 2022:

	Total	Percentage	
	as of	of	Measurement
Investment Type	June 30, 2022	Investments	Inputs
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 15,111,903	98.27%	Not applicable
Money market funds	265,907	1.73%	Not applicable
Total	\$ 15,377,810		

The City is authorized by State statutes and in accordance with the City's Investment Policy (Policy) to invest in the following:

- Bankers Acceptances
- California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- Certificates of Deposit
- Commercial Paper (Corporations)
- County Pooled Funds
- Medium-Term Corporate Notes
- Money Market Accounts
- Mutual Funds
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Passbook Savings and Demand Deposits Accounts
- Repurchase Agreements collateralized by U.S. Securities or U.S. Government Federal Agencies
- Reverse Purchase Agreements
- U.S. Treasury Securities

The Policy, in addition to State statutes, establishes that funds on deposit in banks must be federally insured or collateralized and investments shall (1) have maximum maturity not to exceed five years, (2) be laddered and based on cash flow forecasts; and (3) be subject to limitations to a certain percent of the portfolio for each of the authorized investments. The City's investments comply with the established policy.

The City's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates rise, the portfolio value will decline. If interest rates fall, the portfolio value will rise.

The portfolio, for year-end reporting purposes, is treated as if it were all sold. Therefore, fund balance reflects the portfolio's change in value. These portfolio value changes are unrealized unless sold. The City's policy is to buy and hold investments until their maturity dates.

Investments held by Fiscal Agent. The investments held by fiscal agents in the amount of \$265,907 are to be used only for specific capital outlay, payments of certain long-term debt and maintaining required reserves. These funds have been invested only as permitted by specific State statutes governing their investment or applicable City ordinances, resolutions, or bond indentures.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed five years. Specific maturities of investments depend on liquidity needs. At June 30, 2022, the City's pooled cash and investments had the following maturities:

		Maturities
	Amount	1 year or less
Cash and cash equivalent:		
Petty cash	\$ 3,39	5 \$ 3,395
Demand deposits	2,716,76	9 2,716,769
Investments:		
Local Agency Investment Fund	15,111,90	3 15,111,903
Money market funds	265,90	7 265,907
Total	\$ 18,097,97	4 \$ 18,097,974

Credit Risk is the risk of loss due to failure of the security issuer. The risk can be identified thru the rating assigned by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization to the issuers of securities. The City minimizes this risk by investing only on type of investments allowed for municipalities by the Government Code as listed on the City's investment policy and investing only on instruments that are most credit worthy.

		Credit Quality Ratings					
	Amount	Moody's	Standard & Poor's				
Investments:							
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 15,111,903	Not Rated	Not Rated				
Money market funds	265,907	Not Rated	Not Rated				
Total	\$ 15,377,810						

According to the City's investment policy, the aggregate investment in medium-term notes should not exceed 10% of the City's total portfolio.

Federal instrumentalities must have a rating of AAA or the equivalent by a NRSRO at the time of purchase. The Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), administered by the State of California, has a separate investment policy, governed by Government Code Sections 16480-16481.2, that provides credit standards for its investments.

The City's investments (excluding investments held by fiscal agents) are only in Local Agency Investment Fund which is not rated by a NRSRO.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are held by the counterparty. All of the City's investments in securities are held in the name of the City. The City's custodial agreement policy prohibits counterparties holding securities not in the City's name.

E. Fair Value of Investments

The City's investments are carried at fair market value instead of cost. Accordingly, the City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year-end and the effects of these adjustments are included as income for the fiscal year. Changes in value in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, amounted to an unrealized loss of \$(194,559).

Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

F. Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund

The City's investments with Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF) at June 30, 2022, included a portion of the pooled funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments included the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had \$15,111,903 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pooled investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. The LAIF fair value factor of 0.987125414 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF.

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions

A. Due From and To Other Funds

Due To Governmental Activities Transportation Due From Total Non-Major Development Governmental Activities General Fund \$ 480,714 10,546 \$ 491,260 Non-major Funds 656 656 Business-Type Activities Water Fund 137,723 137,723 Sewer Fund 136,813 136,813

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following short-term interfund receivables and payables:

These balances resulted from short-term loans used to cover operating cash deficits at year-end. These amounts will be repaid in the following fiscal year.

\$

10,546

\$

766,452

755,906

B. Long-Term Advances

Totals

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following long-term interfund advances:

\$

		Advances to			
		Governmen			
Advances From Other Funds	Transportation Development		Non-Major		 Total
Governmental Activities General Fund Internal Service Fund	\$	1,730,000 585,253	\$	- 126,157	\$ 1,730,000 711,410
Totals	\$	2,315,253	\$	126,157	\$ 2,441,410

These balances resulted from long-term loans used to cover operating cash deficits at year-end. These amounts will be repaid with future revenues.

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

C. Transfers In and Out

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City had the following transfers:

							,	Transfers In			
				Government	al A	ctivities			Busin Act	21	
			Tra	nsportation				Internal			
Transfers Out	G	eneral	De	velopment	No	on-Major		Service	 Water	 Sewer	 Total
Governmental Activities											
General Fund	\$	-	\$	193,663	\$	97,325	\$	227,588	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 518,576
Measure L Fund		-		657,061		-		-	115,174	188,304	960,539
Non-Major Funds	4	20,899		56,851		8,468		-	21,049	47,516	554,783
Business-Type Activities											
Water Fund		-		-		-		181,585	-	-	181,585
Sewer Fund		-		-		-		227,403	-	-	227,403
Measure H Fund		-		-		-		-	 -	 1,079,734	 1,079,734
Totals	\$ 4	20,899	\$	907,575	\$	105,793	\$	636,576	\$ 136,223	\$ 1,315,554	\$ 3,522,620

Transfers are contributions to other funds to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 4 – Capital Assets

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2022, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Non-Depreciable Assets:						
Land and improvements	\$	12,959,322	\$	2,328,974	\$	15,288,296
Construction in progress		31,418,292		5,665,225		37,083,517
Total non-depreciable assets		44,377,614		7,994,199		52,371,813
Depreciable Assets:						
Building and structures		12,892,021		74,391,284		87,283,305
Machinery and equipment		3,583,932		1,439,071		5,023,003
Infrastructure		15,436,672		54,331,555		69,768,227
		31,912,625		130,161,910		162,074,535
Less accumulated depreciation		(13,161,718)		(74,997,780)		(88,159,498)
Total depreciable assets, net		18,750,907		55,164,130		73,915,037
Total capital assets	\$	63,128,521	\$	63,158,329	\$	126,286,850

In fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City counted, valued and reported its capital assets, including infrastructure for its governmental activities and business-type activities, as shown in the following tables.

Note 4 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022	
Non-Depreciable Assets:						
Land and improvements	\$ 12,959,322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,959,322	
Construction in progress	29,287,893	2,130,399			31,418,292	
Total non-depreciable assets	42,247,215	2,130,399			44,377,614	
Depreciable Assets:						
Building and structures	12,892,021	-	-	-	12,892,021	
Machinery and equipment	3,342,150	241,782	-	-	3,583,932	
Infrastructure	15,436,672	-			15,436,672	
Total depreciable assets	31,670,843	241,782	-	-	31,912,625	
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,411,034)	(750,684)			(13,161,718)	
Total depreciable assets, net	19,259,809	(508,902)			18,750,907	
Total capital assets	\$ 61,507,024	\$ 1,621,497	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,128,521	

Depreciation expense in governmental activities for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

General government	\$ 250,699
Public safety	81,966
Highways and street	354,112
Community Development	26,884
Parks and recreation	 37,023
Total	\$ 750,684

Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Non-Depreciable Assets:					
Land and improvements	\$ 2,328,974	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,328,974
Construction in progress	4,913,371	751,854			5,665,225
Total non-depreciable assets	7,242,345	751,854			7,994,199
Depreciable Assets:					
Building and structures	74,391,284	-	-	-	74,391,284
Machinery and equipment	1,423,101	15,970	-	-	1,439,071
Infrastructure	54,331,555		-	-	54,331,555
Total depreciable assets	130,145,940	15,970	-	-	130,161,910
Less accumulated depreciation	(72,747,239)	(2,250,541)			(74,997,780)
Total depreciable assets, net	57,398,701	(2,234,571)			55,164,130
Total capital assets	\$ 64,641,046	\$ (1,482,717)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,158,329

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Business-type activities depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Water	\$ 351,017
Sewer	 1,899,524
Total	\$ 2,250,541

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements do not present general government capital assets but they are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

The capital assets of the enterprise funds in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are the same as those shown in the business-type activities of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Internal Service Funds' capital assets are combined with governmental activities.

Note 5 – Long-Term Debt

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Following is a summary of all long-term debt balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Long-term debt, due within one year Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	\$	106,030	\$	2,062,939	\$	2,168,969
2006 State Revolving Loan		-		26,178,326		26,178,326
2015 Equipment Lease		68,565		53,822		122,387
2019 Equipment Lease		35,640		19,199		54,839
2019 CEC Loan		491,977		151,996		643,973
2022 Sewer Revenue Bonds		-		14,699,700		14,699,700
Total noncurrent portion of long-term debt		596,182		41,103,043		41,699,225
Total long-term debt	\$	702,212	\$	43,165,982	\$	43,868,194

Governmental Activities

Following is a summary of governmental activity long-term debt transactions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

										Due	Ι	Due in
]	Balance						Balance		within	m	ore than
	Jul	y 1, 2021	Ado	ditions	Re	tirements	Jun	e 30, 2022	one year		one year	
2015 Equipment Finance Purchase	\$	137,170	\$	-	\$	33,800	\$	103,370	\$	34,805	\$	68,565
2019 Equipment Finance Purchase		104,474		-		33,849		70,625		34,985		35,640
2019 CEC Loan		546,210		-		17,993		528,217		36,240		491,977
Total	\$	787,854	\$	-	\$	85,642	\$	702,212	\$	106,030	\$	596,182

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

Following is a summary of business-type activity long-term debt transactions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022	Due within one year	Due in more than one year
2006 State Revolving Loan	\$ 29,235,588	\$ -	\$ 1,528,631	\$ 27,706,957	\$ 1,528,631	\$ 26,178,326
2006 Sewer Revenue Bonds	16,815,000	-	16,815,000	-	-	-
2015 Equipment Finance Purchase	100,636	-	23,064	77,572	23,750	53,822
2019 Equipment Finance Purchase	55,200	-	17,606	37,594	18,395	19,199
2019 CEC Loan	170,195	-	6,036	164,159	12,163	151,996
2022 Sewer Revenue Bonds		15,179,700	=	15,179,700	480,000	14,699,700
Total	\$ 46,376,619	\$ 15,179,700	\$ 18,390,337	\$ 43,165,982	\$ 2,062,939	\$ 41,103,043

Finance Purchase Agreements

In February 2015, the City secured a finance purchase agreement in the amount of \$706,518 in order to finance 13 pieces of equipment ranging from a folder/inserter machine to a street sweeper truck. The interest rate for equipment with a five-year useful life is 2.65% and equipment with a ten-year useful life is 3.00%. The finance purchase agreement payable is allocated between the governmental activities, 59.44%, and business-type activities, 40.56%. Net revenues from the General Fund, Sewer Enterprise Fund, and Water Enterprise Fund have been pledged for the lease payments. The 13 pieces of equipment that were purchased with the lease proceeds are secured in the borrowing, and should a default in payment occur or budget appropriations fail to be made for the annual lease payments, the said equipment could be repossessed. Principal and interest payments are due in August and February each year. The annual debt service requirements for the 2015 Equipment Finance Purchase are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	I	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2023	\$	58,555	\$	4,913	\$ 63,468
2024		60,296		3,171	63,467
2025		62,091		1,378	 63,469
Total	\$	180,942	\$	9,462	\$ 190,404

In February 2019, the City secured a finance purchase agreement in the amount of \$257,862 in order to finance 12 pieces of equipment ranging from a network printers to a pickup trucks. The annual interest rate 3.16%. The finance purchase agreement payable is allocated between the governmental activities, 65.54%, and business-type activities, 34.46%. Principal and interest payments are due in October and April each year. Net revenues from the General Fund, Sewer Enterprise Fund, and Water Enterprise Fund have been pledged for the lease payments. The 12 pieces of equipment that were purchased with the lease proceeds are secured in the borrowing, and should a default in payment occur or budget appropriations fail to be made for the annual lease payments, the said equipment could be repossessed. The annual debt service requirements for the 2019 Equipment Finance Purchase are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	1	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2023	\$	53,380	\$	2,993	\$ 56,373
2024		54,839		1,292	 56,131
Total	\$	108,219	\$	4,285	\$ 112,504

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Finance Purchase Agreements (Continued)

The City entered into two finance-purchase agreements whereby the lessor acquired certain capital assets and leased them to the City with the option to purchase. The finance-purchased assets are included in capital assets and are summarized by major asset class below:

Machinery and equipment	\$ 964,380
Assets under finance purchase agreement, at cost	964,380
Accumulated depreciation	 (657,844)
Assets under finance purchase agreement, net	\$ 306,536

Revenue Bonds Payable

On March 14, 2006, the Placerville PFA issued the Series 2006 Wastewater System Refinancing and Improvement Project Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$17,215,000 pursuant to an Indenture by and between the Placerville PFA and Union Bank of California, N.A. as Trustee. A portion of the proceeds from the Bonds were used to refinance the Series 1994 Sewer Revenue Refunding and Phase II Improvement Bonds. The remainder of the Bond proceeds were used to partially finance State mandated improvements to the City's Wastewater Treatment Plant, relocate and replace a section of sewer line along Hangtown Creek, and construct other capital projects related to the Wastewater System.

On May 1, 2022, the City Council issued the 2022 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds and refinanced the Series 2006 Wastewater System Refinancing and Improvement Project Revenue Bonds. The 2022 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are payable solely from wastewater net revenues and are payable through 2034. The total remaining principal to be paid on the bonds is \$15,179,700. Principal payments are due September 1 of each year beginning in 2022 and interest payments at a rate of 2.99% are due March 1 and September 1 of each year.

The 2022 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are secured by and payable from net revenues from the City's Sewer Enterprise Fund, amounts that are derived from user rates collected by the City for wastewater collection and treatment services. Application of amounts in the enterprise fund is governed by the requirements of Article XIIID, Section 6 of the California Constitution, which provides that the enterprise fund may only be used for the wastewater enterprise and may not be used for general governmental purposes.

Net revenues from the Sewer Enterprise Fund are pledged toward settlement payments with the Bond insurer for the 2022 Bonds. There is a covenant to set rates such that they will provide net coverage for Operation and Maintenance of 1.20% coverage. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the Sewer Enterprise Fund has sufficient revenues to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the wastewater utility, scheduled debt service, and required debt service coverage.
Note 5 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

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Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Revenue Bonds Payable (Continued)

Events of default with finance related consequences are included in section 8.01 of the indenture for the bond. In the event of unresolved payment default, the Trustee would pull from funds on hand under the separate section of the agreement, and then upon court order from net revenues of the system held by the City.

The annual debt service requirements for the Series 2022 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	480,000	\$	367,269	\$	847,269
2024		589,000		430,715		1,019,715
2025		711,700		411,270		1,122,970
2026		837,000		388,117		1,225,117
2027		962,500		361,214		1,323,714
2028-2032		6,698,500		1,268,730		7,967,230
2033-2035		4,901,000		222,681		5,123,681
Total	\$	15,179,700	\$	3,449,996	\$	18,629,696

Loans

In 2006, the City secured a State Revolving Loan in the amount of \$42,864,638 with an interest rate of 0.00% to partially finance improvements to the Wastewater Treatment Plant in order to comply with State mandated requirements at that time. The loan is payable solely from wastewater net revenues and are payable through 2040. Annual principal payments on the loan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, required 31.49% of net revenues. The total remaining principal to be paid on the loan is \$27,706,957. Principal paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$1,528,631 and \$4,854,856 respectively. Principal payments are due in September and March of each year. The City pledged Sewer Enterprise Fund net revenues as collateral for the loan. There is a covenant to set rates such that they will provide net coverage for Operation and Maintenance of 1.20% coverage. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the Sewer Enterprise Fund has sufficient revenues to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the wastewater utility, scheduled debt service, and required debt service coverage. The annual debt service requirements for the 2006 State Revolving Loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 1,528,631	\$ -	\$ 1,528,631	
2024	1,528,631	-	1,528,631	
2025	1,528,631	-	1,528,631	
2026	1,528,631	-	1,528,631	
2027	1,528,631	-	1,528,631	
2028-2032	7,643,156	-	7,643,156	
2033-2037	7,643,156	-	7,643,156	
2038-2040	4,777,490	-	4,777,490	
Total	\$ 27,706,957	\$ -	\$ 27,706,957	

Note 5 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Loans (Continued)

On July 29, 2019, the City secured a California Energy Commission (CEC) Loan in the amount of \$732,846 with an interest rate of 1.00% to finance interior and exterior lighting and heating and cooling improvements to various City facilities in order to achieve greater energy efficiency. The loan is payable through 2035. The loan payable is allocated between the governmental activities, 74.69%, and business-type activities, 25.31%. Principal and interest payments are due in June and December each year. The City pledged savings in energy costs or other legally available funds from the General Fund, Parking District Fund, and the Sewer Enterprise Fund as collateral for the loan. The loan is secured by the lighting and HVAC equipment that was financed by the loan. A default on the loan would require immediate payment of the remaining loan balance. The annual debt service requirements for the 2019 CEC loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	I	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2023	\$	48,403	\$	6,564	\$ 54,967
2024		48,872		6,096	54,968
2025		49,378		5,589	54,967
2026		49,873		5,094	54,967
2027		50,373		4,594	54,967
2028-2032		259,528		15,311	274,839
2033-2035		185,949		2,850	 188,799
Total	\$	692,376	\$	46,098	\$ 738,474

Annual debt service requirements for all bonds, loans, and finance purchase agreements are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	 Principal	Interest		 Total
2023	\$ 2,168,969	\$	381,739	\$ 2,550,708
2024	2,281,638		441,274	2,722,912
2025	2,351,800		418,237	2,770,037
2026	2,415,504		393,211	2,808,715
2027	2,541,504		365,808	2,907,312
2028-2032	14,601,184		1,284,041	15,885,225
2033-2037	12,730,105		225,531	12,955,636
2038-2040	 4,777,490		-	 4,777,490
Total	\$ 43,868,194	\$	3,509,841	\$ 47,378,035

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements do not present general government long-term debt but it is shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Note 6 – Compensated Absences

The City records a liability to recognize the financial effect of unused vacation and other compensated leaves. The total of vacation and other compensated leaves is \$1,037,787. The City primarily uses the General Fund to liquidate compensated absences.

									Classification			n
	В	alance						Balance	D	ue within	Due i	n more than
	July	1,2021	A	Additions	R	etirements	Ju	ne 30, 2022		one year		one year
Governmental Activities:												
Compensated Absences	\$	989,293	\$	424,425	\$	(375,931)	\$	1,037,787	\$	341,934	\$	695,853
Total	\$	989,293	\$	424,425	\$	(375,931)	\$	1,037,787	\$	341,934	\$	695,853

Note 7 – Public Employees' Retirement System

The following is a summary of net pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources as of June 30, 2022:

Deferred outflows of resources: Pension contribution made after measurement date: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety Total pension contribution made after measurement date	\$ 899,906 850,316	\$ 424,564	
CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$ 850,316	\$ 424.564	
CalPERS Safety	\$ 850,316	\$ 424.564	
-		,001	\$ 1,324,470
Total parsion contribution made after measurement data		 -	 850,316
Total pension contribution made after measurement date	1,750,222	424,564	 2,174,786
Adjustment due to difference in proportions:			
CalPERS Safety	73,987	-	73,987
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions	73,987	 -	 73,987
Difference between expected and actual experience:			
CalPERS Miscellaneous	741,686	349,919	1,091,605
CalPERS Safety	933,177	 -	 933,177
Total difference between expected and actual experience	1,674,863	 349,919	 2,024,782
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution:			
CalPERS Miscellaneous	170,144	 80,271	250,415
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of			
contribution	170,144	80,271	 250,415
Total deferred outflows of resources:			
CalPERS Miscellaneous	1,811,736	854,754	2,666,490
CalPERS Safety	1,857,480	 -	 1,857,480
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,669,216	\$ 854,754	\$ 4,523,970
= Net pension liabilities:	 		
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$ 6,613,979	\$ 3,120,388	\$ 9,734,367
CalPERS Safety	5,461,995	 -	 5,461,995
Total net pension liabilities	\$ 12,075,974	\$ 3,120,388	\$ 15,196,362

	 vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
Deferred inflows of Resources:			
Projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings:			
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$ 5,773,655	2,723,933	\$ 8,497,588
CalPERS Safety	 3,250,937	 -	 3,250,937
Total projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings	 9,024,592	 2,723,933	11,748,525
Adjustment due to difference in proportions: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	 363,234	 171,369	 534,603
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions	 363,234	 171,369	 534,603
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution: CalPERS Safety	 371,711	_	 371,711
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution	 371,711	 _	 371,711
Total deferred inflows of resources: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	6,136,889 3,622,648	2,895,302	9,032,191 3,622,648
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 9,759,537	\$ 2,895,302	\$ 12,654,839
Pension expenses:			
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$ 4,662,400	\$ 2,199,658	\$ 6,862,058
CalPERS Safety	 1,414,871	 -	 1,414,871
Total net pension expenses	\$ 6,077,271	\$ 2,199,658	\$ 8,276,929

Pension Plans

Plan Description

Substantially all City employees working the equivalent of 1,000 hours or more per fiscal year are required to participate in the Miscellaneous Classic, Safety Classic, Miscellaneous Second-Tier, Safety Second-Tier, Miscellaneous PEPRA or Safety PEPRA cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. The Classic Plans are closed to new entrants only eligible for employees hired prior to January 1, 2013. Employees hired after January 1, 2013 are eligible to enroll in the PEPRA plans. Benefit Provisions under the Plans are established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A classic safety and miscellaneous CalPERS member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 50 and 55, respectively, with at least 5 years of credited service. Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) safety and miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 57 and 62, respectively, with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 full-time equivalent monthly pay.

Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Retirement benefits for classic safety and miscellaneous employees are calculated as 3% and 2.5 %, respectively, of the average final 36 months compensation. Retirement benefits for PEPRA safety and miscellaneous employees are calculated as 2.7% and 2%, respectively, of the average final 36 months compensation.

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if becomes disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8% of final compensation, multiplied by service.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

		Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous		Safety	Safety
	Miscellaneous	Second Tier	PEPRA	Safety	Second Tier	PEPRA
Active employees	18	3	35	4	2	12
Transferred and terminated employees	51	11	23	24	3	3
Retired employees and beneficiaries	93	4	3	57		3
Total	162	18	61	85	5	18

Benefits Provided

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee dies while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5% per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 36 months preceding death.

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2%.

Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

		Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous		Safety	Safety
	Miscellaneous	Second Tier	PEPRA	Safety	Second Tier	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	55	62	50	55	50-57
Monthly benefits, as a % of						
eligible compensation	2.5%	2.0%	2.0%	3.0%	3.0%	2.7%
Required employee contribution rate Required employer contribution rate	8.000% 11.900%	7.000% 10.650%	7.000% 7.650%	9.000% 22.480%	9.000% 20.640%	13.000% 13.130%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the plan's employer contributions made for each Plan was as follows:

Miscellaneous	\$ 1,324,470
Safety	 850,316
	\$ 2,174,786

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The following table shows the plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measurement period:

	Plan Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Miscellaneous	<u>.</u>		
Balance at: 6/30/20 (Measurement date)	34,800,361	22,035,899	12,764,462
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Measurement date)	35,544,963	25,810,596	9,734,367
Net changes during 2020-2021	744,602	3,774,697	(3,030,095)
Safety			
Balance at: 6/30/20 (Measurement date)	25,806,010	17,734,181	8,071,829
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Measurement date)	26,839,397	21,377,402	5,461,995
Net changes during 2020-2021	1,033,387	3,643,221	(2,609,834)
Total net changes during 2020-2021	1,777,989	7,417,918	(5,639,929)

The City's net pension liability/(asset) for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset). The net pension liability/(asset) of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability/(asset) for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) for each Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.30261%	0.12116%	0.42377%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.51266%	0.15564%	0.66829%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	0.21005%	0.03448%	0.24452%

Total

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,862,058 and \$1,414,871, for the Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Defe	rred outflows		
	iieu outiio 005	Dete	erred inflows
of Resources		of	Resources
\$	1,324,470	\$	-
	-		8,497,588
	-		534,603
	1,091,605		-
	250,415		-
\$	2,666,490	\$	9,032,191
uns			
Defe	rred outflows	Defe	erred inflows
of	Resources	of	Resources
\$	850,316	\$	-
	-		3,250,937
	73,987		-
	933,177		-
	-		371,711
\$	1,857,480	\$	3,622,648
Total			
Defe	rred outflows	Defe	erred inflows
of	Resources	of	Resources
\$	2,174,786	\$	-
	-		11,748,525
	73,987		534,603
	-		-
	2,024,782		-
	250,415		371,711
	\$ Defe \$ 	1,091,605 250,415 \$ 2,666,490 ans Deferred outflows of Resources \$ 850,316 73,987 933,177 \$ \$ 1,857,480 Total Deferred outflows of Resources \$ 2,174,786 73,987 2,024,782	Image: constraint of the second se

4,523,970 \$

\$

12,654,839

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

For the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan, \$1,324,470 and \$850,316, respectively, was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next measurement period (June 30, 2022). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	I	Miscellaneous Plans	 S afety Plans	Total
2023	\$	(1,598,479)	\$ (467,673)	\$ (2,066,152)
2024		(1,763,812)	(542,253)	(2,306,065)
2025		(1,979,585)	(710,945)	(2,690,530)
2026		(2,348,295)	 (894,613)	(3,242,908)
	\$	(7,690,171)	\$ (2,615,484)	\$ (10,305,655)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the experience study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Strategic	Real Return Years	Real Return Years
Asset Class	Allocation	1 - 10 ¹	11 + 2
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100.00%		

¹ An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

² An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the plans. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 Section.

The long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.00% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.00%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. The difference was deemed immaterial to the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net position liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)							
	Disc	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		Discount Rate + 1%			
						(8.15%)			
Miscellaneous	\$	14,427,401	\$	9,734,367	\$	5,854,703			
Safety	\$	9,074,809	\$	5,461,995	\$	2,494,514			
Total	\$	23,502,210	\$	15,196,362	\$	8,349,217			

Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the City had no outstanding amounts owed to the pension plan for contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Deferred Compensation Plan

In 1983, the City established a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plans permit all eligible employees to execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them, to be paid at a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances include termination by reason of retirement, death, disability or other events as provided for in the Plans. Employees may contribute up to \$20,500 of their annual compensation into the deferred compensation plan.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the City amended its deferred compensation plan to comply with subsection (g) of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, which states that assets of the plan are held for exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Accordingly, the assets and related liabilities for the ICMA Plan, which amounted to \$3,363,765 at June 30, 2022, have been removed from the basic financial statements of the City, with no impact on fund equity.

During fiscal year 2016/2017, the City established an additional IRS 457 Plan with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). The CalPERS IRC Plan had a balance in the amount of \$488,398 as of June 30, 2022.

Note 8 - Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits

A. Summary

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Deferred outflows of Resources:						
Changes in assumptions	\$	261,905	\$	94,354	\$	356,259
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	261,905	\$	94,354	\$	356,259
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,862,995	\$	1,031,422	\$	3,894,417
Deferred inflows of Resources:						
Changes in assumptions	\$	29,507	\$	10,630	\$	40,137
Difference between actual and expected experience		792,578		285,535		1,078,113
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	822,085	\$	296,165	\$	1,118,250
OPEB Expense	\$	116,485	\$	323,336	\$	439,821

Note 8 - Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits (Continued)

B. Plan Description

The City provides a retiree medical insurance contribution benefit in accordance with employee Memorandums of Understanding, for retired employees. This is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The benefit is applicable to employees who retire from the City of Placerville and,

- Are 53 years of age or older; and
- Have 10 or more years of service with the City of Placerville.

The City contributes an amount each month towards the purchase of medical insurance for the retiree on a pay as you go basis. The monthly amount is determined by the applicable Memorandum of Understanding or salary and benefit provisions for the retired employee. The contribution is based upon the employees' years of service up to a maximum of 20 years, multiplied by the maximum benefit for the respective employee unit. The City pays the contribution amount until the retiree reaches age 65 or dies, whichever occurs first. Although this benefit ends at age 65, retirees who reach 65 or older continue to receive a monthly minimum contribution in the amount \$80.80 until death or disenrollment from the Plan.

C. Funding Policy

The City currently participates in a retiree medical plan through the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). There is no requirement to contribute any amount beyond the pay-as-you-go contributions. If a retiree elects medical insurance coverage through the City, the retiree is responsible for paying the difference between the medical insurance premium and the medical benefit.

The City is evaluating various options for funding the post-retirement medical benefits liability. The City has not established a trust for purposes of funding the required retiree medical insurance contribution but has elected to continue funding the benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis in the current year. The City plans on funding a portion or all of the OPEB Expense each year based upon projections from the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation study performed by Demsey, Filliger & Associates.

D. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,894,417
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,894,417

Note 8 - Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, Level Percent of Pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	3.69%
Inflation	2.75%
Aggregate payroll increases	3.00%
Epected long-term investment Rate of Return	n/a
Mortality, Termination, and Disability	RP-2014 Employee Mortality, without projection
Mortality Post-retirement	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality, without projection
Pre-retirement turnover	Ranging from 1.3% to 10.8% based on termination rates under the Crocker-
	Sarason Table T-5 less mortality, increased by 40% at all ages.
Healthcare Trend Rate	An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.9% initially reduced by decrements to
	an ultimate of 5.0% therefore.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2019.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.69% percent. This discount rate is a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

G. Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2021 (measurement date)	\$	4,360,693	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Periood:			
Service Cost		417,308	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		87,589	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(741,377)	
Changes in assumptions		(20,633)	
Benefit payments		(209,163)	
Net changes during July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022		(466,276)	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (measurement date)	\$	3,894,417	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.69 percent) or 1-percentage- point higher (4.69 percent) than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
Disco	ount Rate - 1% (2.69%)	Discount Rate + 1% (4.69%)				
\$	4,245,705	\$	3,894,417	\$	3,580,459	

Note 8 - Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits (Continued)

G. Change in the Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent decreasing to 3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)							
(5.50	Decrease 0% for 2022, % ultimate)	(7	1% Increase .50% for 2022, 00% ultimate)				
\$	3,508,334	\$	3,894,417	\$	4,355,826		

H. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and labor agreement requirements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year 2022, the City contributed \$209,163 to the plan for current premiums.

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$385,214. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	1,078,113
Changes in assumptions	356,259		40,137
	\$ 356,259	\$	1,118,250

The remaining gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life. The expected average remaining service life is 8.1 years, which was determined as of June 30, 2021, the beginning of the measurement period, for employees covered by the OPEB plan benefit terms as of the valuation date.

Note 8 – Post-Retirement Medical Care Benefits (Continued)

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2023	\$ (110,271)
2024	(108,208)
2025	(123,219)
2026	(123,219)
2027	(79,354)
Thereafter	 (217,720)
Total	\$ (761,991)

Note 9 – Classification of Fund Balance and Other Fund Disclosures

In governmental funds, fund balances are classified as follows:

			M	ajor Funds						
	General	ansportation evelopment	Ν	Measure J	N	Measure L	evelopment npact Fees	Ν	Jon-Major	
	 Fund	 Fund		Fund		Fund	 Fund		Funds	Total
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items	\$ 158,114	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 158,114
Advances to other funds	1,730,000	-		-		-	-		-	1,730,000
Inventories	 14,048	 -		-		-	 -		-	 14,048
Total	1,902,162	 -		-		-	 -		-	 1,902,162
Restricted										
Transportation	-	3,513,902		-		5,386,728	-		-	8,900,630
Police services	-	-		359,517		-	-		-	359,517
Gas Tax	-	-		-		-	-		577,686	577,686
Development Impact	-	-		-		-	2,149,864		-	2,149,864
Parking District	-	-		-		-	-		121,764	121,764
Grants	-	-		-		-	-		677,037	677,037
BAD, CFD, & LLMD	-	-		-		-	-		331,607	331,607
Park Development	-	 -		-		-	 -		121,684	 121,684
Total	 -	 3,513,902		359,517		5,386,728	 2,149,864		1,829,778	13,239,789
Committed										
Capital projects	 -	 		-		-	 -		209,110	 209,110
Total	 -	 -		-		-	 -		209,110	 209,110
Unassigned	 2,523,946	 -		-		-	 -		-	 2,523,946
Total fund balances	\$ 4,426,108	\$ 3,513,902	\$	359,517	\$	5,386,728	\$ 2,149,864	\$	2,038,888	\$ 17,875,007

Note 9 - Classification of Fund Balance and Other Fund Disclosures (Continued)

Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as a means of controlling expenditures. Under this method, funds are encumbered when purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are signed or approved by authorized City officials. Such outstanding commitments at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 54 provides additional guidance on the classification within the fund balances section of amounts that have been encumbered. Encumbrances of balances within the governmental funds are classified as either nonspendable, committed, restricted or assigned and are included in the respective functional categories. These encumbrances are not separately classified in the financial statements, and are summarized at June 30, 2022 as follows:

Fund	 Amount
Governmental Activities	
Transportation Development Fund	\$ 1,222,453
Development Impact Fund	82,505
Non-Major Funds	192,364
Business Type Activities	
Water Fund	9,500
Sewer Fund	 121,498
Total encumbrances	\$ 1,628,320

Capital Commitments

The City is undertaking a number of capital improvement projects. However, there are no capital project commitments at June 30, 2022.

Net Position Deficit

The City's governmental activities had an unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$(16,323,844) as of June 30, 2022. This is mainly due to reporting of net pension liability of \$(12,075,974) as required under GASB Statement No. 68 (Note 7) and reporting of Total OPEB liability of \$(2,862,995) as required under GASB Statement No. 75 (Note 8).

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following funds report expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Fund	 Exœss
Measure J	\$ 276,873
Gas Tax	85,031
Parking District	49,400
Grants	153,201
Capital Projects	(1,931)

Note 10 - Risk Management

The City is a member of joint powers authorities for general liability, property, and workers compensation insurance programs as described below. The purpose of the authorities is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage.

Each member city has a representative on the Board of Directors. Officers of the authorities are elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The following provides a reconciliation of claims payable, which are recorded as an Internal Service Fund, for the three years ended June 30, 2020, 2021, and 2022:

			Cu	rrent Year		Claims		
	В	eginning	Claims and		F	ayments		End
		of Year	Changes in Fo		For Current and			of Year
]	Liability	E	Estimates		Prior Years		Liability
2019-2020	\$	400,026	\$	534,481	\$	(618,553)	\$	315,954
2020-2021		315,954		664,131		(684,076)		296,009
2021-2022		296,009		591,946		(589,968)		297,987

Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund

Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund (Authority) is a joint powers authority created by certain Northern California cities to provide claims processing administrative services, risk management service and actuarial studies for the Authority as a whole. The Workers Compensation Program comprises a banking layer for claims up to \$100,000 and a Shared Risk Pool for claims from \$100,000 to \$500,000. Excess commercial insurance coverage is provided for claims over the shared risk layers. The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of officials appointed by each member. The activities of the Authority include setting and collecting premiums, administering and paying claims and related expenses and investing the Authority's excess funds.

Shared Risk Pool - Each member is assessed a contribution which is intended to cover its share of the Authority's claims, operating costs and claim settlement expenses. Contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate for each coverage layer (pool), based on an estimate of the probable losses and expenses to be borne by that pool for the claim year. Additional cash contributions may be assessed on the basis of adverse loss experience. Refunds to members may be made if funds are determined to be surplus as a result of an actuarial study. Losses are allocated on the basis of each participant's share of cash contributions. All contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, based on the period covered by the contribution.

Banking Layer - The banking layer is the members' deductible portion of each claim. As part of its services to members, a portion of their contributions is used to pay their deductibles. If a member's balance is insufficient, the Authority advances the necessary amount and bills the member in the following year. Excess balances may likewise be used to offset subsequent year contributions.

Note 10 - Risk Management (Continued)

The following is a summary of financial information of the Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Total Assets (Primary Investments)	\$ 78,191,450
Total Liability	\$ 53,789,790
Net Position	\$ 24,401,660
Total Revenues	\$ 25,881,109
Total Expenses	\$ 25,458,505
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 422,604

Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California

Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC) is a joint powers authority created by certain California Cities and special districts to provide claims processing administrative services, risk management services and actuarial studies for PARSAC as a whole. The City of Placerville is a member of PARSAC. The following is a summary of audited financial information of PARSAC as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Total Assets (Primary Investments)	\$ 50,031,553
Total Liability	\$ 22,625,654
Net Position	\$ 27,405,899
Total Revenues	\$ (995,017)
Total Expenses	\$ 2,154,521
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (3,149,538)

California Intergovernmental Risk Authority

Effective July 1, 2021, the member agencies of PARSAC joined the member agencies of the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF) to form the California Intergovernmental Risk Authority (CIRA). The General Liability program, a shared risk pool, total coverage of \$40 million. The first one million dollar layer, in excess of the City's \$50,000 retention, per occurrence is covered by CIRA. The second layer of thirty-nine million dollars is insured by PRISM. The ultimate cost of the program to the City depends on the catastrophic losses of all members, as well as the City's own loss experience.

The following is a summary of audited financial information of CIRA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Total Assets (Primary Investments)	\$ 69,798,724
Total Liability	\$ 44,676,700
Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 25,122,024
Total Revenues	\$ 36,044,083
Total Expenses	\$ 40,495,914
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (4,451,831)

Note 11 - City Agreements with Certain Other Governmental Units

El Dorado County Fire Protection District

The City entered into an agreement with the El Dorado County Fire Protection District (District) under which the District will provide fire protection and emergency medical services for the City. These services had been previously provided by the City Fire Department in the early 1990s.

Note 11 - City Agreements with Certain Other Governmental Units (Continued)

El Dorado County Fire Protection District (Continued)

The District is governed by its own Board of Directors and is not governed by the local government agencies that are serviced by it. All City Fire Department personnel, vehicles and equipment have been transferred to the District.

Effective with Fiscal Year 1993/1994 and all future years, the City's obligation for fire protection and emergency medical services shall be satisfied by District's receipt of the City's property tax revenue, even if such amount is reduced by future shifts to the State of California.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, City property tax revenue assigned to the District amounted to approximately \$2,005,208.

El Dorado County Transit Authority

El Dorado County Transit Authority was formed in November, 1993, as a joint powers authority to own, operate, and/or maintain a public transit system.

El Dorado County Transportation Commission

El Dorado County Transportation Commission is a joint powers agency formed, in April 1995, for the purpose of engaging in regional transportation planning and the allocation of funds for transportation purposes.

Note 12 – Contingencies

A. Legal Actions

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City for which no provision has been made in the accompanying general-purpose financial statements. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not have an adverse material effect on the financial position of the City. The City is self-insured and participates in public entity risk pools (See Note 10).

B. Federal Grants

The City has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the federal government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowance under grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

C. Proposition 62

On September 28, 1995, the California Supreme Court reversed a Court of Appeals decision which reinstated provisions of Proposition 62 which was a 1986 voter initiative that required all general taxes to be approved by simple majority vote of the electorate. The Supreme Court provided very little detail on a number of important issues surrounding their decision, including, the effective date of the decision, whether the decision would be retroactive, and whether existing taxes would have to be put to a vote for them to remain valid. The decision will have minimal impact on the City's existing general tax structure.

Note 12 – Contingencies (Continued)

D. Proposition 218

On November 5, 1996, Proposition 218 was approved by the voters. Proposition 218 is a constitutional amendment which addresses both taxes and assessments imposed, extended or increased without voter approval on or after January 1, 1995. Its effect on existing assessments is minimal. The constitutional amendment requires special districts and local governments, like the City of Placerville, to issue notices to affected ratepayers whenever property related charges and/or rates, such as sewer and water user rates, are proposed by the governing body. The said notices must be distributed to affected ratepayers at least forty-five days prior to adoption. If the City Council receives written protests that exceed 50% of the affected ratepayers, the proposed changes in charges and/or rates is negated.

Note 13 - Placerville Public Financing Authority Has Defaulted on Certain Revenue Bonds

Placerville Public Financing Authority (Authority) is a legal joint powers entity created by the City. The Authority's Board of Directors is comprised of the City's Council Members, City Manager and Assistant City Manager/Finance Director, and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the City. Neither the City nor the Authority have any obligation to advance its own funds toward payments to bondholders, other than the City's obligation to make payments on its sewer revenue bonds and an installment purchase agreement and to pay over assessment payments received from property owners as discussed below and the Authority's obligation to make payments from funds received from the City. Payments with respect to assessments secured by liens against real property benefiting from the issuance of bonds, plus any amounts held by the Trustee, are the sole security for payment to bondholders, other than payments on the City's sewer revenue bonds and an installment purchase agreement. In the event of delinquency in payment of assessment or supplemental assessments, the City is responsible for foreclosure and auction proceedings on assessed property.

Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds and Revenue Bonds

In 1992, the City issued Limited Obligation Assessment bonds for its Assessment Districts 92-1 and 92-2, and then subsequently issued Limited Obligation Supplemental Assessment Bonds for Assessment District 92-1. In 1994, the City issued Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds for its Assessment Districts 94-1 and 94-2, and City Sewer Revenue Bonds. For the purpose of this discussion, the term "Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds" refers to all Assessment Bonds including the Supplemental issue.

The Authority issued its Revenue Bonds of 1992, Series A (Series A Bonds) and its Revenue Bonds of 1992, Series C (Series C Bonds) to purchase the City's 1992 Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds and Supplemental Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds. The Authority issued its Revenue Bonds of 1994 (Series 1994 Bonds) to purchase the City's 1994 Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds and Sewer Revenue Bonds.

The City issued Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds on behalf of improvement districts created to benefit property owners for a specific purpose, such as to finance local street, water and sewer improvements. Property owners in the designated districts were assessed amounts sufficient to cover the principal and interest costs of repaying the bonds. Annually, assessment installments are levied and placed on the County of El Dorado Property Tax Rolls. The Authority applied proceeds of the sale of its Series A and Series C Revenue Bonds to the purchase of the City's Assessment Bonds, which were then pledged as security for its Revenue Bonds. The City also issued Sewer Revenue Bonds for improvements related to its wastewater treatment plant, and to refund earlier bonds issued to finance such improvements. The Authority also applied proceeds of the sale of its Series 1994 Revenue Bonds to the purchase. The City has not defaulted on payment of the Sewer Revenue Bonds.

Note 13 - Placerville Public Financing Authority Has Defaulted on Certain Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds and Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The following table summarizes the City's Limited Obligation Assessment bonds, Limited Obligation Supplemental Assessment bonds, revenue obligations payable from revenues of the City's Wastewater System as issued:

Bond Issue – Date	Aggregate Amount Issued	Authority Revenue Bonds Issued
AD 1992-1, March 1992	\$5,247,500	Series A - \$7,700,000
AD 1992-2, March 1992	\$1,533,202	Series A - \$7,700,000
AD 1992-1, June 1992	\$2,785,000	Series C - \$3,185,000
AD 1994-1, June 1994 ¹	\$2,660,000	
AD 1994-2, June 1994 ¹	\$4,855,000	Series 1994 - \$13,070,000 ⁻¹
Sewer Revenue Bonds ¹	\$4,255,000	
Installment Purchase Agreement ²	\$15,179,700	Series 2022 - \$15,179,700 ²

¹ Paid in full.

² Issued in 2022. Not in default.

The City is responsible for collecting the assessments levied against the property within the improvement districts and for disbursing these amounts to the Trustee, Union Bank, N.A., who further disburses the funds to ultimately retire the Authority's Revenue Bonds.

Defaults

In March, 1998, the Authority defaulted on the regularly scheduled interest payment due on its Revenue Bonds of 1992, Series C (Series C Bonds). The Authority's default was the result of the City of Placerville's default on Limited Obligation Supplemental Assessment Bonds issued and secured by supplemental assessment liens on real property within the City's Assessment District 92-1 (AD 92-1). The City's default was the result of the nonpayment of supplemental assessments by owners of property within AD 92-1.

In September, 2003, the Authority defaulted on the regularly scheduled interest payment due on its Series A Bonds. The Authority's default was the result of the City of Placerville's defaults over several years on Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds issued and secured by assessment liens on real property within the City's Assessment District 92-1 (AD 92-1) and assessment liens on real property within the City's Assessment District 92-2. (AD 92-2). The City's defaults were the result of the nonpayment of assessments by owners of property within AD 92-1 and AD 92-2.

Series 1994 Revenue bond technical defaults, or drawdowns of reserve funds, also occurred as a result of nonpayment of assessments by owners of property within the City's Assessment District 94-1. Due to property owners' continued nonpayment of assessments and supplemental assessments, the City defaulted on the required cash flows for the payment of the City's Limited Obligation Original and Supplemental Assessment Bonds. When property owners fail to pay their assessments, the Assessment Bonds are not being paid and therefore there are no, or insufficient, cash flows to pay the Authority's Revenue Bonds (other than funds held by the Trustee). As necessary, the Revenue Bond Reserve Fund is drawn down to pay the bondholders until the Fund is depleted.

The Revenue Bond Reserve Funds were drawn down to pay the Series A and Series C Bonds. The Reserve Funds for the Series A and Series C bonds have been completely depleted. These Revenue Bonds and the assessment bonds sharing them are in default. After the reserve funds were depleted, scheduled principal and interest payments for the Authority's Series A and C Bonds were not paid.

Note 13 – Placerville Public Financing Authority Has Defaulted on Certain Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Defaults (Continued)

Since the default on the Series A Bonds and the Series C Bonds, the City has collected some delinquent assessments and some delinquent supplemental assessments resulting from the sale of certain properties within the districts, including some sold at County tax sales. The amounts collected have been disbursed to the Trustee for further disbursement to the bondholders or are held by the City for payment to the Trustee.

While the City does not have an obligation to advance its own funds to pay the defaulted Limited Obligation Assessment Bonds, the City does have administrative responsibilities such as judicial foreclosure and sale by auction of delinquent properties. The City has obtained a judgment of foreclosure on all properties subject to default.

Although the AD 92-1 AD 92-2 bonds matured in 2012, delinquent assessments and supplemental assessments remain resulting in continued default of past principal and interest payments. The City and Authority are exploring work out options for the remaining parcels with delinquent assessments.

In a different scenario from the Series A Bonds and the Series C Bonds, through a procedure connected with a foreclosure sale, a credit bid by the City and a corresponding sale to a new developer, the AD 94-1 Bonds were paid in full. The foreclosure payments, as well as remaining funds in the Construction Fund, were transmitted to the Trustee for a partial redemption of the Series 1994 Bonds.

In addition, the owners of the parcels in the City's Assessment District 94-2 (AD 94-2) prepaid their assessments. The payments were transmitted to the Trustee for a partial redemption of Series 1994.

The remaining Series 1994 Revenue Bonds of the Authority, and City's 1994 Sewer Revenue Bonds, have been paid in full in connection with the Authority's issuance of its \$17,215,000 Revenue Bonds (Wastewater System Refinancing and Improvement Project), Series 2006, payable from installment payments by the City's Wastewater System pursuant to an installment purchase agreement.

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

Bridge Loan Agreement

On September 13, 2022, the City entered in a loan agreement with RCAC for a short-term loan in the amount of \$1,540,000 plus closing costs from the RCAC for land acquisition for the Mallard and Middletown affordable apartment projects and authorize the City Manager to execute the same and any other related documents. The purpose of this loan is to provide for a short-term "bridge loan" between escrow closings and reimbursement from the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) to facilitate the acquisition of real property for the Mallard and Middletown affordable apartment projects. The loan was paid in full on March 17, 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budget Comparison Schedules – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original	Amended		
	 Budget	 Budget	 Actual	 Variance
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 329,741	\$ 333,208	\$ 338,868	\$ 5,660
Sales tax	5,776,840	6,483,746	6,699,052	215,306
Transient occupancy taxes	231,529	218,867	272,607	53,740
Other taxes	220,094	224,260	529,685	305,425
Franchise fees	359,868	597,720	376,743	(220,977
Licenses and permits	152,000	143,365	195,435	52,070
Fines and forfeitures	75,208	77,197	61,100	(16,097
Use of money and property	53,316	75,470	128,006	52,536
Intergovernmental	1,068,654	1,082,663	1,079,675	(2,988
Charges for services	951,780	697,110	817,285	120,175
Other revenues	 567,491	 567,491	 567,491	 -
Total Revenues	 9,786,521	 10,501,097	 11,065,947	 564,850
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	2,636,765	2,634,560	2,777,394	(142,834
Public safety	3,241,375	3,310,784	3,245,822	64,962
Highways and streets	671,451	662,281	633,172	29,109
Community development	840,725	745,926	738,190	7,736
Parks and recreation	 2,260,628	 2,127,107	 1,846,580	 280,527
Total Expenditures	 9,650,944	 9,480,658	 9,241,158	 239,500
REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 135,577	 1,020,439	 1,824,789	 804,350
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	289,751	289,751	420,899	131,148
Transfers out	 (408,445)	 (408,445)	 (518,576)	 (110,131
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (118,694)	(118,694)	 (97,677)	 21,017
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 16,883	\$ 901,745	1,727,112	\$ 825,367
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year			 2,698,996	
End of year			4,426,108	

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Transportation Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		1	Amended Budget	 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	880,000	\$ 879,947	\$	(53)	
Total Revenues				880,000	 879,947		(53)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Highways and streets		-		1,715,000	 1,714,838		162	
Total Expenditures				1,715,000	 1,714,838		162	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER EXPENDITURES)				(835,000)	 (834,891)		109	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		908,000	 907,575		(425)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				908,000	 907,575		(425)	
Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	73,000	72,684	\$	(316)	
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year					 3,441,218			
End of year					\$ 3,513,902			

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Measure J Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Original Budget	Amended Budget	 Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Sales tax	\$ 1,207,219	\$ 1,485,630	\$ 1,589,812	\$ 104,182
Use of money and property	 -	 -	 430	 430
Total Revenues	 1,207,219	 1,485,630	 1,590,242	 104,612
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	11,600	14,856	15,898	(1,042)
Public safety	 1,413,823	 1,198,709	 1,474,540	 (275,831)
Total Expenditures	 1,425,423	 1,213,565	 1,490,438	 (276,873)
REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER EXPENDITURES)	 (218,204)	 272,065	 99,804	 (172,261)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	 218,204	 -	 -	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 218,204	 	 	 -
Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 272,065	99,804	\$ (172,261)
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year			 259,713	
End of year			\$ 359,517	

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Measure L Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:					
Sales tax	\$	2,414,438	\$ 2,971,260	\$ 3,206,171	\$ 234,911
Use of money and property		20,296	 20,296	 9,347	 (10,949)
Total Revenues		2,434,734	 2,991,556	 3,215,518	 223,962
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out		-	 (961,000)	 (960,539)	 461
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 (961,000)	 (960,539)	 461
Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,434,734	\$ 2,030,556	2,254,979	\$ 224,423
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year				3,131,749	
End of year				\$ 5,386,728	

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budget Comparison Schedules – Development Impact Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Or	iginal	1	Amended			
	Bu	Budget		Budget	 Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	3,700	\$ 3,680	\$	(20)
Charges for services		-		77,000	76,784		(216)
Grant revenues		-		571,000	 570,552		(448)
Total Revenues	. <u> </u>	-		651,700	 651,016	. <u> </u>	(684)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Highways and streets		-		130,000	 129,425		575
Total Expenditures		-		130,000	 129,425		575
Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	521,700	521,591	\$	(109)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					 1,628,273		
End of year					\$ 2,149,864		

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual budget adopted by the City Council provides for the general operation of the City. The annual budget is adopted by the City Council in June of each year for all funds. The resolution sets a combined appropriation of the funds for the operation of the City.
- 2. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments and line items to assure adequate and proper standards of service. Budgetary revisions, including supplemental appropriations which increase appropriations in individual funds and transfers between funds, must be approved by the City Council. The budgetary level of control is at the fund level. The budgeted figures used in the financial statements are the final amended amounts.
- 3. The budget is formally integrated into the accounting system and employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- 4. Budgets for the governmental fund types are adopted and recorded on the modified basis of accounting on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Supplemental appropriations were adopted by the City Council and have been included in the statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance budget to actual. Budgets are also prepared for proprietary fund types, which include debt service principal payments, capital outlay, but do not include depreciation.

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations, and if certain proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller or refunded to the taxpayers through revised tax rates or revised fee schedules. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, proceeds of taxes did not exceed allowable appropriations.

The accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual for the General and all Major Special Revenue funds present comparisons of the legally-adopted budget with actual data on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

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City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Mi	iscellaneous F	lan				
M easurement period, y ear ended	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014 ¹
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.5126582%	0.3026100%	0.3023200%	0.3024169%	0.2922869%	0.1180300%	0.1279368%	0.1167000%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,734,367	\$ 12,764,462	\$ 12,106,299	\$ 11,397,227	\$ 11,522,089	\$ 10,213,253	\$ 8,781,468	\$ 7,270,669
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 3,698,705	\$ 3,590,976	\$ 3,486,384	\$ 3,573,174	\$ 3,469,101	\$ 3,368,059	\$ 3,269,960	\$ 3,174,719
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	263.18%	355.46%	338.81%	318.97%	332.13%	303.24%	268.55%	229.02%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 25,810,596	\$ 22,035,899	\$ 21,858,639	\$ 21,834,428	\$ 20,599,097	\$ 18,384,211	\$ 18,751,097	\$ 20,035,468
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.61%	63.32%	64.36%	65.70%	64.13%	64.29%	68.11%	73.37%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 1,209,148	\$ 1,126,569	\$ 993,063	\$ 892,071	\$ 821,706	\$ 758,296	\$ 563,533	\$ 547,119
¹ Information only presented from the implementation	ı year							

Safety Plan

M easurement period, year ended		5/30/2021	 6/30/2020	 6/30/2019	 6/30/2018	 6/30/2017	 6/30/2016	 6/30/2015	6	/30/2014 1
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability		0.155635%	0.121160%	0.119580%	0.118760%	0.115576%	0.070494%	0.073132%		0.071310%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,461,995	\$ 8,071,829	\$ 7,464,858	\$ 6,968,396	\$ 6,905,882	\$ 6,099,938	\$ 5,019,871	\$	4,440,588
Plan's covered payroll	\$	1,414,240	\$ 1,373,049	\$ 1,333,057	\$ 1,294,230	\$ 1,256,534	\$ 1,219,936	\$ 1,184,404	\$	1,149,907
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		386.21%	587.88%	559.98%	538.42%	549.60%	500.02%	423.83%		386.17%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$	21,377,402	\$ 17,734,181	\$ 16,504,858	\$ 16,101,982	\$ 14,268,522	\$ 12,997,857	\$ 13,914,172	\$	13,946,181
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		79.65%	68.72%	68.86%	69.80%	67.39%	68.06%	73.49%		75.85%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$	799,484	\$ 762,764	\$ 668,141	\$ 568,532	\$ 488,725	\$ 457,324	\$ 332,478	\$	322,794
¹ Information only presented from the implementation	yea	r								

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Miscellar	eous Plan				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,324,470	\$ 1,209,148	\$ 1,126,569	\$ 993,063	\$ 892,071	\$ 821,706	\$ 758,296	\$ 563,533
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(1,324,470)	(1,209,148)	(1,126,569)	(993,063)	(892,071)	(821,706)	(758,296)	(563,533)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 3,809,666	\$ 3,698,705	\$ 3,590,976	\$ 3,486,384	\$ 3,573,174	\$ 3,469,101	\$ 3,368,059	\$ 3,269,960
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	34.77%	32.69%	31.37%	28.48%	24.97%	23.69%	22.51%	17.23%
Notes to Schedule								

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022 were derived from the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report.

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method/period	For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation	2.63%
Salary increases	Varies based on entry age and service
Payroll growth	2.875%
Investment rate of return	7.000% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses
Retirement age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2011.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre- retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Actuaries.

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Safet	y Plan				
2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
\$ 850,316	\$ 799,484	\$ 762,764	\$ 668,141	\$ 568,532	\$ 488,725	\$ 457,324	\$ 332,478
(850,316)	(799,484)	(762,764)	(668,141)	(568,532)	(488,725)	(457,324)	(332,478)
\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 1,456,668	\$ 1,414,240	\$ 1,373,049	\$ 1,333,057	\$ 1,294,230	\$ 1,256,534	\$ 1,219,936	\$ 1,184,404
58.37%	56.53%	55.55%	50.12%	43.93%	38.89%	37.49%	28.07%
	\$ 850,316 (850,316) <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,456,668	\$ 850,316 \$ 799,484 (850,316) (799,484) <u>\$ - \$ -</u> \$ 1,456,668 \$ 1,414,240	2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 \$ 850,316 \$ 799,484 \$ 762,764 (850,316) (799,484) (762,764) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,456,668 \$ 1,414,240 \$ 1,373,049	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2021-222020-212019-202018-192017-18\$ 850,316\$ 799,484\$ 762,764\$ 668,141\$ 568,532(850,316)(799,484)(762,764)(668,141)(568,532) $$ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ - $ $ 1,456,668$ 1,414,240$ 1,373,049$ 1,333,057$ 1,294,230$	2021-222020-212019-202018-192017-182016-17\$ 850,316\$ 799,484\$ 762,764\$ 668,141\$ 568,532\$ 488,725(850,316)(799,484)(762,764)(668,141)(568,532)(488,725) $$ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ - $ -$	2021-22 $2020-21$ $2019-20$ $2018-19$ $2017-18$ $2016-17$ $2015-16$ \$ 850,316\$ 799,484\$ 762,764\$ 668,141\$ 568,532\$ 488,725\$ 457,324(850,316)(799,484)(762,764)(668,141)(568,532)(488,725)(457,324)\$ -\$ -\$ -\$ -\$ -\$ -\$ -\$ 1,456,668\$ 1,414,240\$ 1,373,049\$ 1,333,057\$ 1,294,230\$ 1,256,534\$ 1,219,936

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022 were derived from the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report.

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method/period	For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation	2.63%
Salary increases	Varies based on entry age and service
Payroll growth	2.875%
Investment rate of return	7.000% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses
Retirement age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2011.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Actuaries.

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Placerville Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Measurement period, year ending:	 6/30/2021	 6/30/2020	 6/30/2019	 6/30/2018	6	/30/2017 ¹
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 417,308	\$ 367,057	\$ 320,283	\$ 275,001	\$	288,351
Interest	87,589	101,733	112,667	124,596		104,326
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(741,377)	-	(735,966)	-		-
Changes of assumptions	(20,633)	192,870	297,706	189,551		(178,820)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (209,163)	 (171,420)	 (108,058)	 (93,565)		(116,520)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(466,276)	490,240	(113,368)	495,583		97,337
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 4,360,693	 3,870,453	 3,983,821	 3,488,238		3,390,901
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,894,417	\$ 4,360,693	\$ 3,870,453	\$ 3,983,821	\$	3,488,238
OPEB fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 171,420	\$ 171,420	\$ 108,058	\$ 93,565	\$	116,520
Net investment income	-	-	-	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(171,420)	(171,420)	(108,058)	(93,565)		(116,520)
Administrative expense	 -	 -	 -	 -		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 -	 	 -	 		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	 -	 -	 -	 -		-
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 3,894,417	\$ 4,360,693	\$ 3,870,453	\$ 3,983,821	\$	3,488,238
Plan fiduciary net position as a						
percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,407,731	\$ 6,603,614	\$ 6,585,298	\$ 6,783,602	\$	6,361,144
Plan net OPEB liability as a						
percentage of covered payroll	60.78%	66.03%	58.77%	58.73%		54.84%

¹Information only presented from the implementation year

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

City of Placerville Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Gas		Parking		BAD, CFI					
	 Tax		District		Grants	8	a LLMD			
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$ 517,284	\$	226,396	\$	1,154,197	\$	335,707			
Receivables:										
Accounts	59,779		28,328		566,179		1,566			
Interest	623		99		1,046		270			
Loans	-		-		686,385		-			
Due from other funds	 -		656		-		-			
Total assets	\$ 577,686	\$	255,479	\$	2,407,807	\$	337,543			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	5,299	\$	84,615	\$	5,936			
Deposits payable	-		2,259		-		-			
Due to other funds	-		-		10,546		-			
Unearned revenue	-		-		949,224		-			
Advances from other funds	 -		126,157		-		-			
Total liabilities	 -		133,715		1,044,385		5,936			
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenues	-		-		686,385		-			
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -		-		686,385		-			
Fund Balances:										
Restricted	577,686		121,764		677,037		331,607			
Committed	-		-		-		-			
Total fund balances	 577,686		121,764		677,037		331,607			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	 									
resources and fund balances	\$ 577,686	\$	255,479	\$	2,407,807	\$	337,543			

City of Placerville Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and investments		Capital Projects 216,058		Park velopment	Go	overnmental Funds
Cash and investments		,		velopment		Funds
Cash and investments	\$	216,058	0			
	\$	216,058	•			
			\$	121,582	\$	2,571,224
Receivables:						
Accounts		-		-		655,852
Interest		140		102		2,280
Loans		-		-		686,385
		-		-		656
Total assets	\$	216,198	\$	121,684	\$	3,916,397
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	7,088	\$	-	\$	102,938
Deposits payable		-		-		2,259
Due to other funds		-		-		10,546
Unearned revenue		-		-		949,224
Advances from other funds		-		-		126,157
Total liabilities		7,088		-		1,191,124
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenues		-		-		686,385
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		686,385
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		-		121,684		1,829,778
Committed	_	209,110		-		209,110
Total fund balances		209,110		121,684		2,038,888
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	41-	217 109	¢	101 (04	¢	2.017.207
resources and fund balances	\$	216,198	\$	121,684	\$	3,916,397

(Concluded)

City of Placerville Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_				
		Gas Tax	Parking District	 Grants	D, CFD, LLMD
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property	\$	1,418	\$ 327	\$ 26,982	\$ 634
Intergovernmental		499,202	-	124,503	-
Charges for services		-	239,866	-	78,619
Grant revenues		-	 -	 524,110	 -
Total revenues		500,620	 240,193	 675,595	 79,253
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		-	70,034	25,654	-
Public safety		-	-	386,439	-
Highways and streets		85,031	204,517	1,076	22,310
Parks and recreation		-	 -	 10,388	 28,519
Total expenditures		85,031	 274,551	 423,557	 50,829
REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		415,589	 (34,358)	 252,038	 28,424
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		-	12,215	-	196
Transfers out		(337,146)	 -	 (217,637)	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(337,146)	 12,215	 (217,637)	 196
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		78,443	(22,143)	34,401	28,620
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year		499,243	 143,907	 642,636	 302,987
End of year	\$	577,686	\$ 121,764	\$ 677,037	\$ 331,607

City of Placerville Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Rev	venue Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds	
	Capital Projects	Park Development		
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ 427	\$ 25 0	\$ 30,038	
Intergovernmental	3,833	-	627,538	
Charges for services	-	6,600	325,085	
Grant revenues	-		524,110	
Total revenues	4,260	6,850	1,506,771	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	98,175	-	193,863	
Public safety	-	-	386,439	
Highways and streets	-	-	312,934	
Parks and recreation	45,894		84,801	
Total expenditures	144,069		978,037	
REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(139,809)	6,850	528,734	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	93,382	-	105,793	
Transfers out			(554,783)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	93,382		(448,990)	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(46,427)	6,850	79,744	
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	255,537	114,834	1,959,144	
End of year	\$ 209,110	\$ 121,684	\$ 2,038,888	

(Concluded)

City of Placerville Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Driginal Budget	0			Actual		Variance
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ 1,900	\$	1,900	\$	1,418	\$	(482)
Intergovernmental	 500,681		500,681		499,202		(1,479)
Total Revenues	 502,581		502,581		500,620		(1,961)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Highways and streets	 -		-		85,031		(85,031)
Total Expenditures	-		-		85,031		(85,031)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 502,581		502,581		415,589		(86,992)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	 (289,751)		(289,751)		(337,146)		(47,395)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(289,751)		(289,751)		(337,146)		(47,395)
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 212,830	\$	212,830		78,443	\$	(134,387)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					499,243		
End of year				\$	577,686		

City of Placerville Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Parking District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Driginal Budget	Amended Budget	Actual		 Variance
REVENUES:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 96,062	\$ 96,062	\$	-	\$ (96,062)
Use of money and property	1,488	1,488		327	(1,161)
Charges for services	 212,252	 212,252		239,866	 27,614
Total Revenues	 309,802	 309,802		240,193	 (69,609)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	96,957	96,957		70,034	26,923
Highways and streets	 128,194	 128,194		204,517	 (76,323)
Total Expenditures	 225,151	 225,151		274,551	(49,400)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 84,651	 84,651		(34,358)	 (119,009)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	8,656	8,656		12,215	-
Transfers out	(8,395)	(8,395)		-	8,395
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	261	261		12,215	8,395
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 84,912	\$ 84,912		(22,143)	\$ (110,614)
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year				143,907	
End of year			\$	121,764	

City of Placerville Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Driginal Budget	mended Budget	 Actual	 Variance
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,982	\$ 26,982
Intergovernmental Grant revenues	270,356	270,356	124,503 524,110	(145,853) 524,110
Total Revenues	 270,356	 270,356	 675,595	 405,239
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government Public safety	- 270,356	- 270,356	25,654 386,439	(25,654) (116,083)
Highways and streets	-	-	1,076	(1,076)
Parks and recreation	-	-	10,388	(10,388)
Total Expenditures	 270,356	270,356	 423,557	(153,201)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 -	 -	 252,038	 558,440
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out	 -	 -	 (217,637)	 (217,637)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	 -	 (217,637)	 (217,637)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	34,401	\$ 558,440
FUND BALANCE:	270,356	270,356		
Beginning of year			 642,636	
End of year			\$ 677,037	

City of Placerville Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-BAD, CFD, & LLMD Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Driginal Budget			Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ 1,697	\$	1,697	\$	634	\$	(1,063)
Charges for services	 74,254		74,254		78,619		4,365
Total Revenues	 75,951		75,951		79,253		3,302
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Highways and streets	41,475	74,254 75,951 41,475			22,310		19,165
Parks and recreation	 34,476		34,476		28,519		5,957
Total Expenditures	 75,951		75,951		50,829		25,122
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	 -		-		196		196
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-		196		196
Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-		28,620	\$	28,620
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					302,987		
End of year				\$	331,607		

City of Placerville Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Capital Projects Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Orig Bud		Amended Budget	Actual		V	ariance
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$ 400	\$	427	\$	27
Intergovernmental		-	 4,000		3,833		167
Total Revenues		-	 4,400		4,260		194
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		-	100,000		98,175		1,825
Parks and recreation		-	 46,000		45,894		106
Total Expenditures			 146,000		144,069		1,931
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	 (141,600)		(139,809)		2,125
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-	94,000		93,382		(618)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	 94,000		93,382		(618)
Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ (47,600)		(46,427)	\$	1,507
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					255,537		
End of year				\$	209,110		

City of Placerville Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget Comparison Schedules-Park Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

iginal Amended udget Budget		udget	Actual		Variance	
\$ -	\$	300	\$	250	\$	(50)
-		6,000		6,600		600
 -		6,300		6,850		550
				114,834		
			\$	121,684		
					- 6,300 6,850 114,834	- 6,300 6,850 114,834

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