

DRAFT - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
CITY OF PLACERVILLE, CALIFORNIA
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

PLACERVILLE DRIVE PEDESTRIAN CONNECTIVITY PROJECT (CIP# 42337)
FEDERAL PROJECT NO. CM-5015(037)

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ORGANIZATION

Special provisions are under headings that correspond with the main-section headings of the Standard Specifications. A main-section heading is a heading shown in the table of contents of the Standard Specifications.

Each special provision begins with a revision clause that describes or introduces a revision to the Standard Specifications as revised by any revised standard specification.

Any paragraph added or deleted by a revision clause does not change the paragraph numbering of the Standard Specifications for any other reference to a paragraph of the Standard Specifications.

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DIVISION I GENERAL PROVISIONS

1 GENERAL

Add to section 1-1.01:

The work embraced herein shall be done in accordance with the Standard Specifications of the Department of Transportation dated 2024, hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications, and the Standard Plans of the Department of Transportation dated 2024 supplemented by the Revised Standard Plans of the Department of Transportation as of October 21, 2024, hereinafter referred to as the Standard Plans, insofar as the same may apply and in accordance with the following Special Provisions.

The components of the Contract Documents are intended to supplement each other. In the event of a conflict in the Contract Documents, the following order of precedence will govern interpretation of the Contract:

- 1. Field instruction or other written directives
- 2. Addenda
- 3. Special Provisions
- 4. Placerville Drive Pedestrian Connectivity Project Plans
- 5. Standard Specifications
- 6. Standard Plans

Add to section 1-1.07B:

A term not defined in the Contract Documents or Standard Specifications has the meaning defined in Means Illustrated Construction Dictionary, Condensed Version, Second Edition.

Approval of the Contract: Execution of the Contract by the City Council of the City of Placerville.

Caltrans/Department of Transportation: Department of Transportation as defined in the St & Hwy Code § 20 and authorized in St & Hwy Cod § 90; its authorized representatives.

City: The City of Placerville, a municipal corporation of the State of California.

CCTV: Closed-circuit television.

City Council: City Council of the City of Placerville, State of California.

Contract: Written and executed Contract as approved by the City Council between the City of Placerville and the Contractor.

Contract Documents: Plans, Notice to Bidders, Special Provisions, and Proposal and Agreement

Contractor: Person of business or its legal representative approved by the City Council and entering into a Contract with the City of Placerville for performance of the work.

Department: The City of Placerville except that any reference to the Department's forms, websites, manuals, guides, and test methods. These shall be defined as forms, websites, manuals, guides, and test methods of Caltrans.

Design Engineer: R.E.Y. Engineers, Inc. and their subconsulting engineers.

Director: The City Engineer for the City of Placerville.

EID: El Dorado Irrigation District.

Engineer: The Resident Engineer of the City acting either directly or through properly authorized agents; such agents acting within the scope of the particular duties delegated to them.

Inspector or City Inspector: An authorized agent acting on behalf of the City Engineer and within the scope of the particular duties delegated to him/her.

Plans: The Plans are specific details and dimensions particular to the work and are supplemented by the Standard Plans insofar as they may apply. This term is used interchangeably for the Placerville Drive Pedestrian Connectivity CIP# 42337 plans.

Project Plans: The Project Plans are specific details and dimensions particular to the work and are supplemented by the Standard Plans insofar as they may apply. This term is used interchangeably for the Placerville Drive Pedestrian Connectivity CIP# 42337 plans.

Special Provisions: The Special Provisions are specific clauses required by the City setting forth conditions of requirements peculiar to the work and supplementary to the Standard Specifications of the State of California.

Standard Plans: 2024 Standard Plans of the State of California, Department of Transportation and the current Revised Standard Plans as of October 21, 2024.

Standard Specifications: 2024 Standard Specifications of the State of California, Department of Transportation (Caltrans) and the current Revised Standard Specifications as of October 21, 2024.

State: The State of California, including its agencies, departments or divisions whose conduct or action is related to the work or when referenced in the Standard Specifications "State" shall mean the City of Placerville, including its authorized officers, agents, consultants, and volunteers.

Project: The work as contemplated in these documents and Project Plans.

Proposal: The un-approved offer as submitted to the City for contemplation for the completion of the Project.

USDOT: The United States of America Department of Transportation.

Add to section 1-1.09:

This project is located in a freeze-thaw area.

Add to section 1-1.11:

Websites, Addresses, and Telephone Numbers

Reference or Agency or Department Unit	Website	Address	Telephone no.
Quest CDN	https://www.questcdn.com/	--	-
El Dorado County Fire Protection	http://www.eldoradocountyfire.com	4040 Carson Road Camino, CA	(530) 644-9630
Placerville Police Department	http://www.cityofplacerville.org/depts/police	730 Main Street Placerville, CA	(530) 642-5210
Placerville Downtown Association	http://www.placerville-downtown.org	--	(530) 672-3436
El Dorado Transit Authority	http://www.eldoradotransit.com/	6565 Commerce Way Diamond Springs, CA	(530) 642-5383
Placerville Union School District Transportation Department	https://www.pusdk8.us/page/bus-routes	2877 Schnell School Rd Placerville, CA 95667	(530) 622-6244

Replace the paragraph in section 1-1.12 with:

Make checks and bonds payable to the City of Placerville.

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2 BIDDING

Replace section 2-1.05 with:

2-1.05 FEDERAL LOBBYING RESTRICTIONS

Section 1352, Title 31, United States Code prohibits Federal funds from being expended by the recipient or any lower tier sub recipient of a Federal-aid contract to pay for any person for influencing or attempting to influence a Federal agency or Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal aid contract, the making of any Federal grant or loan, or the entering into of any cooperative agreement.

If any funds other than Federal funds have been paid for the same purposes in connection with this Federal-aid contract, the recipient shall submit an executed certification and, if required, submit a completed disclosure form as part of the bid documents.

A certification for Federal-aid contracts regarding payment of funds to lobby Congress or a Federal agency is included in the Bid book. Standard Form - LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," with instructions for completion of the Standard Form is also included in the Bid book. Signing the Bid book shall constitute signature of the Certification.

The above referenced certification and disclosure of lobbying activities shall be included in each subcontract and any lower-tier contracts exceeding \$100,000. All disclosure forms, but not certifications, shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by the Engineer.

The Contractor, subcontractors and any lower-tier contractors shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that requires disclosure or that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by the Contractor, subcontractors and any lower-tier contractors. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes:

- (1) A cumulative increase of \$25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or
- (2) A change in the person(s) or individual(s) influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or

(3) A change in the officer(s), employees(s), or Member(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal Action.

Replace the paragraphs in section 2-1.06A with:

Standard Specifications and Standard Plans may be viewed at the Caltrans Office Engineer Web Site and may be purchased at the Publication Distribution Unit.

The Notice to Bidders, Special Provisions, Proposal and Agreement, and any Project Plans may be viewed and obtained at the locations stated in the Notice to Bidders.

Replace Section 2-1.12B (2) with:

2-1.12B(2) Disadvantaged Business Enterprises Commitment submittal

Submit DBE information on the Local Agency Bidder - DBE - Commitment form (DBE commitment form) included in the Proposal and Agreement Section. If the form is not submitted with the bid, remove the form from the Proposal and Agreement Section before submitting your bid.

If the DBE commitment form is not submitted with the bid, the apparent low bidder, the 2nd low bidder, and the 3rd low bidder must complete and submit the form to the City of Placerville. The DBE commitment forms must be received by Melissa Savage, City of Placerville Engineering Department or email Melissa Savage msavage@cityofplacerville.org no later than 4:00 p.m. on the 4th business day after bid opening.

Other bidders are not required to submit the DBE commitment form unless the Department requests it. If the Department requests a DBE commitment form from you, submit the completed form within 4 business days of the request.

Submit written confirmation from each DBE shown on the form stating that it will be participating in the Contract. Include confirmation with the DBE commitment form. A copy of a DBE's quote will serve as written confirmation that the DBE will be participating in the Contract.

If you do not submit the DBE commitment form by the specified time, your bid is nonresponsive.

Replace the second and third paragraph of Section 2-1.12B(3) with:

If you have not met the DBE goal, complete and submit the Good Faith Efforts Documentation form with the bid showing that you made adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal. Only good faith efforts directed toward obtaining participation by DBEs are considered. If good faith efforts documentation is not submitted with the bid, it must be received by Melissa Savage, City of Placerville Engineering Department or email msavage@cityofplacerville.org no later than 4:00 p.m. on the 4th business day after bid opening.

Replace the paragraphs in section 2-1.33A with:

Complete forms in Bid book. Submit forms with your bid.

Except where stated acceptable elsewhere, do not fax submittals.

Failure to submit the forms and information as specified may result in a non-responsive bid.

Add to section 2-1.33A:

On the Subcontractor List, you must submit each subcontractor's license number, each subcontracted bid item number and corresponding percentage with your bid or email these numbers and percentages to Melissa Savage, City of Placerville Engineering Department or email msavage@cityofplacerville.org. Failure to do so results in a nonresponsive bid.

You must either submit with your bid the BIDDER'S LIST OF SELECTED SUBCONTRACTORS and BIDDER'S LIST OF NON-SELECTED SUBCONTRACTORS or email to Melissa Savage, City of Placerville Engineering Department or email msavage@cityofplacerville.org within 24 hours after bid opening. Failure to do so results in a nonresponsive bid.

Replace the last paragraph of section 2-1.34 with:

If using a bidder's bond, you must use the form in the Proposal section.

Replace the paragraph in section 2-1.47 with:

The Department may grant bid relief under Public Contracts Code § 5100 et seq. Submit any request for bid relief to Melissa Savage, City of Placerville Engineering Department or email msavage@cityofplacerville.org. The Relief of Bid Request form is available at the Caltrans Web site.

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3 CONTRACT AWARD AND EXECUTION

Replace the paragraphs in section 3-1.04 with:

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids or any parts thereof and waive any irregularities or informalities in any bid or in the bidding to the extent permitted by law and to make awards in all or part of the best interest of the Department. No bidder may withdraw his/her bid for a period of sixty (60) days after the date set for the bid opening. Bid protests must be submitted in writing to the attention of the City Clerk before 4:00 pm of the 3rd calendar day following the bid opening.

If the Department awards the contract, the award is made to the lowest responsible bidder for the total of all the base bid items within 60 days after bid opening. The Department may extend the specified award period if the bidder agrees. The Department retains the right to remove any and/or all additive alternative to or from the plans as they see fit.

Barring some unforeseen irregularity, Notice of Award will be sent to the lowest responsive bidder after approval by the City Council.

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4 SCOPE OF WORK

Replace the paragraphs in section 4-1.13 with:

4-1.13 CLEANUP

4-1.13A General

Section 4-1.13 includes specifications for daily, weekly, and final cleanup.

The Contractor must locate and negotiate terms of use for their staging area.

If at any time the cleaning of the job site and/or staging area(s) is not performed to the satisfaction of the City and the Engineer, the Contractor will be notified and shall immediately return to the project site and perform satisfactory cleaning. If the Contractor is unable to perform cleaning activities in a timely matter as determined by the City, the cleaning may be performed for the Contractor at their expense.

4-1.13A(1) Daily Cleanup

At the end of each working day, return all materials and equipment to approved staging areas. All rubbish and debris shall be completely removed from the project site. If pedestrian and/or vehicular signage is required during non-working hours, signage shall be placed to the satisfaction of the City and Engineer.

If Contractor utilizes cold mix asphalt (CMA) for temporary ramping or paving, the Contractor is responsible for maintaining the cold mix during non-working hours. Cold mix shall be properly compacted by an approved compaction device. Equipment tires or vehicle tires shall not be used for compaction of CMA, unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

Contractor shall use vactor trucks or other approved equipment to prevent domestic water from entering the storm drain system.

The Contractor is responsible for maintaining vehicular and pedestrian traffic equal to or better than pre-construction conditions at all times. Repair and replace all striping affected by the day's work. Crosswalk and lane striping must be visible at all times.

5-1.23A GENERAL

5-1.23A(1) Submittal Procedure

Section 5-1.23 includes specifications for action and informational submittals.

Any submittal not specified as an informational submittal is an action submittal.

Accompany each submittal with a Submittal form, which contains the following information:

1. Contractor's name and the name of Subcontractor or supplier who prepared the submittal.
2. The project name and identifying number.
3. Description of the submittal and reference to the Contract requirement or technical specification section and paragraph number being addressed.

Electronic submittals are preferred. Provide original hard copies to the Engineer upon request. If hard copies are submitted in lieu of an electronic submittal, submit the number and type of copies for each submittal and follow the procedures described below or in other paragraphs in this Section. Submit three copies of submittals not covered in this Section.

1. Designation of Superintendent: Submit three copies for information. Include name, address, home telephone number, and a brief resume.
2. List of Subcontractors and Major Suppliers: Submit three copies for information. Include address, telephone number, and name of responsible party.
3. Subcontractors'/Suppliers'/Manufacturers' Affidavits. Submit three copies for items specified in the Technical Specifications.

The City or Engineer rejects a submittal if it has any error or any omission.

Failure to provide submittals requested by the Engineer constitutes contract noncompliance on that item of work and may be deducted in accordance with Sections 5-1.30 and 9-1.16E.

Convert foreign language documents to English and U.S. customary units.

5-1.23A(2) Schedule of Submittals

Submit three (3) copies for information. No copy will be returned.

At the pre-construction meeting, submit a Schedule of Submittals showing the date by which each submittal required for Product Review or Product Information will be made. Identify the items that will be included in each submittal by listing the item or group of items and the Specification Section and paragraph number under which they are specified. Indicate whether the submittal is required for Product Review of Proposed Equivalents, Shop Drawings, Product Data or Samples or required for Product Information only.

5-1.23A(3) Plan of Operations

Submit three (3) copies.

Before beginning on site work, submit a plan showing Contractor's intended use of the Work site, including on site storage of materials, on site handling of materials, and field offices.

5-1.23A(5) Shop Drawing, Product Data and Sample Submitted for Product Review

This paragraph covers submittal of Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples required for the Engineer's review referred to as Product Review submittals for the Technical Specifications of the contract documents. Submittals required for information only are referred to as Product Information submittals in the Technical Specifications and are covered in section 5-1.23A(7).

Number and type of submittals:

1. Shop Drawings: Submit three (3) clear, sharp high contrast copies one of which will be marked, stamped and returned to the Contractor. The Contractor shall make and distribute the required number of

additional copies to its superintendent, subcontractors and suppliers. Shop drawings must comply with section 5-1.23B(2).

2. Product Data: Submit three (3) clear copies. One copy will be marked, stamped and returned. The Contractor shall make and distribute the required number of additional copies to its superintendent, subcontractors and suppliers.

The Contractor shall make all Product Review submittals early enough to allow adequate time for the Engineer's review, for manufacture, and for delivery at the construction site without causing delay to the Work. Submittals shall be made early enough to allow for unforeseen delays such as:

- 1 Failure to obtain Favorable Review because of inadequate or incomplete submittal or because the item submitted does not meet the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- 2 Delays in manufacture.
- 3 Delays in delivery.

Content of Submittals:

1. Each submittal shall include all of the items and material required for a complete assembly, system or Specification Section.
2. Submittals shall contain all of the physical, technical and performance data required by the specifications or necessary to demonstrate conclusively that the items comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
3. Provide verification that the physical characteristics of items submitted, including size, configuration, clearances, mounting points, utility connection points and service access points, are suitable for the space provided and are compatible with other interrelated items that are existing or have or will be submitted.
4. Label each Product Data Submittal, Shop Drawing and Sample with the information required in paragraph 5-1.23A(1)1. of this Section. Highlight or mark every page of every copy of all
5. Product Data submittals to show the specific items being submitted and all options included or choices offered.
6. Additional requirements for Product Review submittals are contained in the Technical Specification sections.
7. Designation of work as "by others," shown on Shop Drawings, shall mean that the work will be the responsibility of the Contractor rather than the subcontractor or supplier who has prepared the Shop Drawings.

Requirements for Contractor Designed Items:

Verify that products delivered meet requirements of Contract Documents.

Compatibility of Equipment and Material:

1. Similar items, equipment, devices or products furnished under a single specification section shall all be made by the same maker and have interchangeable parts.
2. In addition, but only if so stated in each affected Specification Section, similar items furnished under two or more Specification Sections shall be made by the same maker and have interchangeable parts.
3. All similar materials or products that are interrelated or used together in an assembly shall be compatible with each other.

Requirements for the Contractor's review and stamping of submittals prepared by the Contractor or by Subcontractors or suppliers prior to submitting them to the Engineer. The Contractor warrants:

1. Work or items submitted are complete, accurate and meet the requirements of the Contract Documents, or else any deviations are identified and described in a separate letter accompanying the submittal form.
2. Work or items submitted have been coordinated with and meet the requirements of other submittals, field conditions and the Work as a whole and quantities and dimensions are correct.

3. Proposed Equivalent items are at least equal in quality, utility and appearance to the first specified item, or else any deviations are identified in a separate letter accompanying the submittal form.
4. Adjustments to other work required to accommodate Proposed Equivalent items including second named items have been delineated on the submittal and will be made at the Contractor's expense.
5. This submittal includes all items needed for a particular specification section or assembly for which submittals are required.

Submittals that contain deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents shall be accompanied by a separate letter explaining the deviations. The Contractor's letter shall:

1. Cite the specific Contract requirement including the Specification Section and paragraph number for which approval of a deviation is sought.
2. Describe the proposed alternate material, item or construction and explain its advantages and/or disadvantages to the Owner.
3. State the reduction in Contract Price if any that is offered to the Owner.

Engineer's Review Procedure and Meaning:

The Engineer will stamp and mark each Product Review submittal prior to returning it to the Contractor. The stamp will indicate whether or not the review was favorable and what action is required of the Contractor. Review categories "Approved" and "Approved as Corrected" both indicate Favorable Review.

The Engineer's Favorable Review is contingent on the Contractor's warranties. Favorable Review is also contingent on:

1. The compatibility of items included in a submittal with other related or interdependent items included in previous or future submittals.
2. Future submittal of items related to or required to be part of this submittal that were not included with this submittal.

Favorable Review of a submittal does not constitute approval or deletion of items required as part of the submittal but not included with the submittal. Favorable Review of items included in the submittal does not constitute deletion of specified features, options or accessories that were not included in the submittal or that are included as part of the contract.

The action required by the Contractor for each category of review is as follows:

1. **APPROVED. NO RESUBMITTAL REQUIRED.**
2. **APPROVED AS CORRECTED.** The submittal is approved as corrected by the reviewer. The contractor is responsible for incorporating the reviewer's corrections. The corrected submittal complies with the Contract Documents.
3. **REVISE & RESUBMIT.** The Contractor shall revise and resubmit the submittal as noted or required to comply with the Contract Documents.
4. **REJECTED.** The item submitted does not comply with the Contract Documents in a major way. Resubmit items that comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

The letter of transmittal accompanying the returned Product Review submittal may contain numbered notes. Marking a corresponding number on a Shop Drawing or Product Data submittal shall have the same effect as applying the entire note to the submittal.

Re-submittals that contain changes that were not requested by the Engineer on the previous submittal shall be accompanied by a letter explaining the revised items.

Favorable Review required prior to proceeding. Proceeding without a Favorable Review will be considered unauthorized work per section 5-1.30.

Do not proceed with manufacture, fabrication, delivery or installation of items prior to obtaining the Engineers Favorable Review of Product Review submittals.

Any work performed by the Contractor in advance of an approved submittal for said work is done so at the Contractor's sole risk.

Intent and Limitation on Engineer's Review:

The Contractor has primary responsibility for submitting and providing work that complies with the requirements of the Contract Documents. That responsibility cannot be delegated in whole or in part to subcontractors or suppliers. Neither the Engineer's Favorable Review nor the Engineer's failure to notice or comment on deficiencies in the Contractor's submittals shall relieve the Contractor from the duty to provide work, which complies with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

5-1.23A(6) Proposed Equivalents

Submittal for Proposed Equivalent products or materials shall comply with the submittal requirements for Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples submitted for Product Review in this Section. Bidders wanting to use "or approved equal items" may submit a Substitution Request Form no later than five (5) days after the issuance of the Notice to Proceed.

Time of Submittal:

1. Submittal of Proposed Equivalents shall be received within five (5) days of the Notice to Proceed. The Engineer may agree to a later submittal date if requested in writing within five (5) days of the Notice to Proceed. The request shall identify the item, providing the Specification reference, and proposed manufacturer and model number of the item that will be submitted and the proposed submittal date.
2. The Engineer's agreement to a later submittal date shall be in writing and shall not be construed as Favorable Review or acceptance of the manufacturer or item proposed.

Content of submittals shall be the same as that required for Product Data, Shop Drawings and Samples submitted for Product Review in another paragraph of this Section. In addition, the Contractor shall provide information on several recent similar installations of the item to verify its suitability. The information shall include the project name and location, the Owner's name, address, telephone number and name of a knowledgeable person to contact for information on performance of the product.

When the Contractor has listed specific maker's products submitted with its Bid no changes will be permitted without submittal of acceptable evidence justifying the change and the Engineer's written approval.

If a non-equivalent substitute is submitted for review, it shall be accompanied by a proposed reduction in Contract Price which shall include the increased cost of Engineering service required to evaluate the proposed substitute (which shall be paid to the Owner whether or not the substitute is accepted) plus the greater of 1) the difference in price between the first specified item and the item submitted and 2) the difference in value to the Owner between the two items.

5-1.23A(7) Product Information Submittals

1. Submit three (3) copies. No copies will be returned.
2. Product Information submittals are required for the Owner's permanent records and will be used for future maintenance, repair, modification or replacement work. Product Information submittals will be examined only to verify that the required submittals have been made; they will NOT be reviewed for compliance with the Contract Documents.
3. Make Product Information submittals prior to delivering material, products or items for which Product Information submittals are required.
4. The Contractor has the sole and exclusive responsibility for furnishing products and work that meets the requirements of the Contract Documents.

- The Engineer reserves the right to comment on any submittal and to reject any product or work delivered, installed or otherwise at any time that the Engineer become aware that it is defective or does not meet the requirements of the Contract Document.

5-1.23A(8) Manufacture Certificates

- Submit three (3) copies.
- When specified in Technical Specification section, submit manufacturers' certificate to Engineer for review. Indicate material or product conforms to or exceeds specified requirements. Submit supporting reference data, affidavits, and certifications as appropriate. Certificates may be recent or previous test results on material or Product but must be acceptable to the Engineer.

Replace Section 5-1.26 with:

5-1.26 CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS

5-1.26A General

The contractor must set construction stakes and markers to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work on the plans and as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions and as necessary for the Engineer to check lines, grades, alignment and elevations.

All procedures, methods, and typical stake markings shall be in accordance with Chapter 12, Construction Surveys, of the Caltrans "Survey Manual." Copies of the "Survey Manual" may be purchased from Caltrans Publications Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, and California 95815, (916) 445-3520.

Staking must be performed under the direction of a licensed surveyor or registered civil engineer with the authority to perform land surveying.

5-1.26B Grade Quality Control

Use a GNSS rover, robotic total station equipment, or a level to check the grades at the frequencies shown in the following table: **Grade Checking Requirements**

Type of work	Area or distance represented by the grade checking	Frequency (number of grade points)
Earthwork for cut and fill slopes ≤15 feet	200 feet	2
Earthwork for cut and fill slopes >15 feet	1,000 sq yd	1
Rough grading	1,000 sq yd	1
Trenching	100 feet	6
Subgrade	1 mi	30
Subbase layer	1 mi	50
Base layer	1 mi	100
Curb and gutter	100 feet	6
Concrete barrier	100 feet	5
Finishing roadway	1,000 sq yd	2

Increase the frequency of grade checking of a roadway:

- Wherever its curve radius is 500 feet or less
- In areas of a superelevation transition
- At intersections

Notify the Engineer when an area is ready for line and grade inspection. Submit the grade checking results on a Grade Checking Report form as an informational submittal.

5-1.26C Payment

Construction surveys (contractor provided construction staking) shall be paid for under the Construction Staking bid item. Progress payments will be made based upon the percentage of work items requiring staking staked by that point. No additional compensation will be made for resetting stakes.

Replace the paragraphs in section 5-1.27E with:

Maintain separate records for change order work costs.

Submit change order bills to the Engineer.

Add to the end of section 5-1.32:

Personal vehicles of the Contractor's employees must not be parked on the traveled way or shoulders, including sections closed to traffic.

Add between the 2nd and 3rd paragraphs of section 5-1.36C(3):

Utilities shown on the Project Plans as being relocated or rearranged by others will be relocated or rearranged by others, but the Contractor shall coordinate those efforts with the utility owner(s) to ensure no schedule impacts or delays. Contact information for the utility purveyors are as follows:

1. PG&E: Joshua R. Berger (209) 986-0184
2. AT&T: Nathan Dixon (916) 296-6359
3. Comcast: Cameron Alves (916) 200-9060
4. EID: Patrick Kalvass (530) 642-4054

Replace the paragraphs in section 5-1.46 with:

When you complete the work, request the Engineer's final inspection. You will be notified, in writing, of any defects or deficiencies to be remedied. Correct all defects and deficiencies within 5 working days of notification and notify the Engineer all defects and deficiencies have been addressed. When notified that the work is complete, the Engineer will again inspect the work to ensure compliance with the Contract Documents.

If the Engineer determines that the work is complete, the Engineer recommends to the City Council that the Contract be accepted and the Notice of Completion be recorded to accept the Contract. Immediately after Contract acceptance, you are relieved from:

1. Maintenance and protection duties
2. Responsibility for injury to persons or property or damage to the work occurring after Contract acceptance except as specified in section 6-3.06.

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6 CONTROL OF MATERIALS

Add to section 6-1.01:

No materials are allowed to be stockpiled in the State or City Right of Way unless a written request is made to Caltrans or the City in advance. The Contractor is responsible for maintaining and final cleaning after work and restoring the Right of Way to its original condition.

The Contractor shall provide a list of all hazardous materials to be used within the State Right of Way to Caltrans before materials are used.

The Contractor shall provide a list of all hazardous materials to be used within the City Right of Way to the City before materials are used.

Replace section 6-1.04A:

This Project is subject to the "Buy America" provisions of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, as amended by the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

AA

7 LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO THE PUBLIC

Replace the 11th paragraph of section 7-1.02K(3) with:

Submit certified payroll records to the Engineer and upload to the Department of Industrial Relations.

Add to section 7-1.02K(6)(a):

All Personnel shall wear hard hats and ANSI Class II or higher visibility garments as appropriate.

Add to section 7- 1.02K(6)(j)(ii):

The contractor will prepare a Lead Compliance Plan (consistent with CCR Title 8, §1532.1, “Lead in Construction” standard) to minimize worker exposure to lead-containing soil and residue resulting from paint removal work.

The payment quantity for the Lead Compliance Plan bid item is paid for by lump sum.

Add to section 7- 1.02K(6)(j)(iii):

The contractor will prepare a Lead Compliance Plan (consistent with CCR Title 8, §1532.1, “Lead in Construction” standard) to minimize worker exposure to lead-containing soil. The Lead Compliance Plan should include protocols for environmental and personnel monitoring, requirements for personal protective equipment, and other health and safety protocols and procedures for the handling of lead-containing soil.

Add to section 7-1.03:

Contractor shall notify the City, El Dorado Disposal, El Dorado County Fire District, Placerville Police Department, Placerville Downtown Association, El Dorado County Transit Authority, Placerville Union School District, and local US Post Office three (3) weeks prior to start of construction and two (2) weeks prior to any partial road closures. Notifications shall be by E-mail and copies of the notifications shall be provided to the City.

Any interruption of a transit route or temporary relocation of a transit stop shall be coordinated with applicable operator (El Dorado Transit Authority, Placerville Union School District, etc.) a minimum of one (1) week prior.

Each day, the Contractor is to leave the site in a condition that is acceptable as directed by the Engineer.

Add to section 7-1.04:

At all times, Contractor shall maintain pedestrian, local vehicular traffic, and emergency vehicle traffic and maintain all ADA paths of travel per ADA regulations for access to all residential and commercial property, unless written approval is otherwise obtained from the City allowing for reduced access.

Public traffic shall be allowed to pass through the work area at all times, unless a closure plan has been approved in writing by the City.

Contractor shall allow for passage of emergency vehicles at all times.

See Section 12 for traffic control requirements.

Add to section 7-1.06F:

New certificates of insurance are subject to City approval.

AA

8 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Add to section 8-1.02C(1):

Before or at the preconstruction conference, submit a CPM baseline schedule.

Replace the 1st paragraph of section 8-1.02C(6) with:

Submit an updated schedule at all weekly construction meetings that includes the status of work completed to date and the work yet to be performed as planned. Each updated schedule must comply with section 8-1.02B(3).

Replace the paragraphs in section 8-1.02D(10) with:

There is no specific bid item for project schedules and no additional payment will be made therefore.

Replace the 3rd sentence of the 1st paragraph of section 8-1.03 with:

You may not start work prior to the preconstruction conference.

Replace the 1st and 2nd paragraphs of section 8-1.04B with:

The contractor shall begin construction on the date specified on the Notice to Proceed (NTP), which is anticipated to be July 2025. All preconstruction submittals must be approved prior to starting job site activities. The Contractor is encouraged to submit preconstruction submittals prior to receiving the NTP to allow for proper review and approval of the submittals.

^^

9 PAYMENT

Delete section 9-1.11.

Add to section 9-1.16D(1):

Mobilization is part of the Mobilization/Demobilization bid item and includes, but is not limited to, preparing and maintaining a schedule per the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions and construction and maintenance of staging area(s) and laydown yards(s). Demobilization is part of the Mobilization/Demobilization bid item and includes, but is not limited to, issuing a hard copy and/or digital set of as-built plans to the Engineer within 10 working days after substantial completion notification and restoring staging area(s) and laydown yard(s) to pre-construction conditions.

Add to section 9-1.16D(2):

Final compensation will be delayed until as-built plans are submitted and approved.

Add to section 9-1.16E(3):

The City returns performance-failure withholds in the progress payment following the correction of non-compliance.

Replace the paragraphs in section 9-1.16F with:

The City will withhold 5 percent of all progress payments as retention. Retention will be paid to the Contractor on Final Payment.

In accordance with Part 5 (§ 22300), Division 2 of the Public Contract Code, a Contractor may substitute securities for retention moneys withheld by a public agency to ensure performance under this Contract. At the request and expense of the Contractor, securities equivalent to the amount withheld shall be deposited with the City of Placerville, or with a state or federally chartered bank, as the escrow agent, who shall then pay such moneys to the Contractor, and upon satisfactory completion of the Contract, the securities shall be returned to the Contractor. No substitutions will be accepted until:

- 1. the City approves the securities and their value,
- 2. the parties have entered into an escrow agreement (if the securities are to be held in escrow) in a form substantially similar to that under § 22300,
- 3. all documentation necessary for assignment of the securities to the City or to the escrow agent are delivered in a form satisfactory to the City.

each workday. Public traffic shall be allowed to pass through the work area at all times unless a full road closure plan has been previously approved.

Full road closures will only be allowed during normal working hours, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The roadway must be re-opened at the end of each day of construction. Full road closures must be approved a minimum of 15 working days in advance and each approval will only last for a maximum of ten (10) consecutive working days. Full road closure plans shall include a detour plan, a bicycle and pedestrian circulation plan, hours in which the closure will take place, and any other pertinent information.

Half road closures, up to a maximum length of 1,000 feet measured parallel to the ground surface along the centerline of the road, are permitted for this project and must comply with Caltrans 2024 Standard Plan T13, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Only one (1) half road closure will be allowed at a time, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Allowances will be made for permanent striping and pavement marking activities which may require longer half road closures to improve efficiency and quality of final product. Half road closures must be approved a minimum of ten (10) working days in advance. Should the Contractor desire to leave the half road closure up outside of normal working hours, a temporary signal or full-time flaggers must be employed at all times. A half road closure at a single location must not extend longer than four (4) consecutive weeks, including no more than three (3) consecutive weekends.

Contractor shall provide and maintain traffic control devices, flaggers and all other necessary items per this section, the Caltrans Traffic Manual, and California MUTCD where applicable. The Contractor will be responsible for the maintenance of all traffic control items and equipment during and outside of working hours.

When practical, the full width of the roadway must be open to pedestrian and vehicular traffic outside of working hours. When not practical, the Contractor must make every effort to open the maximum number of lanes possible. The full width of the roadway must be open for all planned City of Placerville Events and holidays. At the completion of each workday, all existing lanes of traffic shall be opened to traffic unless advanced approval is given to the Contractor by the City. Provisions must be made for the uninterrupted passage of emergency vehicles through the project limits at all times, regardless of the controlled traffic conditions existing at that time. Additionally, provisions shall be in place to allow residents to have safe access to their houses at all times.

The Contractor must provide a bicycle and pedestrian circulation plan along with the staging/sequencing plan and all traffic control plans as a submittal for approval by the Engineer. Pedestrians regularly use the existing roadway shoulders since there are no existing pedestrian facilities and they may continue to travel through this area during construction. The expectation is that the pre-construction bicycle and pedestrian circulation will be maintained during construction and any temporary facilities implemented by the contractor to accommodate the flow of bicyclists and pedestrians during construction will be equal to or better than the existing conditions.

Temporary pedestrian access routes per section 12-4 are only required where existing pedestrian facilities that meet those requirements are being affected by construction. Should the Engineer request a temporary access route per section 12-4 where none currently exists, that work is change order work and will be compensated per section 9.

Replace the paragraph in section 12-1.04 with:

There is no separate bid item for flagging, so that work shall be included within the Traffic Control System bid item and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore. The Contractor shall be responsible for the entire cost of flagging and is responsible for including that cost in the Traffic Control System bid item.

A minimum of 2 Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) will be required for the duration of construction. There is no separate bid item for the PCMS. The work involved with PCMS shall be included within the Traffic Control System bid item and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore. The Contractor shall be responsible for the entire cost of PCMS and is responsible for including that cost in the Traffic Control System bid item. The cost to relocate the sign and/or change the message during construction shall be included in this bid item and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

The development of all staging/sequencing plans, traffic control plans, and bicycle and pedestrian handling plans shall be paid for under the Traffic Control System bid item and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

The Traffic Control System bid item includes all tools, equipment, materials, and labor necessary to implement the contractor developed and Engineer approved traffic control plan(s) and bicycle and pedestrian circulation plan(s), install and remove all temporary construction area signage, and install and remove up to two 4-ft x 2.5-ft C47A (CA) signs. This includes, but is not limited to, all temporary and semi-permanent construction area signs, up to two 4-ft x 2.5-ft C47A (CA) signs, temporary signals, flaggers, temporary signal control and maintenance, barricades, cones, and K-rail concrete barriers used in the implementation of the traffic control plans and bicycle and pedestrian circulation plans and all other incidental work associated with the Traffic Control System.

Replace the paragraph in section 12-3.11B(5) with:

A 4-ft x 2.5-ft C47A (CA) sign must comply with the details shown on the Caltrans Traffic Operations website. The upper left logo shall be City of Placerville, lower left logo shall be Caltrans, and lower right logo shall be FHWA. The sign and post must comply with Section 82.

Replace the paragraph in section 12-3.11D with:

There is no separate bid item for construction area signs, including the C47A (CA) signs. Payment for all construction area signs shall be included in the Traffic Control System bid item and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

Add to section 12-4.02A(2):

Martin Luther King Jr. Day is a designated holiday that is observed on the 3rd Monday in January. The day after Thanksgiving is a designated holiday that is observed the day after Thanksgiving Day. Christmas Eve is a designated holiday that is observed on December 24th.

Replace “Reserved” in section 12-5 with:

12-5.01 GENERAL

Contractor shall notify the City, El Dorado Disposal, El Dorado County Fire District, Placerville Police Department, Placerville Downtown Association, El Dorado County Transit Authority, the local US Post Office, and Placerville Union School District Transportation Division 48 hours prior to any lane closures, including partial road closures.

Replace “Reserved” in section 12-6.03D(1) with:

Temporary markers and/or markings shall be installed by the Contractor for any existing crosswalk line, limit line, arrow, and other legend or traffic lane line removed or damaged by the work activity prior to the end of the work shift and before opening the lanes for traffic.

Requirements for Placing Temporary Pavement Markings and Striping

Existing Striping	Temporary Striping
12-inch crosswalk line	3 – 4 inch white stripes appearing as 1– 12 inch stripe
8-inch solid line	1 – 4 inch white solid stripe
4-inch broken white	1 – 4 inch white stripe (typically 7’ long, 17’ gaps*)
4-inch broken yellow	1 – 4 inch yellow stripe (typically 7’ long, 17’ gaps*)
Double yellow	2 – 4 inch yellow solid stripes 3 inches apart

* Consult Chapter 3 of the California MUTCD for further details. The dimensions for broken lines apply for streets with posted speed limits of 35 MPH or less. For speed limits of 40 MPH or more, the dimensions are for 12’ long stripes with 36’ gaps.

For Temporary Marking and Temporary Striping materials, refer to the *“Temporary (Removable) Striping and Pavement Marking Tape (180 days or less)”* section of the Authorized Materials List for Signing and Delineation Materials from Caltrans.

Add to section 39-2.01B(1):

Microsurfacing shall conform to the requirements of Section 37-3, "Slurry Seal and Microsurfacing" of the State Standard Specifications, except where specified otherwise in these Technical Specifications.

Microsurfacing shall be installed in all designated locations as shown on plans.

Microsurfacing shall consist of mixing a polymer modified, cationic Microsurfacing emulsion (MSE), aggregate, mineral filler, set-control additives, and water and spreading the mixture on a pavement surface where shown, in conformance with the provisions in these Technical Specifications, and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

The materials for Microsurfacing shall conform to the following requirements:

Microsurfacing Emulsion (MSE) shall be homogenous and shall conform to the provisions of these Technical Specifications. The polymer shall be milled or blended into the asphalt or blended into the emulsifier solution prior to the emulsification process.

The MSE shall conform to the following requirements when tested in conformance with the following test methods:

POLYMER MODIFIED, CATIONIC MICROSURFACING EMULSION (MSE)

<u>SPECIFICATION DESIGNATION</u>	<u>METHOD OF TEST</u>	<u>REQUIREMENTS</u>
Viscosity, SSF, @ 77°F, sec	AASHTO T 59	15-90 seconds
Sieve, Max	AASHTO T 59	0.30%
Settlement, 5 days, max.	ASTM D244	5%
Storage Stability, 1 day, max.	AASHTO T 59	1%
Residue by Evaporation, min.	California Test 331	62%

<u>TESTS ON EMULSIFIED ASPHALT RESIDUE</u>	<u>METHOD OF TEST</u>	<u>REQUIREMENTS</u>
Penetration, 77°F, 100g, 5s, 0.1mm	AASHTO T 49	40-90
Softening Point (Ring-and Ball Apparatus), Min	AASHTO T 53	135°F (57°C)

Add to 1st paragraph of section 39-2.01C(4)(a):

If it is impractical or impossible for longitudinal joints to match the lane lines, then the Contractor shall limit the paving seams to the least amount practical.

Add to before 1st paragraph of section 39-2.01C(4)(b):

Contractor to construct tapered notch wedge into and out of sections of asphalt left 2 inches low as shown on Project Plans.

Crack filling shall be performed a minimum of 6 weeks prior to the microsurfacing application. All cracks 1/4 inch wide or greater shall be cleaned and filled with an approved crack sealant material in accordance with Section 37-6, "Crack Treatment" of the State Standard Specifications. Crack filling shall be allowed sufficient curing time as recommended by the manufacturer before applying microsurfacing.

Replace section 39-2.01D with:

39-2.01D Payment

HMA for the roadway shall be paid for under the HMA bid item. The payment quantity for HMA shown on the Bid Item List is measured based on the combined mixture weight. If recorded batch weights are printed automatically, the bid item for HMA is measured by using the printed batch weights, provided:

1. Total aggregate and supplemental fine aggregate weight per batch is printed. If supplemental fine aggregate is weighed cumulatively with the aggregate, the total aggregate batch weight must include the supplemental fine aggregate weight.
2. Total virgin asphalt binder weight per batch is printed.
3. Each truckload's zero tolerance weight is printed before weighing the first batch and after weighing the last batch.
4. Time, date, mix number, load number and truck identification is correlated with a load slip.
5. Copy of the recorded batch weights is certified by a licensed weigh master and submitted.

Payment will not be made for any HMA outside of the limits determined by the Engineer. No additional payment will be made for HMA depths greater than what is indicated on the Project Plans unless otherwise directed or approved by the Engineer.

The Engineer does not adjust the unit price for an increase or decrease in the pre-paving grinding quantity.

Payment will not be made for any HMA used as a temporary paving surface.

Crack filling shall be paid for under a separate bid item. Payment includes all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to clean and prepare cracks, apply crack sealant, and allow adequate curing time before subsequent surface treatments.

Installation of HMA dikes shall be paid under the HMA dike type shown on the Bid Item List. The payment quantity for the HMA Dike bid items is the length measured parallel to the ground surface along the flowline of the dike. Payment for the HMA used to construct the HMA dike is included in the payment for the HMA Dike bid items and is not included in the HMA bid item.

Replace section 39-2.02B(3) with:

Asphalt binder used in HMA must be PG 64-16.

Add to section 39-2.02B(4)(b):

Aggregate used in HMA must comply with the ½" HMA Type A gradation.

HMA used to plug Digouts must comply with the ¾" HMA Type A gradation.

Aggregate used in final surface paving must comply with the ½" HMA Type A gradation.

Replace section 39-3.04B with:

Temporary tapers must be either HMA or CMA. No additional payment will be made for the placement of temporary tapers.

Replace section 39-3.04C(1) with:

Do not use a heating device to soften the pavement.

The cold planing machine must be:

1. Equipped with a cutter head width that matches the planing width unless a wider cutter head is authorized.
2. Equipped with automatic controls for the longitudinal grade and transverse slope of the cutter head and:

- 2.1. If a ski device is used, it must be at least 30 feet long, rigid, and a 1-piece unit. The entire length must be used in activating the sensor.
- 2.2. If referencing from existing pavement, the cold planing machine must be controlled by a self-contained grade reference system. The system must be used at or near the centerline of the roadway. On the adjacent pass with the cold planing machine, a joint-matching shoe may be used.
3. Equipped to effectively control dust generated by the planing operation
4. Operated such that no fumes or smoke is produced.

Replace broken, missing, or worn machine teeth.

If contractor does not complete placing the HMA surfacing before opening the area to traffic, contractor must:

1. Ensure the surface is safe for vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian travel, as applicable.
2. Construct a temporary HMA or CMA taper to the level of the existing pavement.

If contractor does not complete placing the HMA surfacing before opening the area to traffic, contractor must:

1. Ensure the surface is safe for vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian travel, as applicable.
2. Construct a temporary HMA or CMA taper to the level of the existing pavement.

Replace the 2nd paragraph of 39-3.04A with:

Cold plane asphalt concrete pavement includes the removal of pavement markers, traffic stripes, pavement markings, and any encountered paving fabric within the area of cold planing.

Add to section 39-3.04C(4):

Remove, transport, and appropriately dispose of cold planed material.

Replace the paragraph in section 39-3.04D with:

Payment for cold planing asphalt concrete as shown on the Project Plans will be paid for under the Cold Plane bid items. The payment quantity for the Cold Plane bid items is the area measured parallel to the ground surface. No additional payment will be made for cold planing depths different from what are shown on the Project Plans or the discovery and/or removal of paving fabric.

Replace paragraph in section 39-3.05A with:

Section 39-3.05 includes specifications for removing subgrade, base, asphalt concrete and concrete surfacing including any other hardscape material, softscape, and/or existing paving fabric material as shown on the Project Plans.

Replace paragraph in section 39-3.05C with:

Where base and surfacing are described to be removed, remove subbase, base, surfacing, and softscape to the depth shown on the Project Plans. Backfill resulting holes and depressions with embankment material under Section 19 and recompact area.

Base and asphalt concrete material generated from Remove Base and Surfacing can be re-used in lieu of the Class 2 AB under the minor concrete items if material is ground and blended to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Material not re-used onsite shall be off hauled and disposed of in a safe and legal manner.

Replace section 39-3.05D with:

The payment quantity for Remove Base and Surfacing is the volume as shown on the Project Plans in cubic yards.

The payment quantity for Remove Concrete (Curb and Gutter) is the area as shown on the Project Plans in square feet.

The payment quantity for Remove Concrete (Curb) is the length as shown on the Project Plans in linear feet and measured at the flowline.

No additional payment will be made for the discovery and removal of paving fabric within or below the existing asphalt. No additional payment will be made for backfilling resulting holes and depressions. No additional payment will be made for removal and disposal of street trees, vegetation, and existing detectable warning surfaces indicated for removal. No additional payment will be made for sawcutting of hardscape for the removal of base and surfacing. This work shall be considered in the Remove Base and Surfacing bid item and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

There is no separate bid item for re-using the ground material from Remove Base and Surfacing in lieu of the Class 2 AB under the minor concrete items. This work shall be considered included in the various other bid items and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

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51 CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Replace paragraphs in section 51-7.01D with:

Metal frames and covers or frames and grates are included in the payment for minor structures.

Drainage Inlet (Type GO) shall be constructed per the Project Plans, Special Provisions, and Standard Specifications. The payment quantity for the Drainage Inlet (Type GO) bid item is the number of inlets constructed.

Payment for the Drainage Inlet (Type GO) bid item includes all items associated with installing drain inlets, including but not limited to, excavation, structural concrete, shoring and bracing, Class 2 AB, backfill, miscellaneous metal and all other incidental work associated with installing Drainage Inlet (Type GO). The Payment quantity for the Drainage Inlet (Type GO) bid item is based on the number of drain inlets installed

52 REINFORCEMENT

Replace paragraphs in section 52-1.04 with:

There is no separate bid item for reinforcing steel. Reinforcing steel shall be considered included in the various bid items that require it and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

^^

DIVISION VII DRAINAGE FACILITIES

62 CURED IN PLACE PIPE (CIPP)

Add to section 62-1.01 GENERAL:

62-2 ULTRAVIOLET CURED IN PLACE PIPE (UV CIPP)

62-2.01 GENERAL

62-2.01A Summary

Section 62-2 includes the use of fiberglass reinforced Cured In Place Pipe (CIPP) cured via exposure to ultraviolet (UV) light in the rehabilitation of storm drain pipe and related structures, subject to the limitations of the individual City approved products.

This is a rehabilitation system consisting of a resin impregnated, fiberglass reinforced fabric tube (liner) which is pulled in place into a host conduit. The liner is subsequently inflated with compressed air and cured by lamps emitting ultraviolet light.

The resins use ultraviolet initiators for curing. Complete curing only occurs after receiving a sufficient amount of ultraviolet radiation. Resins cannot be cured by applying heat.

62-2.01B Definitions

calibration hose: An impermeable bladder installed inside the fabric tube. It is inflated with air to press the tube firmly against the wall of the existing pipe until the resin is cured with ultraviolet light.

delamination: Separation of the layers in the sandwich constructed CIPP.

dry spot: An area of the fabric tube where the finished CIPP is deficient or devoid of resin.

sliding foil: A plastic foil installed prior to the fabric tube covering the lower of the circumference of the existing pipe to reduce friction and to protect the fabric tube while being drawn into the host conduit.

62-2.01C Submittals

Product Data, which specifies:

1. Manufacturer's product information.
2. Manufacturer's handling and storage recommendations.
3. Identification of the resin.
4. Material safety data sheets for all materials making up the pipe.

Submit verification test data, including material certification and testing data

Submit a certificate of compliance with reference standards.

All information shall be provided using either English units or dual English/metric units.

An independent laboratory to be used for the testing of field samples. This laboratory is subject to the approval of the Engineer of Design. If the laboratory is unable to prepare test specimens from the field samples, submit the water jet cutting service or other machining service to be used to prepare specimens. All expenses related to the testing of samples shall be borne by the contractor.

Shop Drawings, which specifies:

1. Product Data Information
2. Product Description: Total thickness of the liner. Composition of each layer of the liner, starting from the external foils and ending at the calibration hose. Include thickness and number of fiberglass layers and veil/fleece layers (if any).
3. Manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling force for each size of liner.
4. Model number and maximum pulling force of the winch used for inserting the liner into the host pipe.
5. Curing Protocols: Light train configuration including number of lamps and rated power per lamp. Curing speeds, installation pressures, temperature limitations, and any post curing procedures.
6. Method and product used to seal the annulus.

The contractor shall submit a bypass and pumping plan a minimum of 7 days prior to installation.

62-2.01D Quality Assurance

Provide the INSPECTOR and the ENGINEER a DVD or USB storage device with the unedited curing data and pre- and post- installation video. Provide any software which may be necessary to analyze the data.

Test specimens shall be prepared from the samples collected in section 62-2.03B(4) and tested at a laboratory approved by the Engineer of Design. Five ASTM D790 specimens shall be tested. If any sample fails to meet the specified material properties, an additional five samples shall be tested. If any of these subsequent specimens fail to meet the required material properties, the product is considered unacceptable. The contractor shall take remedial action at his own expense, subject to the approval of the City Engineer. All costs of specimen preparation and testing shall be borne by the contractor.

62-2.01E Delivery, Storage, and Handling

Comply with manufacturer's recommendations. Liner older than six (6) months from the date of manufacture shall not be installed.

62-2.02 MATERIALS

62-2.02A Summary

The UV CIPP liner shall be manufactured in conformance with the latest version of ASTM F 2019 and the SSPWC as modified by the current version of the Brown Book.

Only UV CIPP pipe products, as approved by the City Engineer, shall be used or granted an explicit project specific approval before the contract, subject to the limitations and requirements of each individual product and the Contract Documents of this project. Composition shall match the composition of the liner qualified during the product approval process. Material that does not conform to the approved physical properties shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the CITY. A time extension will not be granted to rectify the noncompliance.

The minimum installed thickness of the UV CIPP liner shall be as shown on the Contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for the sufficiency of the liner provided and may select a greater thickness for the method of work, site conditions, or other possible interferences, with the approval of the City Engineer at no additional cost to the CITY, provided it does not impact the installation or serviceability requirements. Remove any inner or outer foils prior to measuring liner thickness. Liner thickness measurements shall be made in accordance with 8.1.2 of ASTM D5813. No measurement shall be less than 87.5% of the required mean value as specified in the approved submittal.

The tube shall be sized such that when installed, it will fit tightly against the host conduit. The outside diameter of the tube shall be at least 95% of the inner diameter of the host conduit. The tube shall be constructed to withstand installation pressures and have sufficient strength to bridge missing pipe.

Resin Systems: The manufacturer shall only use the resin systems which were approved during the product's qualification testing for the particular use authorized during the approval process.

Glass Reinforcement: The reinforcing glass fiber shall be corrosion resistant E-CR glass conforming to ASTM D578. All layers of glass reinforcement shall be fully wet out with resin.

Calibration Hose (Internal Foil): The calibration hose shall consist of a plastic foil which is impermeable to moisture and styrene. It shall be able to stretch to fit an irregular host conduit and be capable of resisting the air pressures and high temperatures encountered during installation. Unless it is a permanent part of the liner system and is an integral part of the carrier tube, the calibration hose shall release easily and be removed from the liner after curing is completed.

External Foil: The external foil shall be impermeable to moisture and styrene. It shall also be opaque to the spectrum of light used for curing.

Sliding Foil: A sliding foil shall be used between the liner and the host to protect the liner from any imperfections in the host.

62-2.03 CONSTRUCTION

62-2.03A Manufacturing

62-2.03A(1) Submittals

All required submittals must be accepted by the CITY prior to commencing any manufacturing.

62-2.03A(2) Assembly

All liner assembly and wet-out shall be performed in a City-approved facility.

62-2.03A(3) Quality Assurance

A sample shall be taken from the liner and tested for conformance to the project specifications before leaving the production facility. A copy of the test report shall be transmitted to the City before the liner is transported to the project site.

62-2.03B Installation

62-2.03B(1) Cleaning and Void Repair

1. Assess the site and determine the appropriate pipeline cleaning equipment.
2. Pipeline cleaning operations: Protect the existing pipeline, maintenance hole, and other improvements from damage. In particular, metallic parts of cleaning equipment may not come in direct contact with pipe or maintenance hole shafts that are plastic, plastic-lined, or plastic-coated.

Cleaning operations may not surcharge laterals or otherwise cause flow or gasses to enter service connections.

3. Pipeline cleaning equipment: Use equipment that can be quickly dismantled during an emergency and allow pipe flow to resume.
4. Clean and remove all debris from pipelines. Use water jets, hydro flushers, root cutters, grinders, buckets or other approved methods to remove protruding laterals, roots, grease, sludge, organic matter, grit, aggregate, bricks and other debris from the entire pipeline circumference along the intended reach. Continue with additional cleaning passes until debris is no longer generated. Through a maintenance hole or other access, retrieve and properly dispose of roots, root balls, grease, grit accumulations, rags, pipe fragments, bricks and other debris. Excavate to remove blockages and debris that remain from unsuccessful pipeline cleaning operations. Apply a remedial Point Repair and complete cleaning operations.
5. Verify the cleaned pipeline condition and dimensions.
6. The contractor shall grout and repair any voids along the flowline of the existing pipe prior to installation of the liner.

62-2.03B(2) Bypass and Pumping

The contractor shall perform bypass and pumping operations per the Bypass and Pumping Plan approved by the City.

62-2.03B(3) Operational Control

The contractor shall provide and monitor calibrated gauges and valves to maintain temperatures and pressures within the manufacturer's recommendations.

62-2.03B(4) Field Sampling

Pre-construction Conference: 15 days prior to installation of liner, the Contractor shall conduct a meeting with the Engineer, including the Engineer of Design, to discuss installation, sampling and testing.

Sampling: At the exit and any intermediate maintenance hole, provide a sheet metal or other appropriate form at least 18 in long whose inside diameter matches the inside diameter of the host pipe. The cured-in-place pipe must then be installed and processed through each of these forms. After installation is complete, remove the sheet metal forms and retrieve the upper half of the pipe section for testing. To avoid "edge effects", 6" may be trimmed from the sample end where the forms have a free edge. In the event that the geometry of the maintenance hole prevents the installation of a sheet metal form, another method of sampling the installed liner shall be submitted for the City Engineer's approval.

62-2.03B(5) Liner Insertion

A sliding foil shall be installed on the bottom half of the pipe prior to liner insertion.

A constant tension winch shall be used to pull the liner into position in the pipe. Measures shall be employed to ensure that the winch tension does not exceed the Manufacturer's submitted maximum pull-in tension.

62-2.03B(6) Liner Curing

Prior to lining the first reach, each lamp shall be tested to ensure that its light output is greater than or equal to that which is specified in the submitted curing protocol. If the output of any lamp is below the necessary output, it shall be replaced or a new curing protocol shall be submitted for approval.

Inflate the liner per submitted protocol. Inspect the inflated liner for imperfections. Upon approval from the Inspector, cure the liner per the approved protocol.

Collect curing data including curing speed, lamp function, inner air pressure, and exothermic temperatures in a tamper proof database.

End Seals: At each end of each pipe rehabilitation section, seal the annulus with approved rubber gaskets and/or sealants to withstand 5 psi (34 kPa) positive and negative pressure. Tool sealants to form a smooth transition for flow. Where necessary to allow sealants to bond and cure, install a temporary internal bypass. Approved sealants: Use a sealant which has been granted a project specific approval from the City Engineer.

62-2.04 PAYMENT

The payment quantity for the 24" UV Cured SD CIPP Lining bid item is the length measured parallel with the slope line. The payment quantity includes the length measured along the centerline of pipe from center of structure to center of structure. The contract unit price per lineal foot of UV Cured SD CIPP Lining shall include full compensation for labor, materials, tools and equipment and for doing all work for the complete installation of UV CIPP, including preparation activities such as pipeline cleaning and flushing, post-cleaning CCTV inspection, void repairs, grouting, and post-installation activities such as post-installation CCTV inspection, all as specified in these special provisions and as directed by the Engineer, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

64 PLASTIC PIPE

Add to the 1st paragraph of section 64-2.02A:

All storm drain pipe must be HDPE Type S unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Add to section 64-2.04:

HDPE SD pipes shall be paid under the various bid items for HDPE Pipe delineated by pipe size. The payment quantity for the HDPE SD Pipe bid items is the length of pipe measured parallel to the ground surface along the centerline of the trench at the finished grade. The HDPE SD Pipe bid items include all equipment, tools, materials, and labor to install HDPE pipes including, but not limited to, trench excavation; shoring; bracing; dewatering; placing and compacting bedding, pipe zone, initial backfill and final backfill material; installing the pipe; connecting to the existing and proposed storm drain systems (pipes, manholes, inlets, structures, etc.); testing; temporary and permanent surface restoration, including temporary striping; and all other incidental work to install HDPE pipes.

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70 MISCELLANEOUS DRAINAGE FACILITIES

Add to section 70-5.01C:

Drainage inlet markers shall be 4" stainless steel medallions by Almetek Industries, Inc. or approved equal. Medallions are to be installed using rivets per manufacturer's specifications at locations indicated on the Project Plans. Medallions are not to be installed by adhesive alone.

Under-Sidewalk drains shall include 4"x4" woven wire mesh and 3"x5" Alhambra A-470 or approved equal rectangular cast iron pipe. Under sidewalk drains shall be constructed in accordance with the Project Plans.

Replace paragraph in section 70-5.05D:

Drainage inlet markers shall be paid for under the Drainage Inlet Marker bid item. The payment quantity for Drainage Inlet Marker bid item is the actual number of drainage inlet markers installed. Under-Sidewalk Drain shall be constructed per the Project Plans, Special Provisions, and Standard Specifications. The payment quantity for the Under Sidewalk Drain bid item is the number of drains constructed, regardless of length.

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71 EXISTING DRAINAGE FACILITIES

Add to section 71-1.03:

Existing drainage facilities not scheduled for removal shall be protected in place. Any damage done to existing drainage facilities not scheduled for removal due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the City Engineer at the Contractor's expense.

Replace "Not Used" in section 71-1.04 with:

There is no separate bid item for the material used to backfill the trenches, holes, depressions, pits, etc. caused by removing, salvaging, reconstructing, abandoning, destroying, modifying, resetting, relocating,

adjusting, relaying, remodeling, and rehabilitating existing drainage facilities and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

**Replace 71-8 RESERVED with:
71-8 CONNECT TO EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURE**

71-8.01 GENERAL

Section 71-8 includes work for connecting to existing drainage structures. This includes connections to existing storm drain manhole structures, and existing drainage inlet structures.

71-8.02 MATERIALS

Not Used

71-2.03 CONSTRUCTION

Contractor shall core into the existing drainage structure, connecting the new pipe to the new core in the manhole with a flexible rubber boot or approved watertight ring.

71-2.04 PAYMENT

Connect to Existing Storm Drain inlet includes all items necessary for the execution and completion of this work including, but not limited to, sawcutting of existing surfacing, excavation, coring into the existing manhole, connecting the new pipe to the new core in the manhole with a flexible rubber boot or approved watertight ring, watertight mechanical plugs, backfill, including imported backfill, and aggregate base material backfill, compaction of backfill, temporary surface pavement, permanent surface pavement or concrete. Connect to Existing Storm Drain Inlet shall be paid for on a per unit basis. Measurement will be based on the actual number of inlets being connected to as determined by actual count.

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**DIVISION VIII MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION
73 CONCRETE CURBS AND SIDEWALKS**

Add to section 73-1.01:

Project is in a freeze thaw area and requires air entrained concrete.

Add to section 73-1.02A:

Recycled AB and/or appropriately ground and blended material generated from Remove Base and Surfacing and Cold Plane activities can be used in lieu of Class 2 AB under the minor concrete items, as approved by the Engineer.

Material generated from Remove Base and Surfacing and Cold Plane activities can be used in lieu of Class 2 AB under the minor concrete items as long as the material meets the grading requirements shown in the following table:

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
3"	100
3/4"	>45

Replace paragraph in section 73-1.02B with:

Detectable warning surface shall be Colonial Red, federal color no. 20109 or approved equal unless otherwise shown on the Project Plans.

If a utility box is located within detectable warning surface, detectable warning surface shall be neatly trimmed around utility box to allow access to utility. Contractor is responsible for maintaining ADA compliance.

Detectable warning surfaces shall be wet-set in concrete. Surface applied Detectable Warning Surfaces, such as those attached by adhesives, are not authorized.

Add to Section 73-1.03A:

Detectable Warning Surfaces shall be installed per the manufacturer's specifications.

Replace paragraph in section 73-2.04 with:

Minor concrete for curbs shall be paid under the Minor Concrete (Curb) and Minor Concrete (Curb & Gutter) types shown on the Bid Item List. The payment quantity for minor concrete curbs shall be linear feet as measured along the curb face. Class 2 aggregate base (or approved recycled material) required for the construction of Minor Concrete types shown on the Bid Item List shall be included in the unit price for each type. Recompaction of the existing base and/or subbase material below the Class 2 aggregate base required for the construction of Minor Concrete types shown on the Bid Item List shall be included in the unit price for each type. The various Minor Concrete bid items shall include all tools, equipment, materials, and labor necessary to construct the Minor Concrete curbs including, but not limited to, concrete, reinforcing bars (if necessary), and all other incidental work for constructing the various Minor Concrete curbs.

Add to section 73-3.03:

All concrete used for curb ramps, driveways, sidewalks, and landings shall be broom finished.

Concrete used for Minor Concrete (Driveway) shall be 3,600 PSI with Solomon UltraFiber 500 or approved equal. Minor Concrete (Driveway) shall extend up to the top of adjacent curb ramps as shown on the Project Plans.

Replace paragraph in section 73-3.04 with:

Minor concrete for sidewalk, driveway, curb and gutter, and barrier curb shall be paid under the appropriate Minor Concrete types shown on the Bid Item List. The payment quantity for Minor Concrete (Sidewalk) and Minor Concrete (Driveway) bid items is the area of sidewalk or driveways installed measured parallel to the ground surface in square feet. Class 2 aggregate base (or approved recycled material) required for the construction of Minor Concrete types shown on the Bid Item List shall be included in the unit price for each type. Recompaction of the existing base and/or subbase material below the Class 2 aggregate base required for the construction of Minor Concrete types shown on the Bid Item List shall be included in the unit price for each type. The various Minor Concrete bid items shall include all tools, equipment, materials, and labor necessary to construct the Minor Concrete sidewalk, driveway, and all other incidental work for constructing the minor concrete sidewalks and driveways.

The payment quantity for the Detectable Warning Surface bid item is the number of locations detectable warning surfaces are installed per the Project Plans. Each location is considered a measurement of one (1), independent of the number of panels required at that location.

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75 MISCELLANEOUS METAL

Replace section 75-1.04 with:

There is no specific bid item for miscellaneous metal material. Miscellaneous metal materials shall be paid under the various bid items requiring miscellaneous metal materials and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

Replace section 75-2.04 with:

There is no specific bid item for manhole frames or drainage inlet frames and grates. Manhole frames and drainage inlet frames and grates shall be paid under the various bid items requiring manhole frames and drainage inlet frames and grates and no additional payment shall be made therefore.

AA

77 LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Replace “Reserved” in section 77-1 with:

77-1 TRENCH EXCAVATION, BACKFILL, AND COMPACTION

77-1.01 GENERAL

77-1.01A Summary

This section governs the work for trench excavation, backfill, and compaction for underground pipeline work including, but not limited to, the installation of HDPE pipe.

77-1.01B Submittals

Upon request, the following items shall be submitted and approved by the Engineer:

1. Test results showing gradation, durability, and sand equivalent of pipe zone material.
2. Permit and notification form for excavations 5 feet or more in depth as required by Cal-OSHA, including any trench excavation or shoring plans.

The testing frequency and location shall be approved by the Engineer.

77-1.02 MATERIALS

77-1.02A Trench Excavation

Excavation is unclassified. The Contractor shall complete all excavations regardless of the type of materials encountered. The Contractor shall make his own estimate of the kind and extent of the various materials which will be encountered in the excavation.

77-1.02B Pipe Zone

Material for the pipe zone shall be ¾ inch Class II Aggregate Base. The aggregate size gradation shall comply with Caltrans Specifications. The sand equivalent shall be 30 minimum. The durability index shall be 35 minimum.

77-1.02C Backfill

Material for the initial backfill from 12 inches above the top of the pipe to subgrade shall be ¾ inch Class 2 Aggregate Base. The aggregate size gradation shall comply with Caltrans Specifications. The sand equivalent shall be 30 minimum. The durability index shall be 35 minimum.

77-1.03 CONSTRUCTION

77-1.03A Excavation

77-1.03A(1) General

Excavation for pipelines, fittings, and appurtenances shall be open trench to the depth and in the direction necessary for the proper installation of the same as shown on the contract drawings or as otherwise approved by the Engineer. Excavation shall only proceed when the necessary materials have been delivered to the site.

The Contractor shall bear all costs of disposing of roots and all other waste materials from the excavation. Material shall be disposed of in such a manner as to meet all requirements of the state, county, and local regulations regarding health, safety, and public welfare. Non-flammable material and flammable material, when burning is not permitted, shall be disposed of off the construction site in an approved location at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall remove obstructions within the trench area or adjacent thereto, such as abandoned concrete structures, logs, and debris of all types, without additional compensation. The Engineer may, if requested, make changes in the trench alignment to avoid major obstructions, if such alignment can be made without adversely affecting the intended function of the facility.

77-1.03A(2) Existing Pavement Removal

Pavement to be removed shall be removed and replaced in the manner prescribed by the Standard Specifications.

Existing pavement, curbs, gutters, sidewalks and driveways to be removed in connection with construction shall be neatly saw cut prior to removal. Saw cuts shall have a minimum depth of one inch in concrete sidewalk.

If the saw cut in a sidewalk or driveway would fall within 12 inches of a construction joint, expansion joint, or edge, the concrete shall be removed and replaced to the joint or edge. If the saw cut would fall within 6 inches of a score mark, the concrete shall be removed and replaced to the score mark. Concrete shall be removed by jackhammer.

77-1.03A(3) Grading and Stockpiling

The Contractor shall control grading in a manner to prevent water running into excavations. Obstructions of surface drainage shall be avoided and means shall be provided whereby storm and wastewater can be uninterrupted in existing gutters, other surface drains, or temporary drains. Material for backfill or for protection of excavation in public roads from surface drainage shall be neatly placed and kept shaped so as to cause the least possible interference with public travel. Free access must be provided to all fire hydrants, water valves, meters and private drives.

77-1.03A(4) Line and Grade

The Contractor shall excavate the trench to the lines and grades shown on the plans. Any deviations shall first be approved by the Engineer.

The trench shall be excavated to a minimum depth of 6 inches below the bottom of the pipe. The sides of the trench shall be excavated and maintained as nearly vertical as is practical.

77-1.03A(5) Trench Support

The trench shall be adequately supported and the safety of workers provided for as required by the standard of the appropriate regulatory agency.

All shoring for open excavations shall conform to the State of California, Department of Industrial Relations, Division of Industrial Safety "Construction Safety Orders."

The Contractor shall be responsible for adequately shored and braced excavations so that the earth will not slide, move or settle, and so that all existing improvements of any kind will be fully protected from damage.

No shoring once installed, shall be removed until the trench has been approved for backfill operations. Removal of shoring shall only be accomplished during backfill operations and in such a manner as to prevent any movement of the ground or damage to the pipe or other structures.

The Contractor shall obtain all permits for any excavations over five feet in depth into which a person is required to descend or any excavation less than five feet in depth in soils where hazardous ground movement may be expected and into which a person is required to descend.

Excavated material shall not be placed closer than two feet from the top edge of the trench. Heavy equipment should not be used or placed near the sides of the trench unless the trench is adequately braced.

77-1.03A(6) Use of Explosives

Blasting is not permitted.

77-1.03A(7) Preservation of Trees

Excavation within the dripline of any tree shall conform to the following. Trees shall not be removed outside of fill or excavated areas, except as authorized by the Engineer.

Tree roots larger than 2 inches in diameter shall not be cut and shall be kept moist during exposure. For damaged or severed root systems, trees shall be trimmed to compensate for the decreased root system.

Trimming shall be done to the satisfaction of the Inspector. All roots shall be neatly cut with saw or sharp cutter.

77-1.03A(8) Dewatering

The Contractor shall provide and maintain, at all times during construction, ample means and devices with which to promptly remove and properly dispose of all water from any source entering the excavations or other parts of the work. Dewatering shall be accomplished by methods which will ensure a dry excavation and preservation of the final lines and grades of the bottoms of excavations. Said methods may include well points, cofferdams, sump pumps, suitable rock or gravel placed below the required bedding for drainage and pumping purposes, temporary pipelines and other means, all subject to the approval of the Engineer.

Dewatering for the structures and pipelines shall commence when groundwater is first encountered and shall continue until the backfill at the pipe zone has been completed.

The Contractor shall dispose of the water from the work in a suitable manner without damage to adjacent property. No water shall be drained into work built or under construction without prior consent of the Engineer. Water shall be disposed in such a manner as not to be a menace to public health.

The Contractor shall be responsible to obtain all required Local and State Permits.

Dewatering is incidental to other items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed for dewatering.

77-1.03A(9) Correction of Faulty Grades

Any over-excavation carried below the grade as specified or shown, shall be rectified by backfilling with approved sand and/or graded gravel, and shall be compacted to provide a firm and unyielding subgrade and/or foundation, as directed by the Engineer.

77-1.03A(10) Structure Protection

Temporary support, adequate protection, and maintenance of all underground and surface structures, drains, sewers, and other obstructions encountered in the progress of the work shall be furnished by the Contractor at his expense and subject to the approval of the Engineer. Any structure that has been disturbed shall be restored upon completion of the work.

77-1.03A(11) Trench Width and Grade

The width of the trench within the pipe zone shall be such that the clear space between the barrel of the pipe and the trench wall shall not exceed the amount shown in the standard details. In general, the following shall be adhered to:

Nominal Pipe Diameter	Trench Width Minimum	Trench Width Maximum
12" or less	O.D. + 12"	O.D. + 18"
greater than 12"	O.D. + 18"	O.D. + 24"

Trench widths in excess of those specified must have prior written approval.

77-1.03A(12) Maximum Length of Open Trench

Unless otherwise specified or directed by the Engineer, the maximum length of open trench during working hours shall be 500 feet, or the distance necessary to accommodate twice the amount of pipe installed in a single day, whichever is greater. The maximum length of open trench appropriately covered during non-working hours is the distance necessary to accommodate the amount of pipe installed in a single day. The distance is the collective length of any location, including open excavation, pipe laying and appurtenant construction, and backfill, which has not been temporarily resurfaced. Failure by the Contractor to comply with the limitations specified herein may result in an order to halt progress of the work until compliance has been achieved. The Contractor shall provide proper barricades for excavated areas.

Open trenches must be appropriately covered during non-working hours. Open trenches are not allowed during the scheduled events listed in section 7-1.03. Prior to those events, all trenches must be temporarily resurfaced to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

77-1.03A(13) Rock Excavation

Excavation of unrippable rock requiring a larger excavator and/or hydraulic hammering will be paid for as an additional cost above and beyond the cost for excavation and trenching for ordinary excavation. The City Engineer will determine when rock excavation for unrippable rock is required per the definition below.

Definition of Rock: Rock encountered during the course of excavation which is sufficiently hard that it cannot be removed using a Caterpillar 320 class excavator or equivalent using conventional methods shall be deemed inexcavatable. Rock deemed inexcavatable shall be removed by substantial means such as reciprocating hydraulic hammers and shall conform to this specification.

77-1.03A(14) Payment

There is no separate bid item for trench excavation. Trench excavation shall be considered incidental to other items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

77-1.03B Trench Foundation

77-1.03B(1) General

The trench bottom shall be graded to provide a smooth, firm and stable foundation at every point throughout the length of the pipe. Should large gravel and cobbles be encountered at the trench bottom or pipe subgrade, they shall be removed from beneath the pipe and replaced with clean imported sand which shall be compacted to provide uniform support and a firm foundation.

77-1.03B(2) Foundations in Poor Soil

If excessively wet, soft, spongy, unstable, or similarly unsuitable material is encountered at the surface upon which the bedding material is to be placed, the unsuitable material shall be removed to a depth as determined in the field by the Engineer. The Contractor's attention is called to section 77-7.03A(8), regarding his/her responsibilities in maintaining adequate dewatering procedures to ensure that an otherwise stable foundation will not be rendered unfit due to accumulation of water.

77-1.03C Backfill and Compaction

77-1.03C(1) General

Backfill shall be completed within the shortest possible time so that the construction area or street can be opened to traffic. If for any reason construction of the pipeline or appurtenances thereto is delayed, the City may require that the trench be backfilled and such areas or streets opened to traffic.

77-1.03C(2) Pipe Zone

After completion of the trench excavation and proper preparation of the foundation, 6 inches of bedding material shall be placed on the trench bottom for support under the pipe. Bell holes shall be dug to provide adequate clearance between the pipe bell and the bedding material. All pipes shall be installed in such a manner as to insure full support of the pipe barrel over its entire length. After the pipe is adjusted for line and grade and the joint is made, the remainder of the pipe bedding shall be placed to the limits as shown on the Drawings. All bedding material shall be compacted 90% as measured by Test Method California 231, prior to placement of subsequent backfill.

When bedding material is selected material or imported sand, the pipe bedding backfill shall be brought to optimum moisture content and shall be placed by hand in layers not exceeding 3 inches in thickness to the centerline (string line) of the pipe and each layer shall be solidly tamped with the proper tools so as not to injure, damage, or disturb the pipe. Backfilling shall be carried on simultaneously on each side of the pipe to assure proper protection of the pipe.

Each lift shall be "walked in" and supplemented by slicing with a shovel to ensure that all voids around the pipe have been completely filled. Mechanical compaction such as "pogo sticks" or "wackers", as approved, shall be used for compaction of pipe zone.

77-1.03C(3) Initial Backfill

The remaining portion of the trench shall be backfilled, compacted, and/or consolidated by approved methods to obtain a 90% compaction as measured by CTM 231. Backfill shall be good sound earth, sand or gravel. Bituminous pavement, concrete, rock, or other lumpy material shall not be used in the backfill unless these materials are scattered and do not exceed 6 inches in any dimension and are not placed within 1½ feet of the surface. Material of perishable, organic matter, spongy or otherwise improper nature, shall not be used.

When backfill is placed mechanically, the backfill material shall be pushed onto the slope of the backfill previously placed and allowed to slide down into the trench. The Contractor shall not push backfill into the trench in such a way as to permit free fall of the material until at least 18 inches of cover is provided over the top of the pipe. Under no circumstances shall sharp, heavy pieces of materials be allowed to be dropped directly onto the pipe or the tamped material around the pipe. Backfill shall be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches and compacted by an approved method.

Heavy duty compacting equipment having an overall weight in excess of 125 pounds shall not be used until backfill has been completed to a depth of 2 feet over the top of the pipe.

If hydro-hammer is used for compaction of overlying materials, at least 4 feet of backfill must be placed over the top of pipe prior to its use. This is required to ensure that the pipe is not damaged.

77-1.03C(4) Final Backfill

Final backfill placed in trenches shall be compacted to a density of not less than 95%.

Backfill shall be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches, compacted and brought up to the subgrade.

77-1.03D Excess Excavated Material

The Contractor shall make the necessary arrangements for, and shall remove and dispose of all excess excavated material. All surplus material not required for backfill or fill shall be disposed of by the Contractor outside the limits of the public right-of-way and/or easements at no liability to the City. Excess material becomes property of the Contractor and is incidental to other items of work.

No excavated material shall be deposited on private property unless written permission from the owner thereof is secured by the Contractor. Before the City will accept the work as being completed, the Contractor shall file a written release signed by all property owners with whom he has entered into agreements for disposal of excess excavated material absolving the District from any liability connected therewith.

Full compensation for haul-off and disposal of native trench material is included in the prices paid per linear foot of the respective sizes, grades, and types of pipes listed in the contract, and no additional compensation will be paid.

77-1.03E Restoration of Damaged Surfaces or Property

If any pavement, trees, shrubbery, landscaping, fences, poles, or other property and surface structures have been damaged, removed, or disturbed by the Contractor, whether deliberately or through failure to carry out the requirements of the contract documents, state laws, municipal ordinances, or the specific direction of the City, or through failure to employ usual and reasonable safeguards, such property and surface structures shall be replaced or repaired in-kind at the expense of the Contractor.

77-1.03F Final Clean-Up

After backfill has been completed, the right-of-way shall be dressed smooth and left in a neat and presentable condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

77-1.04 PAYMENT

There is no separate bid item for the material, equipment, or labor used to backfill the trenches, holes, depressions, pits, etc. or restoration of surfaces caused by removing, salvaging, abandoning, destroying, modifying, adjusting, rehabilitating existing or installing new drainage or water facilities and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore. Backfill of trenches and restoration of surfaces shall be considered incidental to other items of work.

Replace section 84-9.04 with:

Pavement striping to be removed as shown on the Project Plans shall be paid for under the Remove Traffic Stripes bid item. The payment quantity for Remove Traffic Stripes bid item is the length in feet of the striping removed measured along centerline parallel to the ground. The payment quantity for remove traffic stripes does not include the gaps in broken traffic stripes. The payment quantity for Traffic Stripe shall be paid for under the Traffic Stripe bid item. The payment quantity for Traffic Stripe is the length in feet of the striping measured along centerline parallel to the ground.

The payment quantity for the Pavement Marking shall be paid for under the Pavement Marking bid item. The payment quantity for Pavement Marking is the area in square feet of the pavement marking as shown on the Project Plans. Pavement markings to be removed as shown on the Project Plans shall be paid for under the Remove Pavement Markings bid item. The payment quantity for Remove Pavement Markings bid item is the area in square feet of the striping area removed measured parallel to the ground.

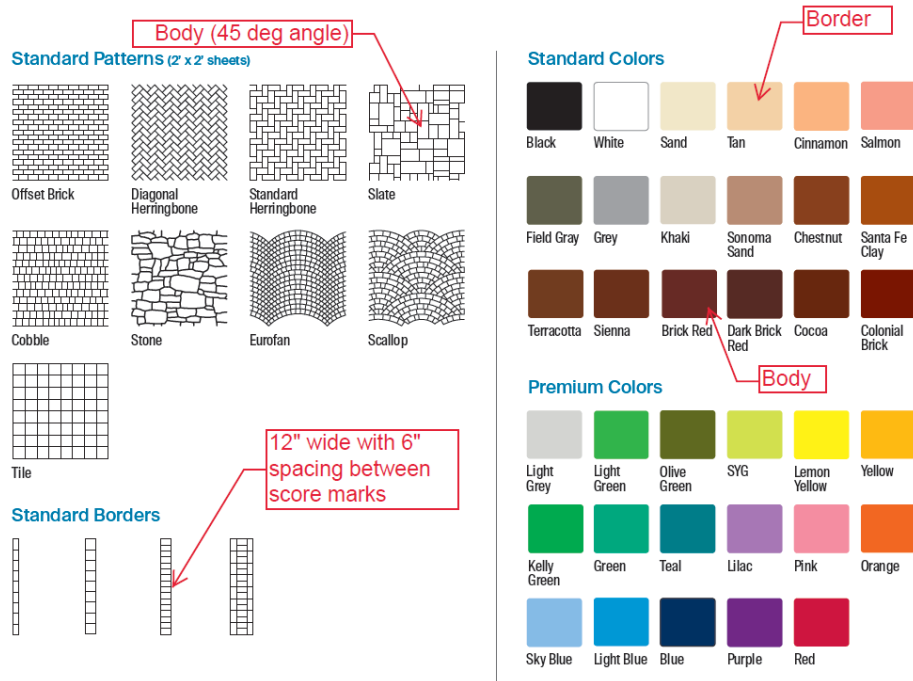
Replace section 84-9.10 RESERVED with 84-9.10 STAMPED THERMOPLASTIC:

84-9.10A GENERAL

This section of the specifications will govern the construction of stamped thermoplastic at the locations indicated on the Project Plans.

84-9.10B MATERIALS

Stamped thermoplastic shall be pre-formed thermoplastic TrafficPatterns XD Impressed Surface System by Ennis-Flint. The defined stamped thermoplastic area shall have the "Slate" standard pattern stamped at a 45 degree angle to the direction of vehicle travel. The color for the stamped thermoplastic area shall be "Brick Red". The border shall be 12 inches wide and have score marks spaced 6 inches apart. The color for the border shall be Tan. See below for an excerpt from the Ennis-Flint brochure:



Contractor is to provide samples for City's review and approval.



DIVISION X ELECTRICAL WORK

86 GENERAL

Replace section 86-1.02V:

- Roadside Sign (Vehicular Speed Feedback Sign) shall be a SPEEDCHECK-15 Vehicular Radar Feedback Sign (VRFS) by Carmanah Technologies, with a 50W solar panel and 36Ah battery or approved equivalent, as shown on the plans. The vehicular radar feedback sign shall detect vehicle speeds and displays real-time feedback to approaching drivers. Radar Unit: Detects vehicle speeds up to 1,000 feet.
- Sign Face: LED display for vehicle speed and posted speed limit, visible up to 300 feet in all conditions.
- Power Supply: 50W solar panel and 36Ah battery for continuous operation.
- Enclosure: Weatherproof, vandal-resistant housing.
- Communication/Data Logging: Remote monitoring and data logging capability.
- Installation: The VRFS shall be mounted 7 feet above ground, or as shown in the plans. All mounting hardware and poles shall meet Caltrans Standard Specifications.
- Electrical Work: Follow Caltrans Section 86 for all wiring and connections.
- Solar Panel: Properly mounted to ensure optimal sunlight exposure.
- Testing: The system shall be tested and calibrated to ensure proper speed detection and operation.

Payment will be made per each installed Vehicular Radar Feedback Sign including all materials, labor, and testing.

87 ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Add to section 87-1.03B(1):

Each Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) System shall be cabinet-based and use AC power. The industry-standard cabinet will house the AC/DC power supply, circuit breaker, charge controller, flash controller, on-board user interface, and wireless communications. Each RRFB shall include from one to four light bars. The RRFB shall conform to all provisions of the MUTCD, Interim Approval IA-11 including flash pattern. The RRFB shall be pre-wired to the maximum extent possible. The manufacturer shall also offer solar versions of the RRFB that are fully compatible.

The cabinet shall be constructed from aluminum. No other external control cabinet shall be required. The cabinet dimensions shall not exceed 20" (50.8cm) in height, 11" (28cm) in width, and 7" (17.8cm) in depth. The overall weight of the cabinet assembly (including AC/DC power supply, circuit breaker, and EMS control board but not including light bars, pushbuttons, or talking pushbutton system) shall not exceed 25 lbs. (11.4 kg). The cabinet shall have a tamper-proof lockable latch. The cabinet shall be vented to provide cooling of the interior and electronics. The vents shall be screened to prevent ingress by insects and debris.

The RRFB shall be manufactured in the USA and shall be Buy American compliant. Manufacturer shall provide a 5-Year Limited Warranty. The Manufacturer shall be ISO 9001 certified. The light bars shall be current-driven LED strings without active electronics. The LEDs shall be driven by pulse-width modulated fixed current. The light bar housing shall be constructed from aluminum and shall have the approximate dimensions: 24" L x 1.5" D x 4.5" H (61.0 cm L x 3.8 cm D x 11.4 cm H). Each light bar shall conform to all provisions of the MUTCD and FHWA requirements. Each of the two modules in a light bar shall have 8 LEDs and shall be purpose-built by the manufacturer of the RRFB including the optics. The optics shall be premium, UV-resistant polycarbonate. Each end of a light bar shall include a side-emitting pedestrian confirmation light composed of a single LED. Users shall have the option of using both confirmation lights for median applications, or covering one confirmation light with an included sticker for side-of-road applications. The light bar shall be mounted to the post or pole using a separate bracket assembly to facilitate mounting two light bars back-to-back (bi-directional) and to allow the light bar(s) to rotate horizontally for aiming. The light bar bracket shall be constructed from galvanized or stainless steel and shall have both banding and bolting mounting options and shall be able to be mounted to all specified pole types. The light bar assembly

shall open for access to the wiring connections for the LED modules. LED modules shall be rated to NEMA 3R. Light bar wiring harnesses shall be included. Fasteners shall be stainless steel. The RRFB cabinet and light bars shall be rated to a minimum of NEMA 3R, stainless steel construction for corrosion resistance.

The RRFB System shall also be equipped with crosswalk illumination devices, such as the TAPCO SAFEWALK pedestrian crosswalk illuminator, or approved equal. A crosswalk illuminator shall be mounted to each RRFB pole and shall be activated simultaneously with the rest of the RRFB System through the same push button. Each illuminator must provide 20 LUX for a distance of up to 15 feet.

The RRFB shall include an AC/DC power supply that accepts conventional AC power input and outputs 15 volts DC. It shall be rated for at least 50 watts. AC wiring input shall terminate on a DIN-rail circuit breaker rated for 4 amps.

The radio system shall operate at 2.4GHz. Upon detection of a pushbutton press, an RRFB will broadcast an activation to all other nearby RRFBs sharing the same channel. The RRFB shall have the capability to activate other RRFBs by wireless communications within 500 feet (152 meters). The RRFB shall have a minimum of 14 unique channels that can be configured on-site to avoid inadvertent activation of nearby systems. The antenna shall be a low-profile "button" shape that cannot be bent or broken by vandals. The system shall be capable of activation by pushbutton and passive microwave detection. The pedestrian push buttons that shall have an LED indicator with audible tone with Piezo control and shall be ADA compliant and MUTCD-2009 4E compliant for momentary operation. The RRFB shall be capable of operating with either 1 or 2 pushbuttons.

The RRFB shall be available with:

- Polara XAVCU2 talking pushbutton control system and the XAV2E audible pushbutton
- Campbell Guardian Talking Pushbutton
- MS Sedco Smartwalk

Custom voice chips shall be available for the XAV2E talking pushbutton. All RRFBs in the system shall initiate activation simultaneously within 150ms of activation. If an additional activation occurs while the system is activated, the flash duration shall reset. For example, with the flash duration set to 20 seconds, if an additional activation occurs after the RRFB has been activated for 15 seconds the RRFB will continue for an additional 20 seconds, or 35 seconds in total. If the RRFB has ceased operation, any subsequent activation shall activate the RRFB without delay regardless of how recently the RRFB ceased operation. Pushbutton wiring harnesses shall be included.

Mounting adapter hardware for the RRFB cabinet shall be available for 4" – 4.5" round poles or square posts. Mounting shall offer strapping as standard with an option for Z-bar and U-bolts.

Mounting shall not require specialized tools.

The RRFB cabinet shall house an auto-scrolling LED on-board user interface that provides on-site configuration adjustment, system status and fault notification. The user interface shall provide a display of four (4) alphanumeric characters and three (3) control buttons to navigate and change settings and activate functions. When editing the configuration, the user interface will flash the display indicating it is ready to accept editing and will flash the display rapidly 3 times to indicate the setting change has been accepted. The flash duration shall be adjustable in-the-field from 5 to 60 seconds in one second increments, 60 to 1,200 seconds in 60-second steps, and 3,600 seconds. Default flash duration shall be 20 seconds. The system shall provide configurable nighttime intensity settings.

The system shall be capable of enabling or disabling ambient brightness auto-adjustment. This feature allows the system to provide optimal output brightness in relation to ambient light levels.

The User Interface shall provide viewing and/or programming access for the following:

- Activation Duration
- Flash Pattern

- Radio Channel (Choice of 1 to 14)
- Radio Status
- Night Intensity Setting
- Adjustment for Ambient Daytime Brightness
- Self-Test / BIST (Built-In Self-Test)
- Number of circular beacons attached
- LED Beacon Error (Open or Shorted)
- Battery Status – General description and actual battery voltage
- Day or Night Status
- Solar Panel Voltage
- Automatic Light Control. If this safety feature is enabled, it allows the Circular Beacon System to temporarily reduce the intensity of the beacons to maintain energy equilibrium.
- Daily activations averaged over 90 days
- Pushbutton detection
- Firmware Version number

Activation duration, Night intensity setting and adjustment for ambient daytime brightness shall be automatically broadcast to all RRFBs in the system when changed in one RRFB.

87-1.04 PAYMENT

The contract unit price per each for the “Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) System” contract item shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals, and for doing all work necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and in these provisions, including, but not be limited to, excavation, backfill, RRFB light bars, crosswalk illuminators, electrical system, connection to an existing electrical system, control cabinet, push button activator, pole, foundation, MUTCD signage, and all incidentals, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Add to section 87-1.03B(2)

Reset of Traffic Loop Detectors must conform to the Standard Specifications and State Specifications.

Traffic signal loop detectors must be installed as shown on the Project Plans and as detailed on Std. Drawings 711 & 712.

At locations shown on the Project Plans, the Contractor must replace the loop detectors with new loop detectors conforming to Section VI “Traffic Signals” of the Standard Specifications. At advanced detector locations, loop detectors that are more than 100 feet from the associated stop bar at the signalized intersection, the Contractor must replace the loop detector with a new Type A loop detector (one per lane). If there is no existing detector handhole in the vicinity of the new loop detector, a new detector handhole and conduit connecting to the associated pull box must be supplied and installed per Std. Drawing 712. At presence detection locations, loop detectors that are less than 100 feet from the associated stop bar at the signalized intersection, the Contractor must replace the loop detector with one or more Type A loop detectors as needed so that there are four working loop detectors per lane, spaced as shown on Std. Drawing 712. If there is no existing detector handhole in the same lane as the new loop detector(s), a new detector handhole and conduit connecting to the associated pull box must be supplied and installed. Unless otherwise indicated on the Project Plans, all costs associated with the replacement of damaged loop detectors, including the supply and installation of detector handholes and connecting conduits, will be borne by the Contractor.

Each inductive detector loop conductor must be continuous, un-spliced, Type RHW-USE neoprene-jacketed or Type USE crosslinked polyethylene insulated No. 12 stranded copper wire. Conductor insulation thickness must be a minimum of 40 mils.

Loop detector lead-in cable must consist of 4 No. 18 AWG stranded copper conductors insulated with 9 mils minimum of polypropylene, color coded, parallel laid, twisted together with 4 to 6 turns per foot. An amorphous interior moisture penetration barrier must be provided to prevent hosing, siphoning, or capillary absorption of water along cable interstices. Aluminum-polyester shielding must be applied around the conductors. The outer jacket must be 32 mils minimum thickness, high density polyethylene conforming to

ASTM D1248, 65T for Dielectric Material, Type I, Class C, Grade 5, J3. The diameter of the lead-in cable must be approximately 1/4 inch.

Installation and testing must conform to the details and notes shown in the Std. Drawings and these Specifications.

Unless otherwise indicated in the Contract, loop detectors must be installed after the construction of all lower lifts of paving and after construction of pavement leveling courses but prior to the placement of the final lift of asphalt concrete for the affected portion of the roadway. Inductive loop detectors must be installed as shown on Std. Drawing 711, 712 and as specified in these Specifications. The Contractor must place all loop detectors in left turn lanes that adjoin a through traffic lane so that the loop detectors are 3.5 feet from the channelizing stripe that separates the left turn lane from the through traffic lane. Detector handholes must be centered in the associated vehicle lane and must be located approximately 4 feet clear of the nearest traffic signal loop detector. Loop detectors that are installed in the vehicle lane closes to the edge of pavement, either with or without curbs and gutters, must be constructed such that the wires connecting the loops to the associated detector handhole run on the side of the loops further from the edge of pavement.

Unless otherwise shown or specified in the Contract or directed by the City Engineer in the field, each new detector loop must be 5 feet by 5 feet and must be centered in the traveled lane. All detector loops must be field marked by the Contractor and their location approved by the Agency prior to pavement cutting. For installations that will serve lanes that are not parallel or concentric to lane markings existing at the time of loop installation, the Contractor must accurately mark the future lane lines prior to pavement cutting.

Sawcut slots must be cut into the pavement to the depth and width shown on the Std. Drawings. Slots cut in the pavement must be blown out with compressed air, then dried and inspected for any sharp objects or corners, which must be removed prior to installation of loop conductors. All conductors and conductor loops installed in the traveled way must be installed so that the top of the conductor is a minimum of 5/8 inch below the surface grade of the street.

Unless specified otherwise, each loop must consist of the 3 turns of conductors for each detector loop. All detector loops located two hundred 250 feet or farther from the stop line must consist of 4 turns of conductors for each detector loop.

The loop conductors must be installed in the slots using a 5/16 to 1/4-inch wooden paddle. As it is installed, the wire must be kept under slight tension and must be kept in the slots with suitable cardboard wedges. The cardboard wedges must not be removed until the loop sealant operation requires removal.

Loop conductors must be installed without splices and must terminate in the nearest pull box. Detector loops must be joined, in series, in the nearest pull box. See the Std. Drawings for typical loop connection details.

Each detector loop must be identified and tagged by loop number, start (S), and finish (F). Loop lead-ins must be individually identified as shown on the Plans. Identification must be by means of bands placed on the lead-in cable.

Each detector loop circuit must be tested for continuity, circuit resistance, and insulation resistance at the controller location. The loop circuit resistance must not exceed 0.50 ohms plus 0.35 ohms per 100 feet of lead-in cable. The insulation resistance must be performed between each circuit conductor and ground. The megged insulation resistance must not be less than 200 megohms. The Contractor must replace any detector loop that fails this test at the Contractor's expense. All test results and corrections of failures must be documented. Test documentation must be provided to the Agency to become a permanent record for future reference. All testing must be completed to the satisfaction of the Agency prior to traffic signal turn-on.

All loop conductors must be spliced to a lead-in cable, which must be run from the pull box adjacent to the loop detector to a sensor unit mounted in the controller cabinet. All splices between loops and the lead-in cable must be soldered.

If the conduit is not dry, the ends of all lead-in cable must be taped and waterproofed prior to installation. If splicing is not done immediately after installation, the ends of both the loop conductors and lead-in cable must

be taped and waterproofed with an electrical insulating coating. The insulating coating must be fast drying, resistant to oils, acids, alkalis and corrosive atmospheric conditions and must be compatible with the insulations used in the conductors and cables.

Sealant for inductive loop detectors must be supplied and installed by the Contractor in accordance with the State Specifications, and these Specifications.

Sealant for loop detectors must be as specified for Elastomeric Sealant. Epoxy sealant will not be permitted. The Agency might allow the use of Asphaltic Emulsion Sealant in areas scheduled for asphalt concrete overlay.

Detector handholes must be type "B." Detector handholes must be installed at the locations shown on the Plans, in the center of the lanes and in conformance with the Std. Drawings. The cement used to join the ABS sweep "Y" to the PVC conduit must be capable of providing a solvent type weld between the two materials.

All splicing must be made in a dry environment. The splice between the lead-in cable and the loop conductors in the adjacent pull box must be a soldered waterproof type. This must be accomplished by stripping and cleaning ends of wires, twisting ends together, dipping twisted ends in flux, then soldering. Open flame soldering will not be permitted. Wire insulation must not be damaged while soldering. The soldered splice must be protected with an electrical spring connector of 3-part construction.

The 3-part construction spring connector must consist of a zinc-coated, free-expanding steel spring enclosed in a steel shell with a jacket of polyvinyl chloride. The outer jacket must have a flared skirt, be flexible, and be able to withstand 105 degrees C temperature continuously. Each splice must have the spring connector sized in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the number of conductors and gauges being spliced. Wire strip lengths must also be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

After the spring connector has been applied to the splice, the Contractor must apply tape sealant to the splice. The tape sealant must be applied over the entire area of the splice and overlap the spring connector and detector lead-in cable at least 1-1/2 inches. The tape sealant must be Thomas and Betts Catalog No. HSTS25 or approved equal.

The Contractor must then apply heat-shrink tubing over the splice. Heat shrink tubing must be medium or heavy wall thickness irradiated polyolefin tubing containing an adhesive mastic inner wall. Minimum wall thickness prior to contraction must be 0.04 inch. When heated, the inner wall must melt and fill all crevices and interstices of the object being covered while the outer wall shrinks to form a waterproof insulation. Each end of the heat-shrink tube or the open end of the end cap of heat-shrink tubing must, after contraction, overlap the conductor insulation at least 1-1/2. Heat shrink tubing must conform to the requirements of UL Standard 468D and ANSI C119.1, for extended insulated tubing at 600 volts. The Contractor must use the appropriate size heat-shrink tubing from the following Thomas and Betts Catalog Numbers HS61, HS6-1L, HS4-30, HS40-400 or equal product if approved by the Agency.

All heat shrink tubing must meet the following requirements:

Shrinkage Ratio:	33 percent, maximum, of supplied diameter when heated to 125°C and allowed to cool to 25°C
Dielectric Strength:	350 kilovolts per inch, minimum
Resistivity:	10 ¹⁴ ohms - centimeter, minimum
Tensile Strength:	2,000 lbs. per square inch, minimum
Operating Temperature:	-40°C to 90°C (135°C Emergency)
Water Absorption:	0.5 percent, maximum

When 3 or more conductors are to be enclosed within a single splice using heat-shrink tubing, mastic must be placed around each conductor, prior to being placed inside the heat-shrink tubing. The mastic must be the type recommended by the manufacturer of the heat-shrink tubing.

Heat-shrink tubing must not be heated with an open flame. A heating device designed for the purpose is required. Immediately after heating the splice and while the internally applied sealant is still liquid, the open end of the splice must be clamped together until the sealant dries.

If any detector lead-in splice fails within 1 year due to poor workmanship, the Contractor must replace all detector lead-in splices made by the Contractor within the intersection.

Where shown on the Plans, detector loops must be sawcut into detector handholes. Detector handholes must be installed in accordance with these Specifications and as shown on the Std. Drawings unless otherwise specified or directed by the Agency. Splicing in the detector handholes is not permitted.

Conduit from the detector handhole to the adjacent pull box must be sized as shown below:

Conduit Size	Loop Conductors
1-1/2" minimum	1-4 pairs
2" minimum	5 or more pairs

Reset Traffic Loops shall be paid for on a per EACH basis and shall include all work necessary within the area identified as "Reset Traffic Loop" on the Project Plans. The contract unit price paid for shall include, but is not limited to, full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, incidentals, and for doing all work involved in the production, delivery, excavation, disposal, testing, and placement of loop detector as shown on the Project Plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications, these Special Provisions, and as directed by the City Engineer and no additional compensation will be made therefore.

DIVISION XI MATERIALS

90 CONCRETE

Add to section 90-1.01A:

All concrete shall be air-entrained as this project is located within a freeze-thaw area.

Replace “Reserved” in section 90-1.01C(1) with:

For each load of concrete delivered to the job site, the contractor shall submit quality control records from the concrete supplier identifying air content per California Test 504 or comparable ASTM test method. The concrete supplier shall have an authorized representative on-site during concrete pours to check and/or dose the concrete to ensure air content meets project specifications.

Replace the 4th sentence in the 1st paragraph of section 90-4.01C(3) with:

Allow 15 days for review.